

ATHABASCA OIL CORPORATION

AER HANGINGSTONE PROJECT UPDATEJanuary 2019



PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND STATUS

SUBSURFACE

- o Geoscience
- Well Design and Instrumentation
- 4-D Seismic and Monitoring
- Scheme Performance
- Future Plans

SURFACE

- Facilities
- Measurement and Reporting
- Water Production, Injection and Uses
- Sulphur Production
- o Compliance
- o Future Plans

DEVELOPMENT OVERVIEW

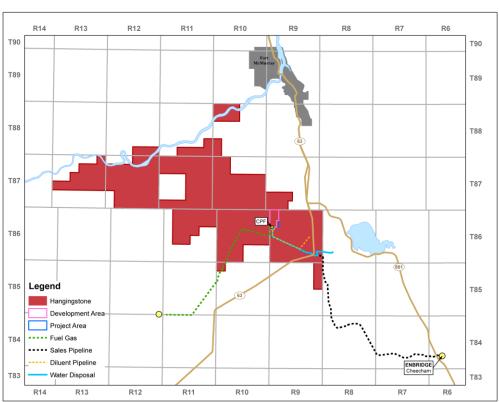
PROJECT DETAILS

- Located 20 km south of Fort McMurray, AB
- 5 production pads
- 25 horizontal well pairs (5 well pairs per pad)
- Central Processing Facility (CPF)
- Offsite services and utilities

INFRASTRUCTURE

- Fuel gas from TransCanada Pipeline (TCPL)
- Dilbit export to Enbridge Cheecham Terminal
- Diluent from Inter Pipeline (IPL)

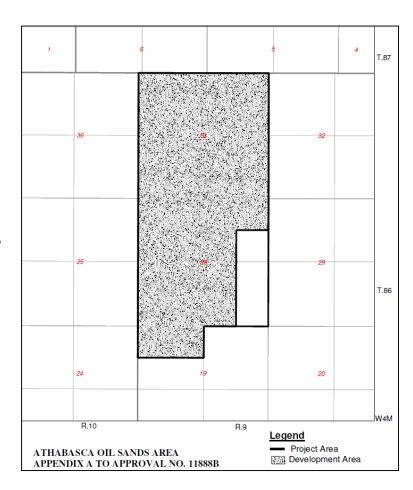




STATUS AND SCHEME MAP

HANGINGSTONE PROJECT

- First steam (downhole) achieved March 2015
 - First oil produced July 2015
- 24 well pairs in SAGD mode and 1 standing well pair
 - AA05 converted to SAGD in June 2018
 - Last well pair (AA03) to be brought on-stream when steam is available
- Expansion application submitted in 2013
 - Environmental Impact Assessment report deemed complete by the AER pursuant to Section 53 of EPEA
 - Expands Project Area and Development Area
 - Application includes 3 phases (+70,000 bbl/d)





SUBSURFACE

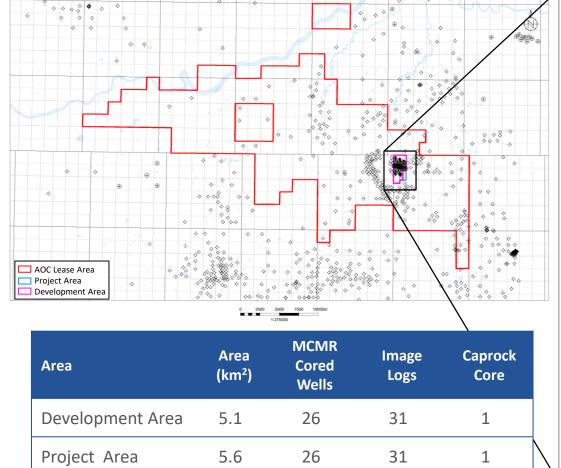
GEOSCIENCES

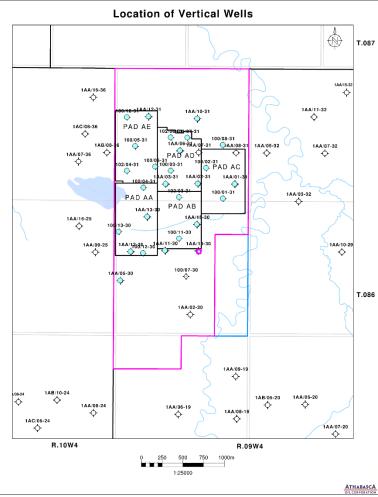


SURFACE DATA OVERVIEW

IN THE REPORTING PERIOD THERE WERE NO NEW GEOSCIENCE ANALYSES OBTAINED

o i.e. cores, petrographic, geomechanical or fracture pressure or caprock integrity tests



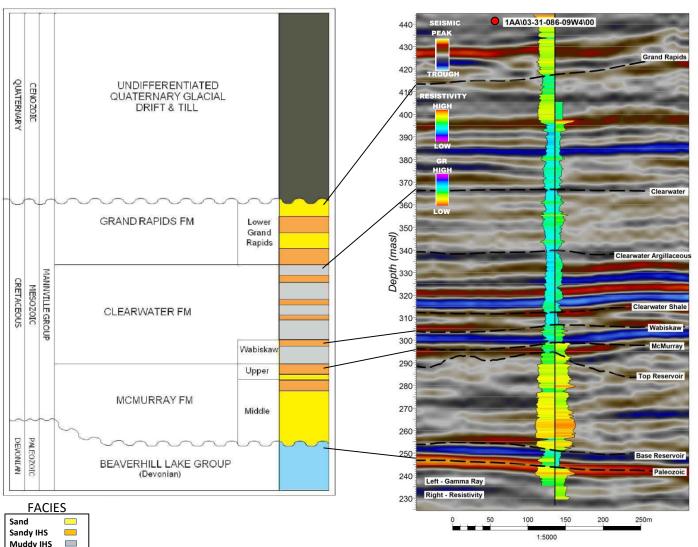


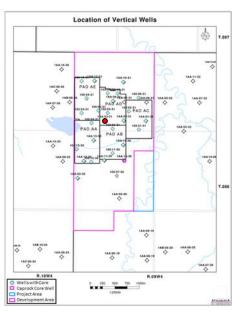
STRATIGRAPHY AND REFERENCE WELL

MIDDLE MCMURRAY TARGET RESERVOIR

Mudstone

Limestone

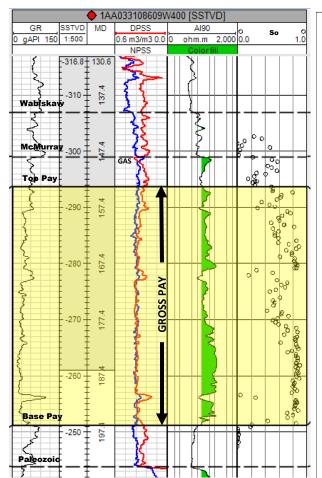


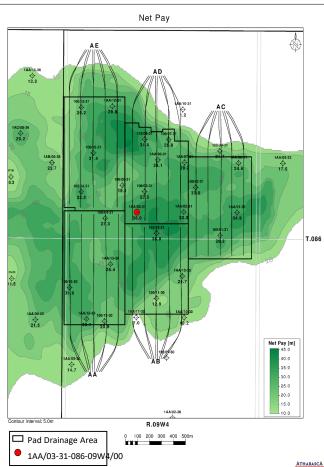


GROSS AND NET PAY

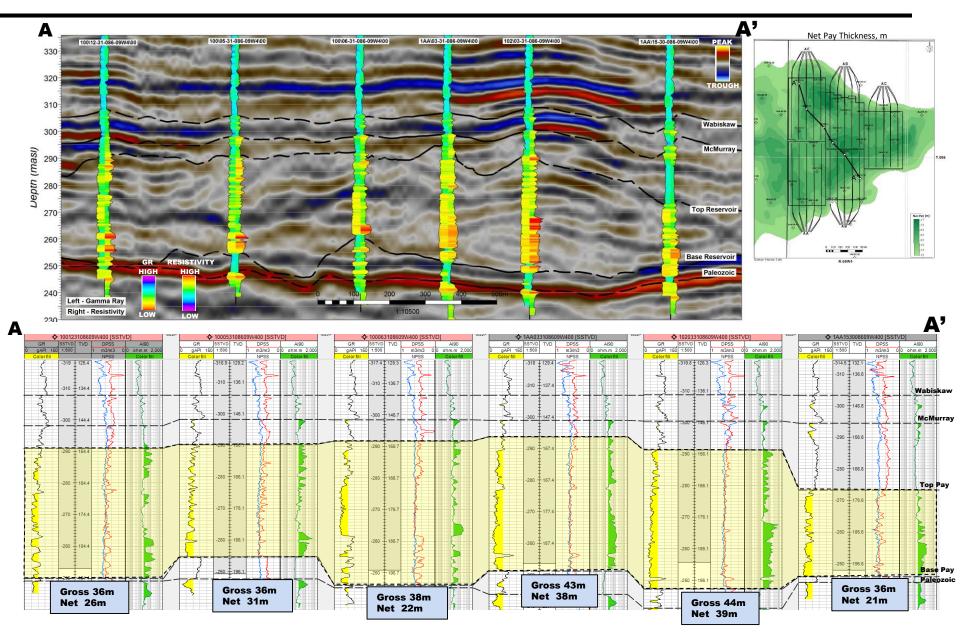
MIDDLE MCMURRAY GROSS PAY DEFINITION

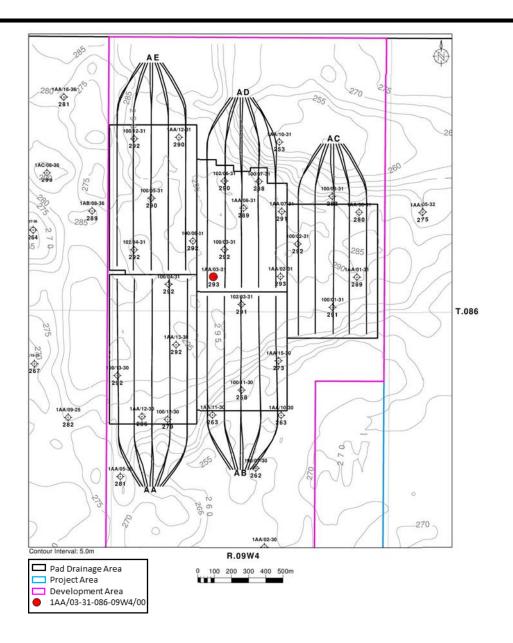
- o Thickness >= 10 m
- o GR < 70 API
- Density > 27%
- Resistivity >18 ohm-m
- Water Saturation < 50%
- o Includes < 1 m thick mud
- Net pay thickness uses gross pay criteria but excludes mud





