## THE ALBERTA ENERGY REGULATOR PROCEEDING ID NO. 444

IN THE MATTER OF the Public Lands Act Application for a Coal Exploration Program (A10123772);

Coal Conservation Act Application for a Deep Drill Permit (1948547); and Water Act Application for a Temporary Diversion Licence (00497386) to the Alberta Energy Regulator by

Northback Holdings Corporation

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## AER PROCEEDING

VOLUME 1

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Pincher Creek, Alberta

December 3, 2024

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1	Proceedings taken at t	
2	Community Hall, Pinche	r Creek, Alberta
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4	December 3, 2024	Morning Session
5		
6	P. Meysami	The Chair
7	S.F. Mackenzie	Hearing Commissioner
8	M.A. Barker	Hearing Commissioner
9		
10	M.G. LaCasse	AER Counsel
11	S. Gibbons	AER Counsel
12		
13	T. Wheaton	AER Staff
14	E. Arruda	AER Staff
15	D. Parsons	AER Staff
16	A. Stanislavski	AER Staff
17		
18	M.K. Ignasiak, KC	For Northback
19		Holdings Corporation
20	J.D. Eadie	For Northback
21		Holdings Corporation
22		
23	D. DiPaolo, CSR(A)	Official Court
24	S. Murphy, CSR(A)	Reporters
25		
26		

1	(PROCEEDINGS COMMENCED AT 9:04 AM)
2	Opening Remarks
3	THE CHAIR: Please be seated.
4	Good morning, everyone, and welcome. Thank you
5	for taking the time to participate in this
6	hearing.
7	My name is Parand Meysami, and I will be
8	chairing this hearing. The other Panel Members
9	in this proceeding are, on my right,
10	Commissioner Meg Barker, and on my left,
11	Commissioner Shona Mackenzie.
12	My colleagues and I respectfully
13	acknowledge that we are holding this part of
14	the proceeding in the town of Pincher Creek and
15	in the traditional and ancestral territories of
16	people of Treaty 7. This territory is shared
17	traditional and ancestral home of Blackfoot
18	Confederacy, consisting of Kainai, Piikani, and
19	Siksika Nations as well as the Tsuut'ina and
20	Stoney Nakoda nations, which includes the
21	Chiniki, Bearspaw, and Goodstoney
22	First Nations. Pincher Creek is also home to
23	Métis Nation of Alberta District 1.
24	We are holding this proceeding in two
25	parts. Today and tomorrow is the first part of
26	the hearing, and we will hear from the limited

1	participants and community members in
2	Pincher Creek. The second part of the hearing
3	will start on January 14th, and we will hear
4	from full participants in Calgary, AER's Govier
5	Hall.
6	Next, I will introduce the AER staff. I'd
7	like to ask you to identify yourself, perhaps
8	wave or stand when I call your name so the
9	participants can identify you.
10	The staff assisting the Panel today are
11	Meighan LaCasse and Shauna Gibbons from AER law
12	branch. We have Elaine Arruda and Tara Wheaton
13	as our hearing coordinators. We have Denise
14	Parsons and Anastasia Stanislavski of hearing
15	services.
16	We have Mr. Graham White with AER media for
17	media questions. We have Resolve Collaboration
18	and Van Mechelen Sound, who will be supporting
19	us today and tomorrow with live stream and
20	audio.
21	The Hearing Panel and all the AER staff in
22	the hearing room are wearing nametags. If you
23	have questions, please approach the staff
24	supporting the hearing for assistance.
25	Communication with Panel, however, must be
26	on record. Therefore, please do not approach