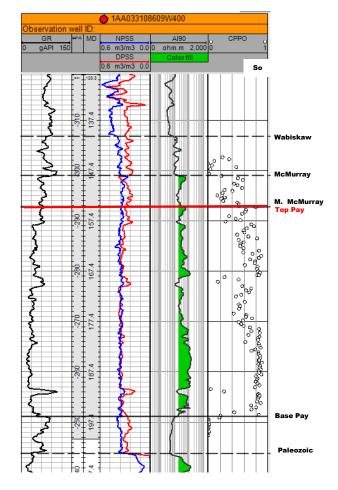
STRUCTURAL CROSS SECTION NW-SE ACROSS HS1 AREA



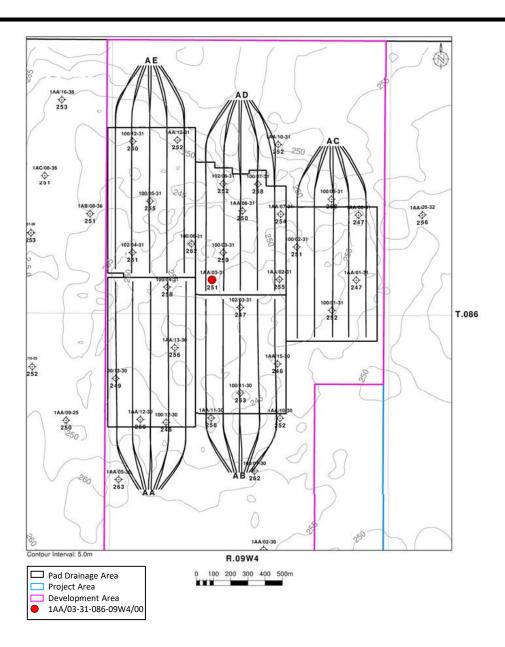


ELEVATION RANGE

o 262 -301 masl

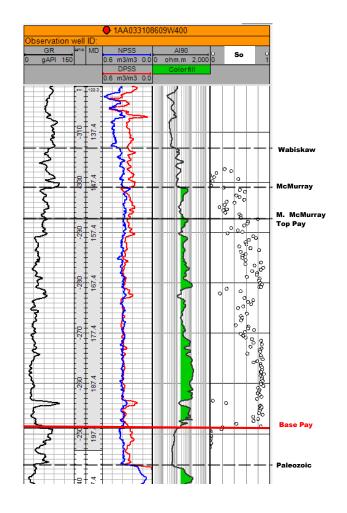


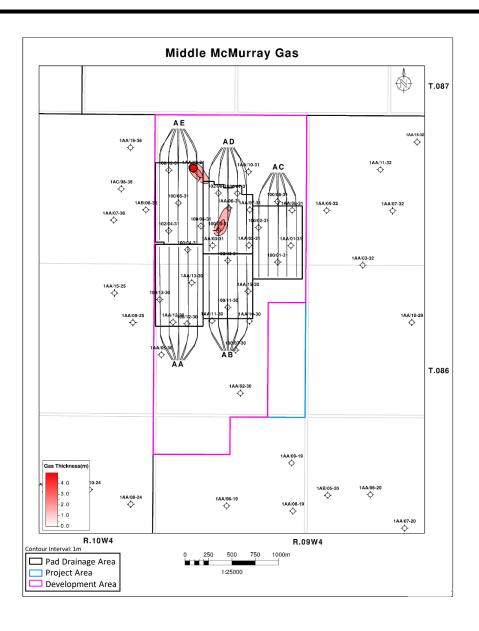
STRUCTURE MAP OF BASE OF BITUMEN PAY



ELEVATION RANGE

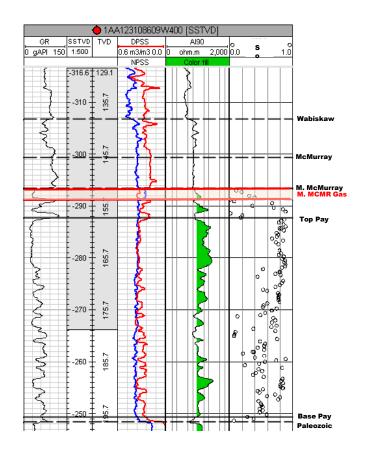
o 241 to 262 masl





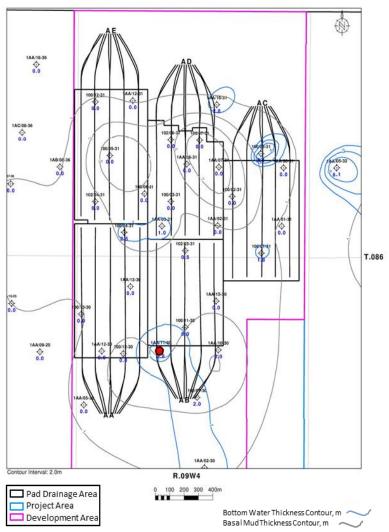
MIDDLE MCMURRAY GAS

 Minimal thickness and limited distribution within the development area



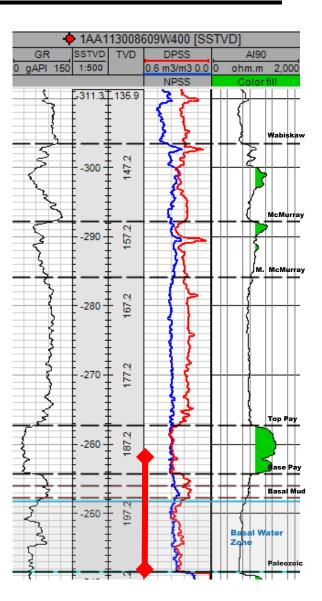
ISOPACH MAP OF MIDDLE MCMURRAY BOTTOM WATER

Bottom Water Net Thickness and Basal Mud Thickness





Interbedded mud and water saturated sand

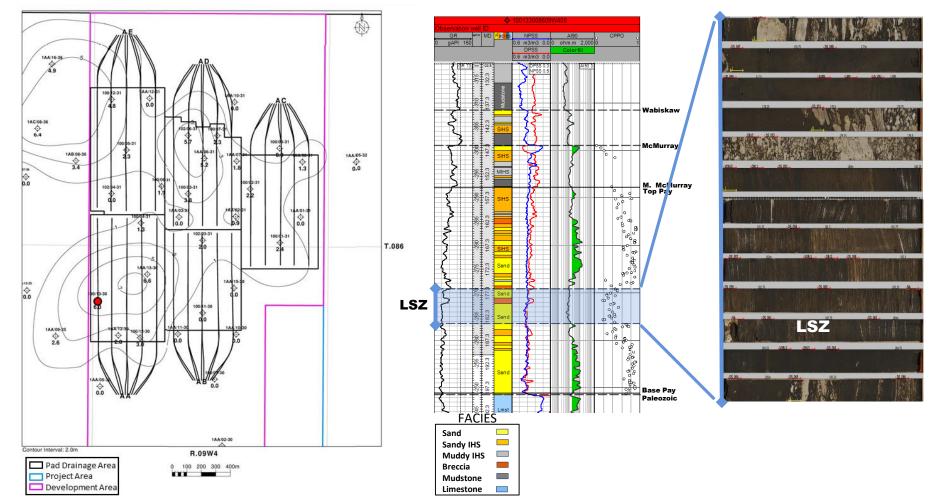


ISOPACH MAP OF MIDDLE MCMURRAY LOW BITUMEN SATURATION

LOW BITUMEN SATURATION ZONE (LSZ)

- o GR<60 API, density porosity >0.27 and resistivity 10-18 ohm-m and core water saturation >50%
- o Core So= 0.36 and porosity = 0.37, thus the LSZ will still contribute to the overall bitumen production

Low Saturation Zone Net Thickness



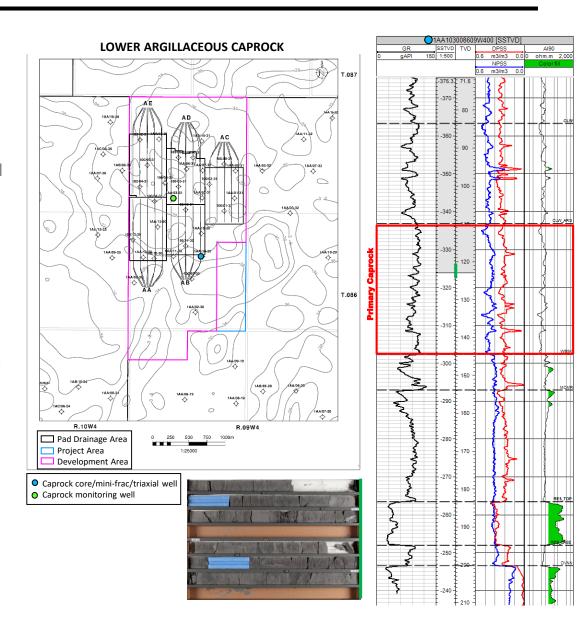
CAPROCK DESCRIPTION

2018

- No pressure or temperature change has been observed in the caprock during the reporting period
- No new caprock core, mini-frac or tri-axial testing completed during the reporting period

HISTORICAL

- Caprock is defined as the unit between the top of the Clearwater and Wabiskaw
- One observation well has one piezometer and two thermocouples in the caprock



RESERVOIR PROPERTIES AND OBIP ABOVE PRODUCER

RESERVOIR PROPERTIES

Typical Producer Depth: 191 TVD (258 masl)

o Initial Reservoir Pressure @ 190m TVD: 600 kPaa

Initial Reservoir Temperature: 8°C

Horizontal Permeability: 3,500-4,300 mD

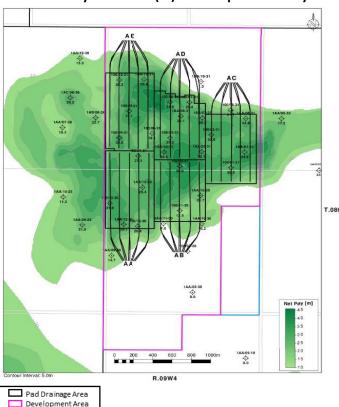
Vertical Permeability: 2,800-3,600 mD

Bitumen Viscosity @ initial reservoir temperature: >1mln cP

Gross OBIP = Thickness from Top to Base Pay x Area x Porosity x So

	Avg Por (frac)	Avg So (frac)	OBIP (mln m³)
Drainage Areas	0.36	0.72	15.6
Development Area	0.36	0.72	18.6
Project Area	0.36	0.72	18.6

Net Pay Thickness (m) from Top to Base Pay



Project Area



SUBSURFACE

WELL DESIGN AND INSTRUMENTATION



SAGD DRILLING SUMMARY

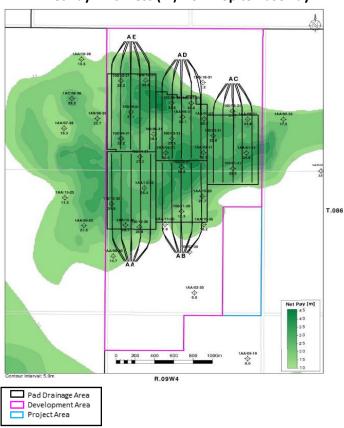
2018

No new wells were drilled during this reporting period

HISTORICAL

5 well pads with 25 well pairs

Net Pay Thickness (m) from Top to Base Pay



TYPICAL COMPLETION & ARTIFICIAL LIFT

- o All wells initially completed with all-metal PCP
- o Wells and facilities built with flexibility to convert from PCPs to ESPs
- o Converted from PCPs to ESPs as rates improved and the wells matured
- Typical pump operating conditions:

SAGD PRODUCER

- Average bottomhole pressure = 1,800 kPag
- Average bottomhole temperature = 180 °C

SAGD INJECTOR

Artificial Lift Performance	РСР	ESP
Typical Minimum Rate (m³/d)	100	125
Typical Maximum Rate (m³/d)	600	825

Well	Туре			
AA1	ESP			
AA2	ESP			
AA3	PCP*			
AA4	ESP			
AA5	PCP			
AB1	ESP			
AB2	ESP			
AB3	ESP			
AB4	ESP			
AB5	ESP			
AC1	ESP			
AC2	PCP			
AC3	ESP			
AC4	ESP			
AC5	ESP			
AD1	ESP			
AD2	ESP			
AD3	ESP			
AD4	PCP			
AD5	ESP			
AE1	ESP			
AE2	ESP			
AE3	ESP			
AE4	ESP			
AE5	ESP			
Production assurance well				

WELL WELL WELL WELL WELL WELL WELL	
406.4mm Surface Casing J55, ER Range 3, 96.73 kg/m	
THERMAL CEMENT THERMAL CEMENT 406.4mm Surface Casing J55, ER Range 3, 96.73 kg/m 298.5mm Intermediate Casing	
TN55TH, BLUE, Range 3, 80.36 kg/m (Thermally Engineered) THERMAL CEMENT Heel Injection String 114.3mm Hydrill J55	
298.5mm Intermediate Casing TN55TH, BLUE, Range 3, 80.36 kg/m (Thermally Engineered) The Injection String 88.9mm Hydrill J55 Thermal Debris Seal Barrier 114.3mm or 88.9mm 114.3mm or 88.9mm	
Instrumentation Tubing 73mm Hydrill J55 Open Hole, 270mm	
Pressure / Temperature Measurement Attached External to Tubing Pump Thermal Debris Instrumentation String	
Seal Barrier	*Pro

INSTRUMENTATION & FLOW CONTROL

TEMPERATURE

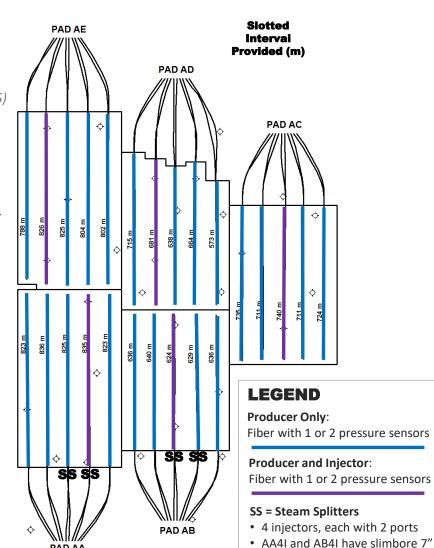
- Two types of fiber for temperature measurements
 - Fiber Bragg Grating (FBG) and Distributed Temperature Sensing (DTS)
- Both systems adequate for temperature management along the wellbore

PRESSURE

- o Injector BHP is measured with blanket gas
- Producer BHP is measured using optical gauges and/or bubble tubes

FLOW CONTROL DEVICES (FCDs)

- o FCD installed in well AB04, March 2018
- Evaluation of performance is on-going



liner

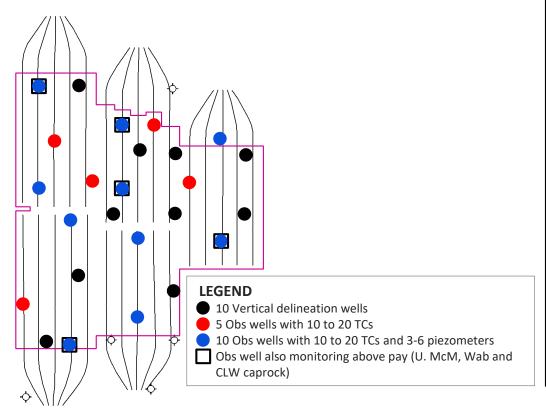
date (AB04)

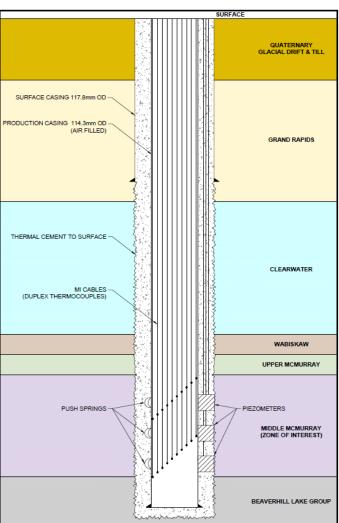
FCDs installed on one producer to

INSTRUMENTATION – OBSERVATION WELLS

OBSERVATION WELLS

- Some pressure sensors have failed (typically after steam conditions observed)
- Instrumentation used to monitor reservoir pressure and temperature growth







SUBSURFACE

4D SEISMIC AND MONITORING



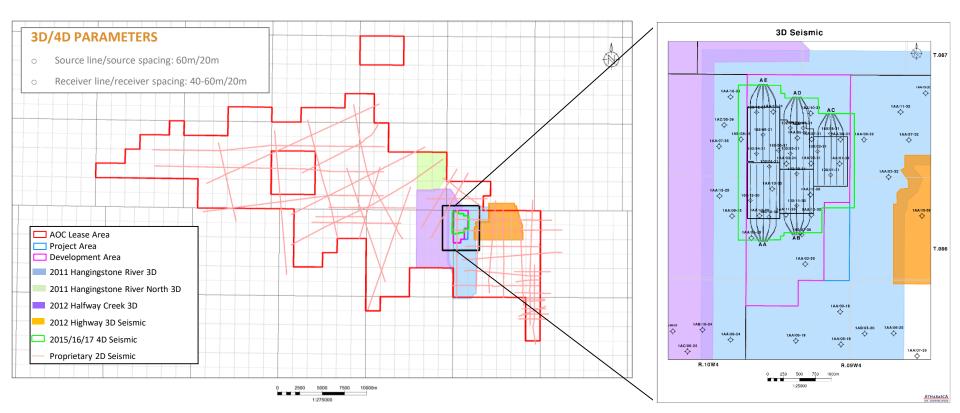
SEISMIC DATA OVERVIEW

2018

o No new data acquired in reporting period

HISTORICAL

- o 3D acquired in 2011 and 2012, merged in 2012
- o Total proprietary 2D ~ 450 km
- o Total 3D area ~98 km² (merged), covers development area
- o Total 4D area ~3.72 km²
 - Baseline acquired Q1 2014
 - First Monitor acquired Q1 2016 / Second Monitor acquired Q1 2017



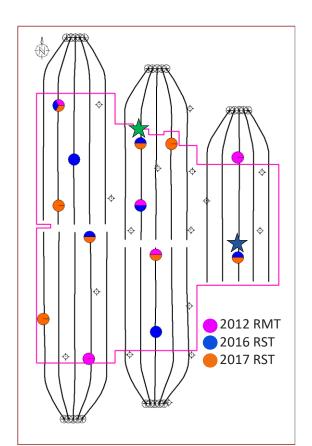
RESERVOIR SATURATION TOOL (RST)

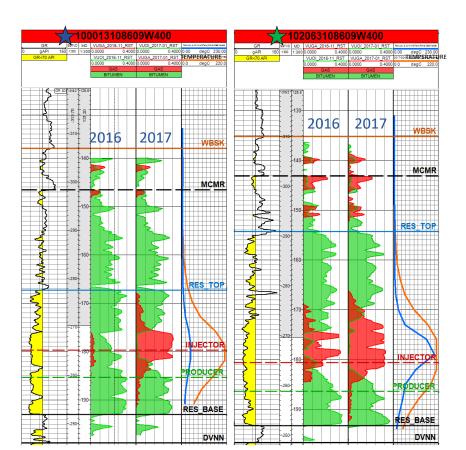
2018

No new data acquired in reporting period

HISTORICAL

- o Baseline acquired in 2012
- o 2016 acquired 7 saturation logs; 2017 acquired 8 saturation logs
- o RST results show steam chamber thickness correlates with observation well temperature profiles