the Panel to speak to the Panel Members unless 1 2 it is part of the proceeding. 3 We are not trying to be unfriendly, but in our role as quasi-judicial decision-makers, any 4 communication that we have with the hearing 5 6 participants must happen openly, transparently, and on the record. We appreciate everybody's 8 understanding and observance of this request. In addition to AER staff, we have court 9 10 reporters to transcribe the proceeding. We ask 11 the hearing participants to speak slowly and do 12 not interrupt or talk over each other for the 13 court reporter's benefit so we have a clean 14 transcript. Video of the hearing is being livestreamed 15 through a link on the AER website. 16 We do not 17 keep a record of videocast, and the video is not an official transcript. The court 18 reporters will produce the only official 19 20 transcript of the hearing. 21 To any viewers who are observing the 22 videocast, we advise that recording or 23 rebroadcasting of the hearing, audio or video, 24 is strictly prohibited. And the same goes with 25 people who are in the hall. 26 Those of you in this hall should be aware

1	that there is a possibility that you could
2	appear on the videocast. If you have concerns,
3	please speak to one of the hearing staff at one
4	of the breaks.
5	To make the audio webcast work well,
6	everyone must speak to the microphone when
7	speaking during the hearing.
8	Now, I will ask Ms. Arruda to please tell
9	us the safety procedure as well as the
10	particulars of this part of the proceeding and
11	publication of the notice. Thank you.
12	E. ARRUDA: Thank you,
13	Madam Chair.
14	If we need to evacuate, please use the exit
15	closest to you. There is one exit on the
16	left-hand side of the stage and two exits at
17	the front of the building. There is a fire
18	extinguisher and an AED located on the wall
19	outside of the kitchen.
20	In the event of a medical emergency, call
21	911, and then alert an AER staff member.
22	Myself, Ms. Wheaton, and Ms. Stanislavski are
23	all first aiders.
24	As a reminder, the community hall has two
25	mezzanine spaces: The mezzanine on the
26	northeast side of the building will be open for

1	limited participants to use; however,
2	participants should be aware that this is a
3	shared space, so privacy is not guaranteed.
4	The subject of today's proceeding is
5	applications under the Public Lands Act, Coal
6	Conservation Act, and the Water Act for a coal
7	exploration program A10123772 and a deep drill
8	permit 1948547 and a temporary diversion
9	licence 00497386 submitted by Northback
10	Holdings Corporation.
11	For the purposes of the hearing record, the
12	notice of hearing and the notice of scheduling
13	of hearing have been marked as Exhibit 6.01 and
14	94.0 and were distributed directly to all
15	parties, and the notice of hearing was
16	advertised in the Crowsnest Past Herald and the
17	Pincher Creek publication Shootin' the Breeze.
18	This summarizes the details of giving of
19	notice for this hearing, Madam Chair. I would
20	like to remind the participants that the
21	materials filed in the proceeding have been
22	marked as exhibits prior to the hearing. Thank
23	you.
24	THE CHAIR: Thank you,
25	Ms. Arruda.
26	We will now register the participants who
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1	are present at the hall for the first part of
2	the morning. After each break, we will
3	register the participants who are scheduled to
4	speak at that time slot. Please speak clearly
5	and not too quickly into the microphone so the
6	court reporters can hear your name. Please
7	state your name for the record and confirm the
8	party you're representing if you're
9	representing any parties.
10	Who's representing Northback Holdings?
11	J. EADIE: Good morning,
12	Madam Chair and Panel Members. My name is
13	Jayce Eadie with the law firm Bennett Jones LLP
14	representing Northback Holdings Corporation in
15	this proceeding.
16	THE CHAIR: Thank you very much.
17	Are you planning to sit any witnesses?
18	J. EADIE: (NO VERBAL RESPONSE)
19	THE CHAIR: No. Not today.
20	Okay. Thank you.
21	Now, I would like to briefly explain the
22	procedure we will use at this hearing.
23	According to Section 21 of the Alberta Energy
24	Regulators Rules of Practice, all witnesses
25	must give evidence under oath or affirmation.
26	The court reporters will provide for this at

1	different times during the day when witnesses
2	come forward to give evidence.
3	On November 19, 2024, the Panel issued a
4	schedule for the community session for
5	Proceeding 444, Exhibit 95.1, which was updated
6	on November 28th, 2024. We will follow the
7	order of presentation set in that schedule.
8	We will first ask Northback Holdings to
9	come forward and present its brief
10	introduction.
11	After Northback, I will call limited
12	participants to give to come and give their
13	presentation in the order that was listed in
14	the schedule. After each participant's
15	presentation, Northback, AER counsel, or the
16	Panel may have questions for the participants.
17	Once we have heard from all participants, we
18	will then provide an opportunity for Northback
19	to provide any replies, if they wish.
20	For today's schedule, we plan to break for
21	lunch at 2 12. We will reconvene at 1 PM.
22	We will also take breaks midmorning and
23	midafternoon. We are planning to hold an
24	evening session tonight which should start at
25	6:45 and wrap up approximately at 7:30. All of
26	this of course is subject to various

1 developments that can change the schedule. 2 Because the schedule may shift slightly and 3 change, we request that the participants be flexible with their time and be prepared to 4 speak at times slightly different than they're 5 6 listed in the schedule. In case of an unforeseen issue that may 8 arise in advance of your scheduled time, please 9 speak to one of the hearing staff to adjust 10 your time. 11 Just a reminder, we are here to listen to 12 all of your concerns. We may take notes from 13 time to time, but that doesn't mean we are not 14 listening. I would like to remind everyone 15 that this community session is part of the formal hearing. While it is not a courtroom, 16 17 similar etiquette to a courtroom is expected from everyone. I ask everyone to keep their 18 devices on silent, and if you have to take a 19 20 phone call, please leave the hall. Lastly, I request that everyone listens 21 22 with generosity, kindness, and respect to all 23 without interrupting speakers; and please wait 24 until it is your turn to speak. 25 Are there any questions about the process we are intending to follow? 26

1	Hearing none, is there any preliminary
2	matters that the parties wish to bring to our
3	attention?
4	Hearing none, now I would like to ask
5	counsel for Northback to proceed.
6	Direct Evidence of Northback Holdings
7	Corporation
8	J. EADIE: Thank you,
9	Madam Chair. As I mentioned earlier, my name
10	is Jayce Eadie that's E-A-D-I-E, first
11	initial 'J' with Bennett Jones. With me
12	from Bennett Jones is Martin Ignasiak.
13	On behalf of Northback, we thank the AER
14	for taking the time to organize and hold this
15	portion of the hearing. At the outset,
16	Northback would also like to thank the AER for
17	its earlier land acknowledgement. Northback
18	thanks the Piikani Nation for hosting us on
19	their traditional territory for the next two
20	days and also thanks all other Treaty 7 Nations
21	and Métis Nations within Alberta. Northback
22	remains committed to developing and fostering
23	relationships with all Treaty 7 First Nations.
24	Northback looks forward to hearing the
25	views of all limited participants over the next
26	two days. Northback takes these views as well

as the views of all who live and work in the 1 2 local community incredibly seriously. 3 regard, Northback has ensured that the following officials who will also be appearing 4 as witnesses for Northback in Part 2 of the 5 6 hearing commencing January 14th, 2025, are in attendance, and I'd ask them to identify themselves perhaps by standing up or waving 8 their hand when I call on them. 9 10 In the front row, we have Mike Youl, 11 executive vice president business development. 12 In the second row, we have Angela Beattie, vice 13 president development regulatory approvals; 14 Tyler Riewe, senior manager safety health and 15 environment; Kyle Trumpour, manager Indigenous partnerships. Also in attendance from 16 17 Northback is Mike Young, chief executive officer, and Rina Blacklaws, manager of 18 communications. 19 20 Northback requests that any media in attendance who have inquiries of Northback 21 22 direct those inquiries to Ms. Blacklaws. 23 accordance with the process established by the AER in this proceeding, Northback will not be 24 25 making any substantive submissions today but instead remains available to the Panel should 26