SURFACE HEAVE MONITORING

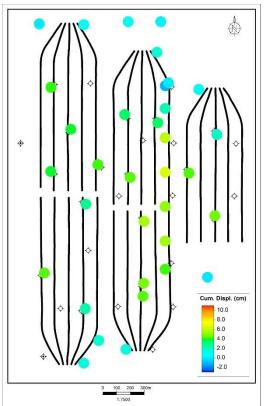
PROGRAM DESIGN

- o 31 permanent surface heave monuments (0.30 x 0.30 m plate)
- Real-time Kinematic (RTK) survey method was used, survey tolerance range is +/- 2 cm

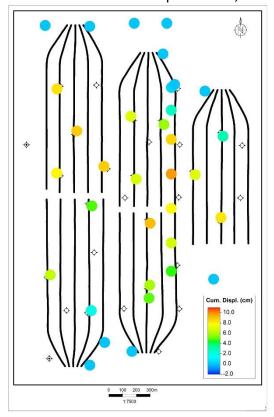
SURVEY/RESULTS

- During 2018 the maximum change observed was 7 cm over Pad AD
- o The maximum change observed between February 2015 and January 2018 was 9 cm

2017-18 Cumulative Displacement, cm



2015-18 Cumulative Displacement, cm

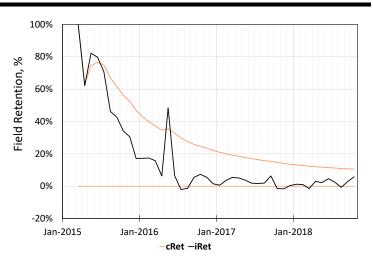


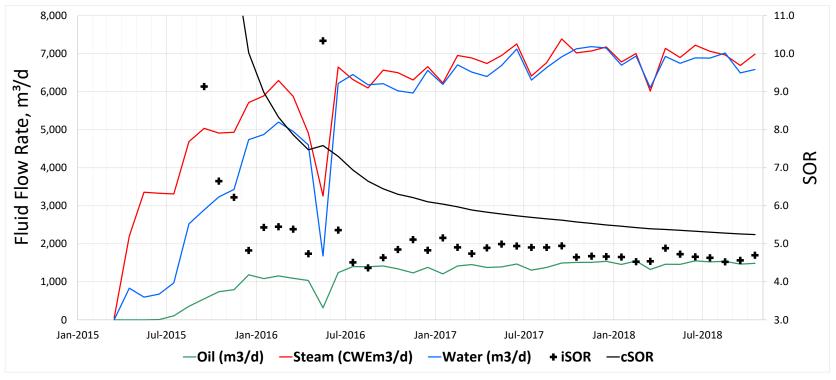


SUBSURFACE SCHEME PERFORMANCE

FIELD HISTORY

- Field continuing to ramp-up
 - Currently 24 of the 25 SAGD well pairs on production
 - Injectors have reached target operating pressure
 - SOR declining as upper portions of the reservoir begin to drain
 - FCD installed on AB04
 - AA05 brought on-stream
- Maximum monthly bitumen rate 1,551 m³/d (9,754 bbl/d) with SOR of 4.7 (Jun 2018)





Pad	Well Pairs	Average Lateral Length	Average Net Pay above Producer	Oil Saturation	Total Net Pay Porosity	OBIP	Current Recovered ¹	Current Recovery Factor	Predicted Recovery Factor
		(m)	(m)	(frac)	(frac)	(10 ⁶ m ³)	(10 ⁶ m ³)	(%)	(%)
AA	4/5	850	23.7	0.71	0.35	3.3	0.21	6.5	50-70
AB	5/5	640	22.4	0.73	0.37	2.9	0.54	18.7	50-70
AC	5/5	750	24.3	0.70	0.36	3.0	0.20	6.7	50-70
AD	5/5	670	26.2	0.71	0.35	3.2	0.26	8.2	50-70
AE	5/5	830	22.6	0.70	0.35	3.2	0.29	9.1	50-70
TOTAL	24/25					15.6	1.51	9.7	50-70

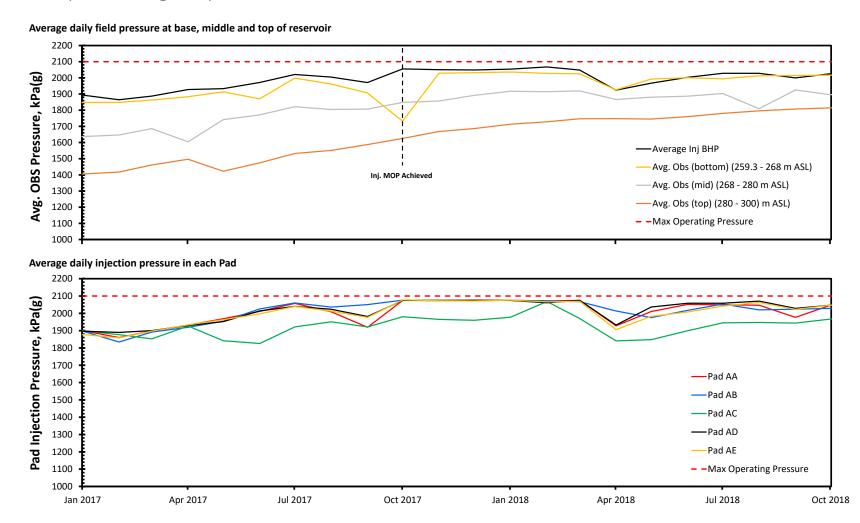
¹ Recovery Factor based on cumulative oil production in Oct 2018

Notes:

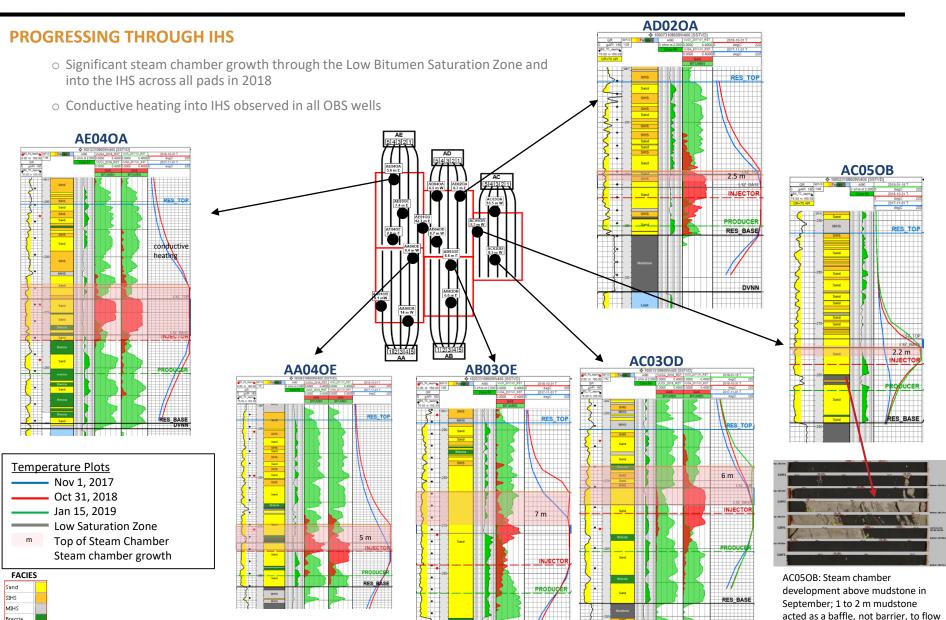
- o Well Spacing: 100 m, Spacing between pads: 130 m
- Volumetrics include 25 m at heel and toe of the well pair
- OBIP is gross oil volume between base and top of pay
- o Predicted recovery factor accounts for drainage through the low bitumen saturation zone and from the IHS

RESERVOIR PRESSURE

- Approved Maximum Operating Pressure is 2,100 kPag
- o Throughout the reporting period, the reservoir continues pressuring up
 - Pressure data shows vertical and horizontal pressure communication throughout the entire pay interval across entire field
- No pressure change in caprock

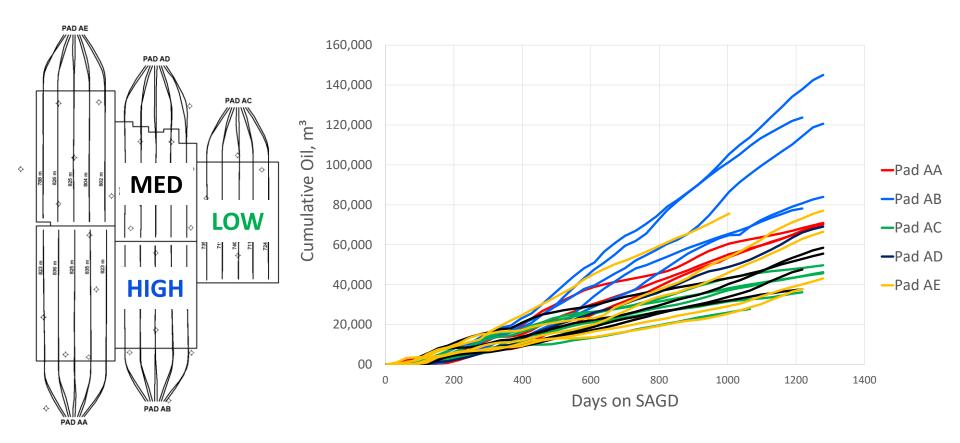


STEAM CHAMBER PROGRESSION IN OBSERVATION WELLS



PAD PERFORMANCE

- Variation of pad performance depends on geology, pad boundary, well pair trajectories, pump performance and subcool conformance
 - Pads AB, AD and AE selected as examples of high/medium/low performing pads
 - Selection based on cumulative oil recovery and cSOR
 - Differences in the productivity of the wells primarily due to geological variability



PAD PERFORMANCE – HIGH PAD AB

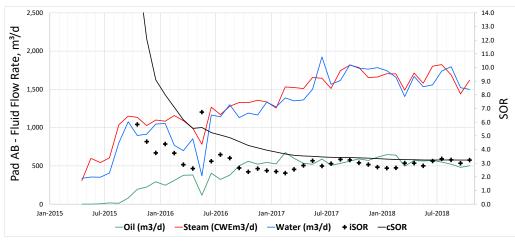
PAD AB

- Cumulative production: 543,061 m³
- Highest reservoir quality
 - Mostly sandy reservoir
 - High oil saturation around well pairs
 - Thin low bitumen saturation zone
- Highest average effective wellbore (97%)
- Peak well pair monthly rates >1,000 bbl/d

CHANGES SINCE LAST REPORTING PERIOD¹

- Oil: relatively constant at 3,523 bbl/d (+0.4%)
- Oil Cut: decreased from 27% to 25.5% (-6%)
- o cSOR: decreased from 3.4 to 3.2 (-6%)
- Significant steam chamber development
 - Well AB030E shows 7 m steam chamber rise near toe of AB03
- o Pressure increase at top of reservoir through IHS

AB03OE, 102/03-31-86-09W4 TOE (6.6m OFFSET) 7 m steam growth **FACIES** Temperature Plots RES BASE Nov 1, 2017 Breccia Mudstone Oct 31, 2018 DVNN Thermocouple Piezometer



FACIES

Breccia Mudstone

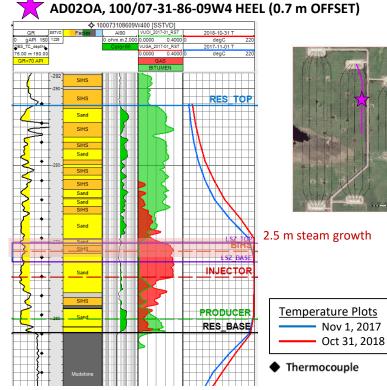
PAD PERFORMANCE - MID PAD AD

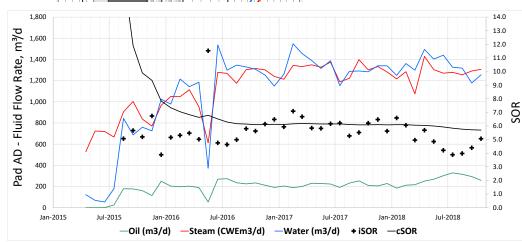
PAD AD

- o Cumulative production: 262,614 m³
- Average reservoir quality
 - Thickest net pay (26.2 m)
 - IHS with high oil saturation in upper reservoir
 - Thick low bitumen saturation zone above injection well
- Shortest wells
- Most bounded pad
- High average effective wellbore (96%)

CHANGES SINCE LAST REPORTING PERIOD¹

- Oil: increased from 1,344 to 1,607 bbl/d (+20%)
- Oil Cut: increased from 14.0% to 16.1% (+15%)
- cSOR: decreased from 6.1 to 5.7 (-7%)
- Well AD02OA shows 2.5m steam chamber development at heel of AD02
 - Temperature increase through IHS
 - Steam chamber advancing through LSZ
- Increased contribution from upper reservoir (IHS) resulting in improved rates and oil cut





PAD PERFORMANCE – LOW PAD AC

growth

PAD AC

- Cumulative production: 201,960 m³
- Heterogeneous reservoir
 - IHS dominated
 - Thin low bitumen saturation zone above injection well

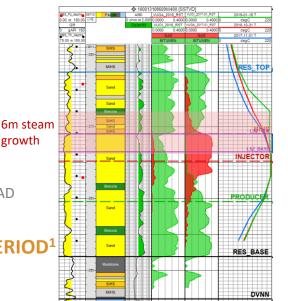
Bounded at east of pad

Sharing west boundary with pads AB and AD

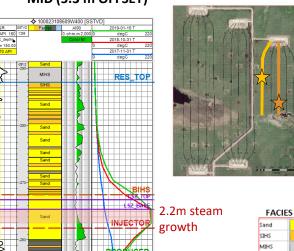
CHANGES SINCE LAST REPORTING PERIOD¹

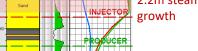
- Oil: relatively constant at 978 bbl/d (-2%)
- Oil Cut: unchanged from 14.2%
- cSOR: increased from 6.0 to 6.4 (+6%)
- OBS wells AC03OD and AC05OB show appreciable steam chamber progression over the year
 - ACO3OD passed through LSZ and is now advancing through SIHS and Breccia
 - AC050B shows drainage around a thick mudstone between the Producer and Injector, proving its limited lateral extent.

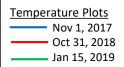
★ AC03OD, 100/01-31-86-09W4 TOE (8.3 m OFFSET)



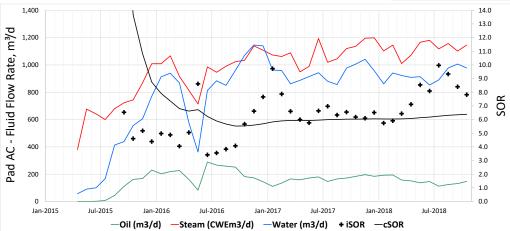
★AC05OB, 100/02-31-86-09W4 MID (5.3 m OFFSET)











STEAM

STEAM QUALITY

- Steam quality leaving the plant is approximately 98% (incl. Continuous Blow Down (CBD) at typically 6,000 kPag
- Steam quality decreases to wellheads and is not measured but is modeled to be ~95%
- These conditions align with the original design

WELL INTEGRITY

- Well integrity is addressed by using thermally engineered casing, thermal cement and completing cement bond logs in accordance with Directive 051
 - No wellbore integrity failures during the reporting period
 - No non-compliances of reporting and repairing wellbore integrity issues during the reporting period
- AOC has in place a wellhead valve maintenance program to prevent wellhead valve failures
 - No wellhead failures during the reporting period

ABANDONMENTS

O No wells have been abandoned or suspended within the project area to date

FUTURE PLANS

- No plans for the drilling of any new SAGD well pairs for next reporting period
- No abandonments planned in the next 5 years
- Production assurance well AA03 to be brought online pending steam availability
- Expect to convert remaining active PCP wells to ESPs as required
- Evaluating opportunities for Flow Control Devices (FCDs) into producer wells