1	any questions arise. Thank y	you very much.	
2	THE CHAIR: Th	nank you, Counsel.	
3	So next on the agenda, w	we have Mr. Allan	
4	Garbutt or Garbutt.		
5	Am I pronouncing your na	ame correctly, sir?	
6	A. GARBUTT: Bu	utt as in what you	
7	sit on.		
8	THE CHAIR: So	orry. I didn't	
9	hear you.		
10	A. GARBUTT: It	t's Garbutt.	
11	THE CHAIR: Ga	arbutt. Thank you.	
12	Please proceed.		
13	ALLAN GARBUTT, Affirmed		
14	Direct Evidence of Allan Gark	Direct Evidence of Allan Garbutt	
15	A. GARBUTT: We	ell, as you've	
16	heard, I'm Allan Garbutt. A	bit of background	
17	on myself, I first began to visit the Oldman		
18	River basin a bit more than 60 years ago. Dad		
19	brought us down when we were	barely higher than	
20	the grass.		
21	I've been in many parts of Canada over the		
22	past 65 or 70 years. I keep coming back to		
23	this part of the world. I love it here. I		
24	want to save it, particularly from folks like		
25	Northback.		
26	In my travels, I picked	up a PhD in	

I worked in environmental consulting 1 zoology. 2 for several years, then went back to school, 3 became a rural doctor, and worked in that capacity in Crowsnest Pass for 26 years. 4 retired just over five years ago, and since 5 6 then, I've been volunteering with various organizations that share my love of this country and the natural world. 8 9 I've -- you'll hear a lot from Northback 10 about the wonderful things they're going to do. 11 Their largess is a drop in the bucket. Ιt 12 simply overwhelms anything that the 13 environmental groups I work with have any hope 14 of -- of matching. For instance, they pledged 15 \$75,000 to a school lunch program. I looked at the net worth of the individual who is the 16 17 ultimate owner of this company, compared it to mine, and it's nothing. The 20 bucks I'm about 18 19 to put on the table is more than equal on a 20 net-worth basis to what they have pledged. 21 Livingstone Range folks can pick up the 22 20 bucks, and I'll keep giving as long as 23 Northback keeps giving. 24 The meat of my presentation is basically we 25 shouldn't be here. This is not a proposal 26 about exploration. This is a "break it into a

1	million pieces" attempt to go back and
2	relitigate a mine that was turned down years
3	ago. The mine went before the Joint Review
4	Panel. They turned it down. Two cabinets
5	turned it down. Several Courts turned it down.
6	We had a coal committee struck to review
7	the the whole of coal mining in the east
8	slopes. Their recommendation was that it
9	should not happen. The populus was
10	outstandingly over overwhelmingly in favour
11	of banning mining except in a very few, very
12	specific circumstances, that is, an advanced
13	coal project. It's really hard to see how a
14	dead parrot of a mine, one that's been rejected
15	by two cabinets, a joint review panel, and
16	several courts, can qualify as a as a
17	project, let alone an advanced project.
18	The that said, the minister kind of blew
19	the AER's claim to independence out the window
20	by sending a letter, and the AER decided that
21	it was indeed a a project and that they
22	should be looking at it. I applaud you for
23	actually looking at it and not just not just
24	issuing the permit.
25	After you get past the "we shouldn't be
26	here", there are multiple reasons to reject