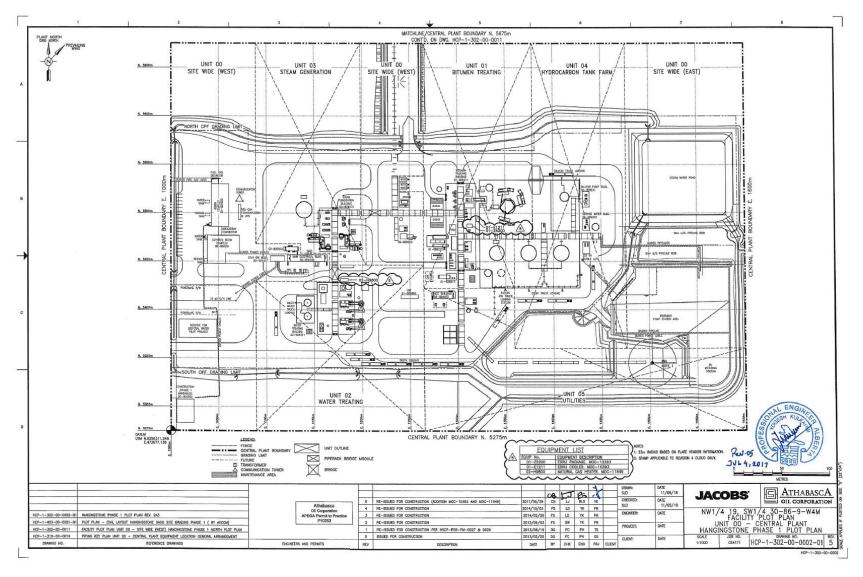
SURFACE OPERATIONS

FACILITIES

ATHABASCA OIL CORPORATION

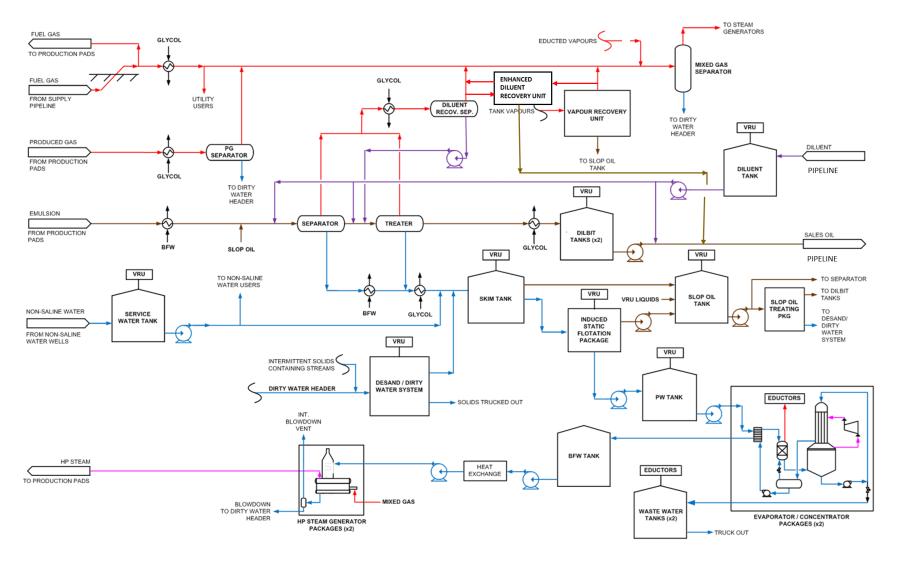
APPROVED PLOT PLAN

No major facility modifications during this reporting period



FACILITY SCHEMATIC

No modifications during this reporting period





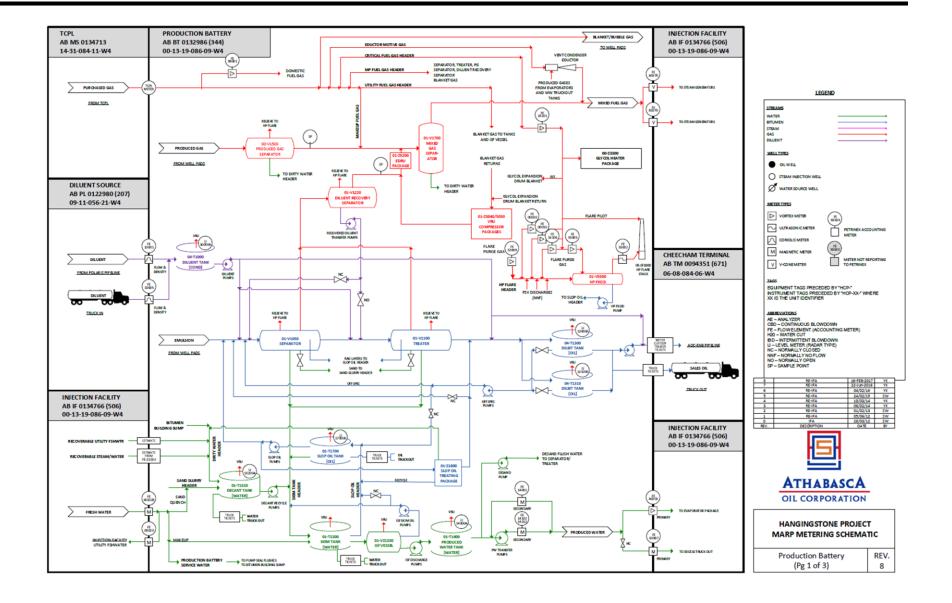




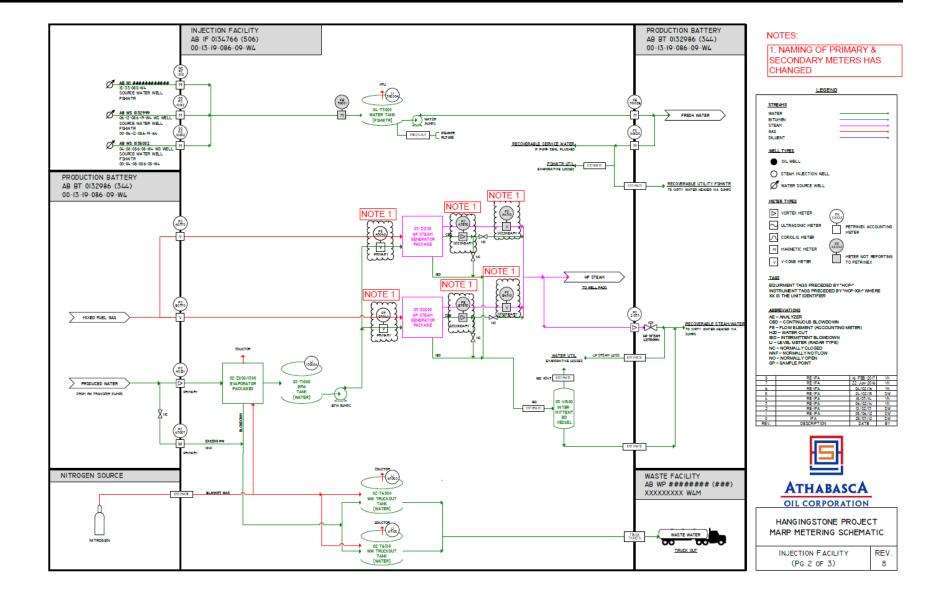
MEASUREMENT, ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING PLAN (MARP)

- MARP approved October 5, 2012
- MARP variance for steam measurement meters approved in 2017
- No changes or alterations made during the 2018 reporting period

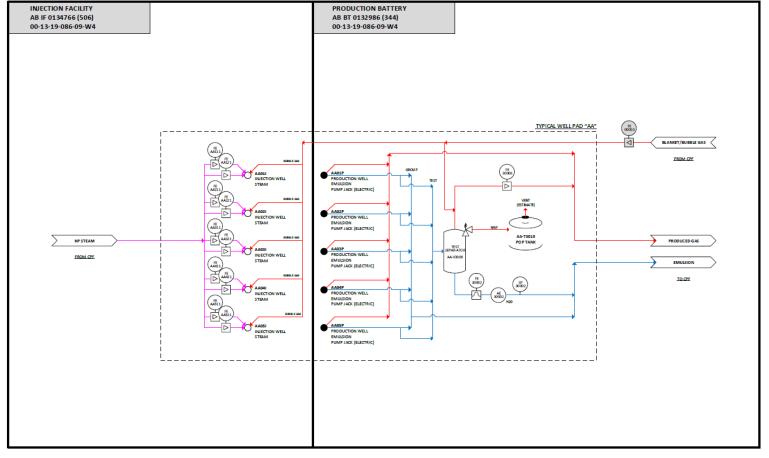
MEASUREMENT SCHEMATICS – BATTERY



MEASUREMENT SCHEMATICS - INJECTION FACILITY 44



MEASUREMENT SCHEMATICS – WELL PADS



STEA GAS	IMEN AM			
0	OIL WELL STEAM INJECTION WELL WATER SOURCE WELL			
	ULTRASONIC METER CORIOLIS METER MAGNETIC METER		ETRINEX ACCOUNTEEER ETER NOT REPO D PETRINEX	
INS	UIPMENT TAGS PRECEITRUMENT TAGS PRECEITS THE UNIT IDENTIFIER	EDED BY "HO		E
ABBRIVATIONS AE - ANALYZER CBO - CONTINUOUS BLOWDOWN FE - FLOW ELEMENT (ACCOUNTING METER) H20 - MAYER CUTT B. COMOWN BL - LEVEL METER (RADAR TYPE) NC - NORMALLY CLOSED NF - NORMALLY NO FLOW NO - NORMALLY NO FLOW NO - NORMALLY NO FLOW NO - NORMALLY PODEN SP - SAMPLE POINT				
8	RE-IFA		16-FEB-2017	YK

LEGEND

AOC	W/FII	NAMES	AND	LINIOUE	IDe

PA	D AA	PAI	AB	PAC	DAC	PA	D AD	PAI	DAE
AA01I	105/04-31-086-09W4/0	AB01I	106/03-31-086-09W4/0	AC01I	103/16-30-086-09W4/0	AD01I	109/02-31-086-09W4/0	AE01I	116/03-31-086-09W4/0
AA02I	106/04-31-086-09W4/0	AB02I	107/03-31-086-09W4/0	AC02I	100/16-30-086-09W4/0	AD02I	108/02-31-086-09W4/0	AE02I	114/04-31-086-09W4/0
AA03I	107/04-31-086-09W4/0	AB03I	108/03-31-086-09W4/0	AC03I	102/16-30-086-09W4/0	AD03I	118/03-31-086-09W4/0	AE03I	113/04-31-086-09W4/0
AA04I	108/04-31-086-09W4/0	AB04I	103/02-31-086-09W4/0	AC04I	102/15-30-086-09W4/0	AD04I	117/03-31-086-09W4/0	AE04I	112/04-31-086-09W4/0
AA05I	103/03-31-086-09W4/0	AB05I	104/02-31-086-09W4/0	AC05I	100/15-30-086-09W4/0	AD05I	105/03-31-086-09W4/0	AE05I	104/04-31-086-09W4/0
AA01P	103/04-31-086-09W4/0	AB01P	109/03-31-086-09W4/0	AC01P	106/16-30-086-09W4/0	AD01P	102/02-31-086-09W4/0	AE01P	104/03-31-086-09W4/0
AA02P	109/04-31-086-09W4/0	AB02P	110/03-31-086-09W4/0	AC02P	105/16-30-086-09W4/0	AD02P	107/02-31-086-09W4/0	AE02P	117/04-31-086-09W4/0
AA03P	110/04-31-086-09W4/0	AB03P	111/03-31-086-09W4/0	AC03P	104/16-30-086-09W4/0	AD03P	115/03-31-086-09W4/0	AE03P	118/04-31-086-09W4/0
AA04P	111/04-31-086-09W4/0	AB04P	105/02-31-086-09W4/0	AC04P	104/15-30-086-09W4/0	AD04P	114/03-31-086-09W4/0	AE04P	116/04-31-086-09W4/0
AA05P	112/03-31-086-09W4/0	AB05P	106/02-31-086-09W4/0	AC05P	103/15-30-086-09W4/0	AD05P	113/03-31-086-09W4/0	AE05P	115/04-31-086-09W4/0



RE-IFA

ATHABASCA

OIL CORPORATION

HAIN	SINGSTONE PROJECT
MARP	METERING SCHEMATIC

Well Pads	REV.
(Pg 3 of 3)	8

MEASUREMENT METHODOLOGY

2018

No changes or alterations made to measurement methodology in reporting period

MEASUREMENT METHODOLOGY

- WELL PRODUCTION AND INJECTION VOLUMES
 - Each well pad has a dedicated test separator with liquid flow meter and water cut analyzer to determine well bitumen and water production
 - Wells are individually put on test for one valid testing hour for every 20 hours of operation
 - Valid well test criteria per approved MARP
 - Well gas production prorated from Battery Level GOR using a proration factor of 1
 - Battery Level GOR is updated monthly
 - Steam injection is metered at each individual wellhead. Primary and secondary steam production metering available at the central steam plant

BATTERY SALES OIL

• Sales oil is shipped via pipeline from the Hangingstone Battery. Custody transfer metering is done at receiving facility

MEASUREMENT TECHNOLOGY

• Well testing uses standard method of test separators with microwave water cut analyzers

STEAM VOLUMES

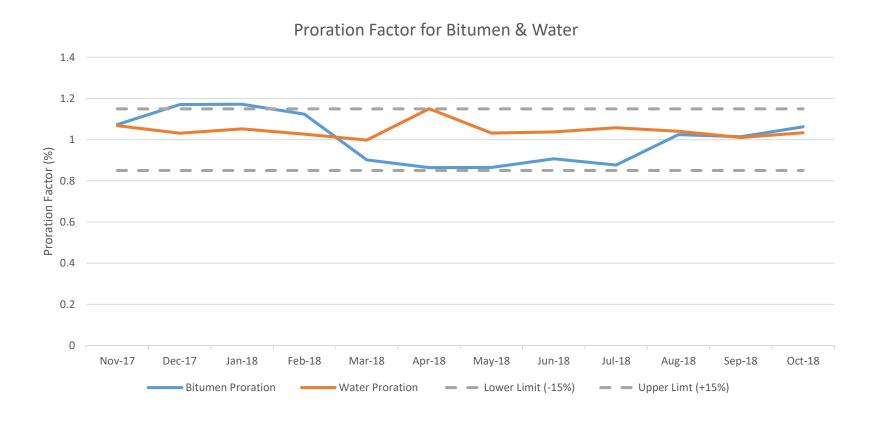
- Steam quality leaving the plant is approximately 98%
- A continuous blowdown (CBD) of approximately 2% is added to the steam of each boiler and is injected into the wells
- Intermittent blow down (IBD) flow is estimated at 0.02% of total water out of the facility using sound engineering practices

PRODUCED WATER VOLUMES

 Calculated using the measured Water Disposition to the Injection Facility plus the Water Dispositions from the Plant plus and changes in Water Inventory less any Water Receipts

MEASUREMENT AND REPORTING

PRORATION OF BITUMEN AND WATER





SURFACE OPERATIONS

FACILITY PERFORMANCE



SITE RELIABILITY > 95%

- Based on steam performance
- Integrity management program and predictive maintenance programs have been implemented to maintain higher site reliability

MAJOR ACTIVITIES

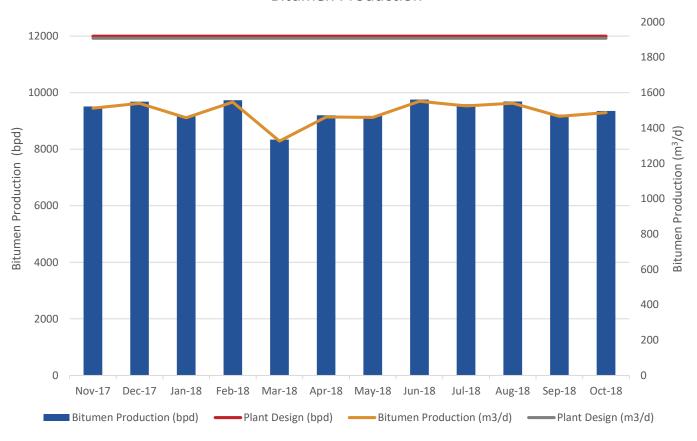
- Boiler Mechanical Cleaning
- Evaporator Mechanical Cleaning

MAJOR CHALLENGES

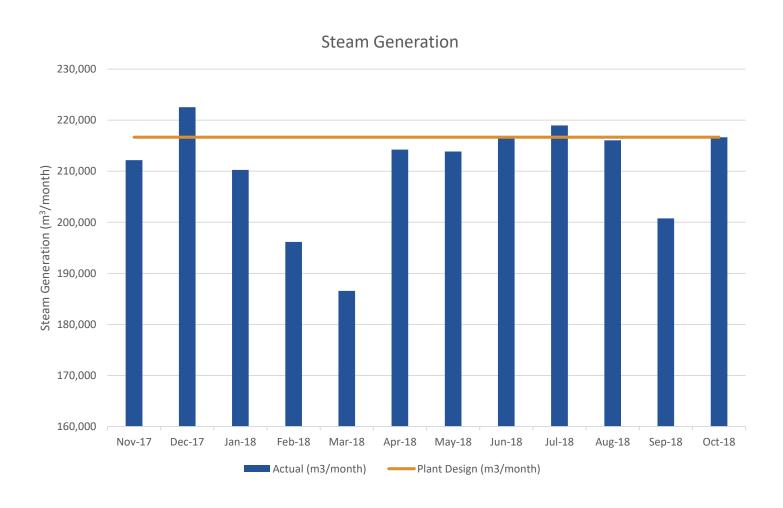
De-oiling optimization

BITUMEN PRODUCTION

Bitumen Production

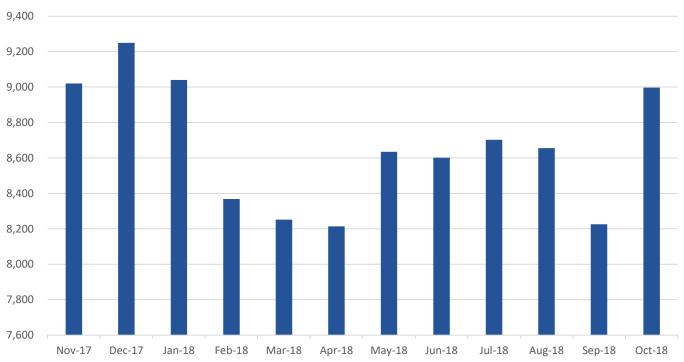


STEAM GENERATION



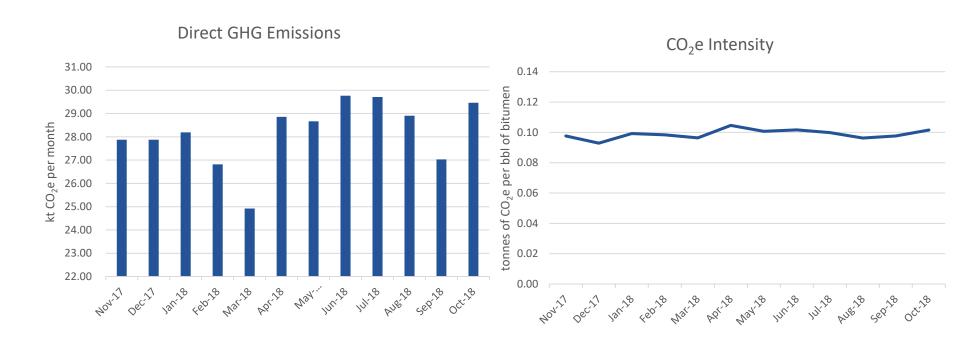
POWER USAGE YTD 103,961 MWH



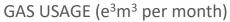


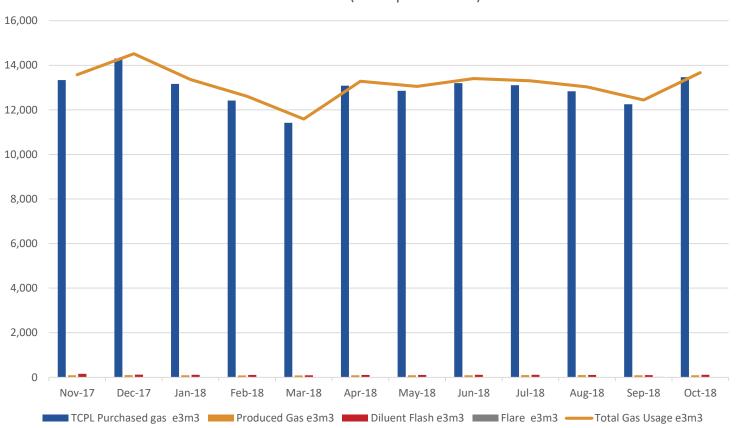
DIRECT GHG EMISSIONS FROM NOVEMBER 2017 – OCTOBER 2018 : 338 KT CO_2e

- Sources: stationary combustion, flaring, venting and fugitives
- o Calculated using 2018 CCIR

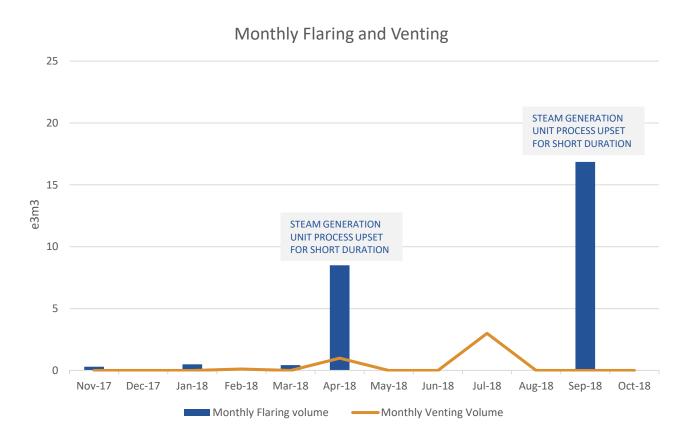


TOTAL GAS USAGE YTD 157,853 e³m³ SOLUTION GAS RECOVERY 100%

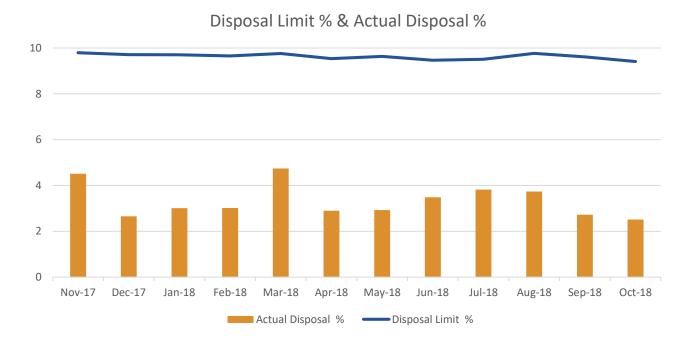




MONTHLY FLARING AND VENTING

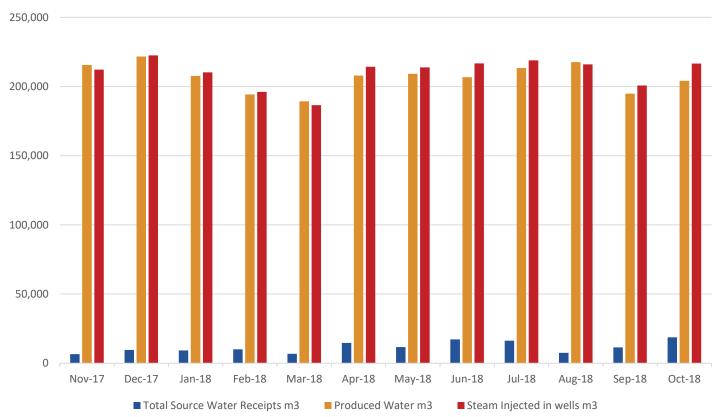


Disposal limit calculated as per Directive 081



WATER USAGE



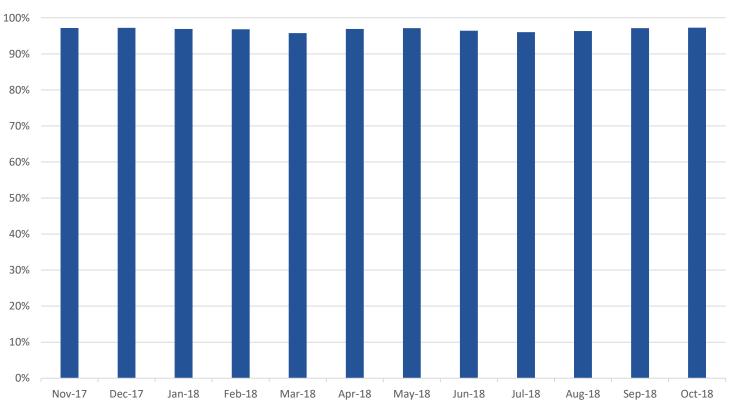


PRODUCED WATER RECYCLE (AVG. 97%)

Directive 081, Appendix H, Equation 6

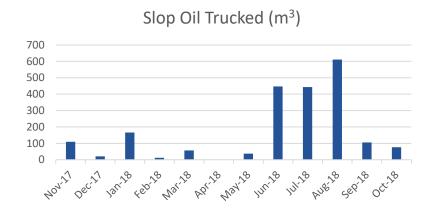
Produced Water Recycle improved by 1%

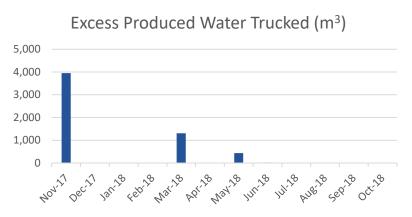


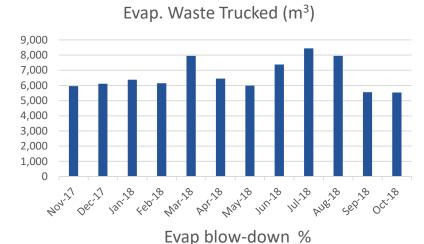


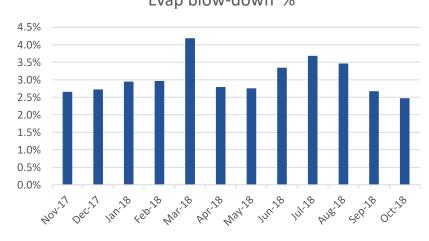
WASTE DISPOSAL

- Waste streams are slop oil, evaporator blowdown and excess produced water
- o Evap. Waste disposal volume reduced by 8,908 m³
- Slop oil disposal volume reduced by 3,737 m³





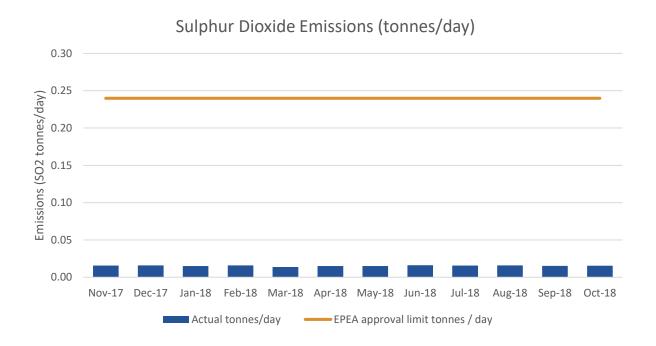




SULPHUR PRODUCTION

SULPHUR PRODUCTION

Currently there are no sulphur recovery facilities at the Hangingstone Project



SO₂ emissions are calculated based on analytical results of produced gas samples

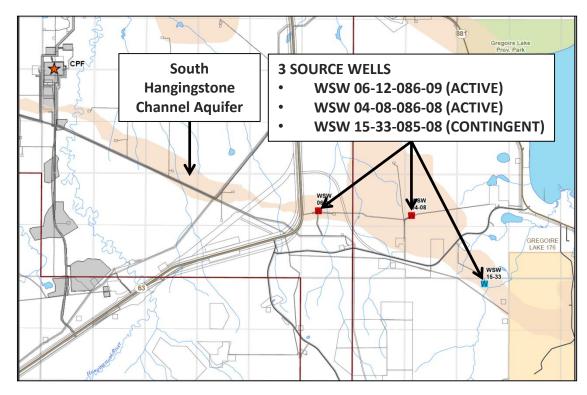


SURFACE

SOURCE WATER

NON-SALINE WATER WELLS

- Hangingstone Water Act License 00316166-01-00 annual allocation is 479,975 m³
- During Nov. 1, 2017 to Oct. 31, 2018 AOC diverted 139,671 m³
- Aquifer drawdown is stable and within the allowable as specified in the Water Conservation and Allocation Guideline for Oilfield Injection (AENV 2006)



Well ID	Location	Formation	TDS (mg/L)	Maximum Rate of Diversion (m³/d)
WSW153308508W400	15-33-085-08-W4	Quaternary	286	3,000
WSW061208609W400	06-12-086-09-W4	Quaternary	310*	3,000
WSW040808608W400	04-08-086-08-W4	Quaternary	320*	3,000

Wells are less than 150 m in depth and not licenced with the AER. Well IDs are AOC internal identifiers, not UWIs.

^{* 2018} Analysis

TYPICAL WATER ANALYSIS

Parameter	Non-Saline Make-up Water (mg/L)	Produced Water (mg/L)	Disposal Water (Evap blow-down) (mg/L)
рН	7.97	7.36	11.8
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	320	2,300	130,000
Chlorides	7.4	1,200	49,000
Hardness as CaCO ₃	220	14.5	550
Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	270	320	25,000
Silica	5	150	7,000
Total Organic Carbon	<1	180	6,000
Oil Content	<1	20	500







COMPLIANCE - REGULATORY

APPROVALS AND AMENDMENTS

 November 2017, AOC received approval for the short-term exceedance of Maximum Operating Pressure to 2,500 kPag.

COMPLIANCE – MONITORING PROGRAMS

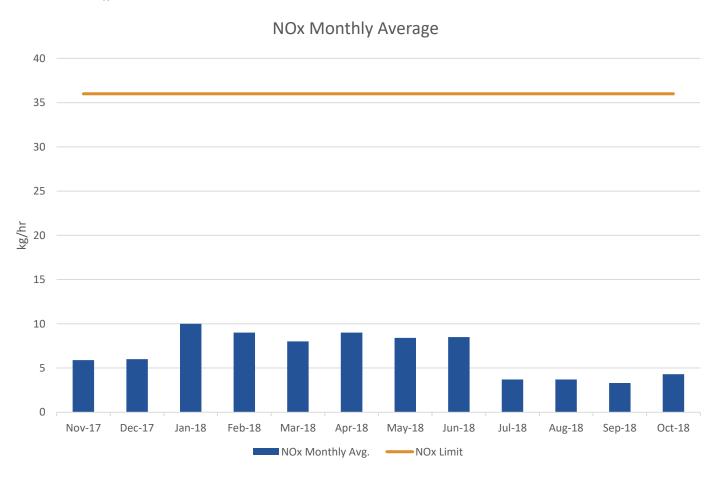
MONTHLY AND ANNUAL MONITORING PROGRAMS

- O Passive air monitoring stations— no exceedances (SO₂, NO₂, H₂S) of the Alberta Ambient Air Quality Objectives
- o A continuous air monitoring station is not an EPEA approval requirement
- Continuous NO₂ emissions monitored using a Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS) as required under the EPEA approval (Boiler A)
- o SO₂ and NO₂ emissions were summarized in monthly and annual EPEA Air Emissions Reports
- Industrial wastewater and runoff all releases monitored with no exceedances
- Groundwater water monitoring completed (2 events)
 - Completed thermal groundwater screening assessment (well pad) new requirement June 2018
- No soil management or monitoring events were required in the reporting period
- Water Act Licenses (term & surface) all conditions met and reporting completed

COMPLIANCE - MONITORING PROGRAMS

NO_x MONTHLY AVERAGE

Boiler A NO_x calculated using AER approved Method 4 during CEMS unit repair (July-Nov.)



AUDITS

- o AER Compliance Audit for Aboveground Pipeline Wildlife Crossing Directive.
 - Submitted November 30, 2017
 - No further follow-up required

INSPECTIONS

- o AER Inspection of CPF and Pad AD conducted on November 20, 2017
 - Follow-up action plan submitted January 4, 2018
 - Inspection closed out February 3, 2018

Notices of Non-Compliance and Voluntary Self Disclosures				
Event	Corrective Action			
November 26, 2017 - Voluntary Self-Disclosure: MOP Exceedance	Control systems operated as designed, the well was quickly brought into compliance. No further follow-up identified.			
January 12, 2018 - Voluntary Self-Disclosure: MOP Exceedance	Root cause investigation resulted in an update to the winter start- up procedure for steam injection. No further follow-up identified.			
April 18, 2018 – AER Notice of Non-Compliance: Measurement	AOC responded to the AER May 23, 2018. No further follow-up identified.			
August 31, 2018 – CEMS Code violation: unable to meet 90% availability requirement (July to November) (CIC# 343415)	CEMS analyzer was removed for repair and the reinstallation completed in 2018. Method 4 proposal to address interim data management and reporting was approved by the AER.			

From November 1, 2017 to October 31, 2018 there were

- 3 reportable spills and
- 4 reportable venting occurrences.

- Completed off disposition reclamation work in response to the 2016 Ft.
 McMurray wildfire (Temporary Field Authorization 17382)
- OSE reclamation assessment work is ongoing



COMPLIANCE – REGIONAL INITIATIVES

AOC IS A FUNDING MEMBER OF:

- Oil Sands Environmental Monitoring Program
- Wood Buffalo Environmental Association (WBEA) air shed monitoring
- Regional Industry Caribou Collaboration (RICC)
- Oil Sands Black Bear Partnership
- Faster Forests reclamation research industry collaboration
- Industrial Footprint Reduction Options Group (iFROG) wetland reclamation research industry collaboration

AOC PARTICIPATES IN:

- Various regional CAPP Committees
 - Oil Sands Environmental Policy and Regulatory Committee
 - NE Alberta Caribou Working Group
 - Indigenous Affairs Committee
 - Air Issues Committee



ATHABASCA OIL CORPORATION HANGINGSTONE PROJECT IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH AER APPROVALS AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

 For the period of November 1, 2017 to October 31, 2018, AOC has no unaddressed noncompliant events o No new initiatives planned

ATHABASCA OIL CORPORATION

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