1 In the end, they all come back this request. 2 to a single point, and that's water, both the 3 quantity and the quality of the water, the water that flows off the east slopes and 4 nourishes those dry lands off to the east of 5 6 us. Water is the stuff of life, and that stuff flows from the east slopes across the prairies, through Saskatchewan, the marshes in northern 8 9 Manitoba, and ultimately into Hudson Bay at 10 Churchill. On its path, it supports every 11 major population centre south of Red Deer, east 12 all the way to Manitoba; and it supports many, 13 many, many more smaller centres, individuals, 14 ranches, farmers along the way. 15 The province is home to a growing and very profitable agri-food complex, and that is 16 17 utterly reliant on clean water from the east If that water either doesn't come or 18 isn't clean, we lose that agri-food complex. 19 20 Many of the crops that grow in southern Alberta 21 simply could not be grown without irrigation. 22 There's plans for more irrigation, big irrigation projects in eastern Alberta and in 23 Saskatchewan. All of the water for that 24 25 irrigation comes from the eastern slopes. 26 large portion of it comes from the Oldman.

1 That's the area that we're addressing in this 2 hearing. 3 The billions of dollars that come off those farmlands and the agri-food complex and the 4 dreams of those who want to irrigate lands 5 6 further east are only possible if Alberta and Alberta alone protects that small strip of land along the mountain chain that harvests the 8 9 water that comes east from the Pacific. 10 Remember, that land -- that water strip in this 11 part of the world maybe is 20 miles wide; a lot 12 of it's only 15 miles wide. You screw it up, 13 and we're screwed. 14 Sorry. That was a little vernacular. 15 If Alberta, whether from ignorance, stupidity, or greed, allows the water that 16 17 flows out of there to be degraded, millions of people and billions of dollars will be in 18 19 jeopardy. The AER has a mandate to regulate 20 the orderly development of resources. 21 assuming that that means the development of any 22 single resource should not compromise the 23 development of other resources, especially if a threatened resource has far more current and 24 25 future value than any of the mine -- any mine 26 or mine complex could have.

1 If indeed AER has a duty to protect all of 2 the resources, not just the single resource, 3 there will be times when it must re -disappoint a single applicant and its 4 This hearing pertains to one of 5 supporters. 6 those cases where AER should be advancing the interests of the whole, of all those people between here and Churchill who need your 8 9 support to continue to do their jobs, whereas 10 Northback is asking that we sacrifice those 11 people on their pursuit of additional dollars 12 and to support a relatively small numbers of 13 its supporters. 14 Northback's going to argue that they're only asking to do exploration. 15 That's at best 16 disingenuous. They're not asking to build 17 roads, drill holes, divert water so that they can get more information to provide to the 18 19 Alberta geological survey. They already know 20 there's a coal deposit there that is good 21 enough to support their prior commitments to a 22 mine. Their strategy here is transparent. 23 24 They're going to break that project into a zillion pieces, and they're going to ask for 25 26 approval of each one. The approval of that one

1 step only brings us closer to the ultimate, 2 which is going to be to build a mine. 3 To take that back into my life as a doc, it's like asking a surgical patient for 4 permission to make a small skin incision when 5 6 your real goal is to remove half of their large The difference here is that in surgery, we take out the cancer and save the patient. 8 9 In this setting, Northback is the cancer, and 10 they will kill the patient if you give them 11 permission for the first step and the ultimate 12 following steps. 13 You need to -- to deny Northback's 14 application to save southern Alberta and much 15 of the western prairies from the ultimate impacts of that exploration. 16 If you decide to 17 allow things to proceed, there are also a number of negatives that could happen in the 18 execution -- that will happen in the execution 19 20 of that project. Their first step will be to 21 build roads. They'll tell you that they're 22 only going to use preexisting roads; but they

Those bare surfaces

will have to reopen those roads, regrade them,

and create bare surfaces.

will be subject to a lot of erosion,

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1	The water will come down the the slope, hit
2	the roads, and follow the roads. They'll
3	the roads will channel the flow.
4	Northback will tell you that they will put
5	up all kinds of sediment barriers and so on.
6	Unfortunately, those barriers do not very
7	very often do not work. As an example,
8	TC Energy built a major pipeline over the
9	Livingstone Range within a few miles of
10	Northback's project. TCE has a ton of
11	experience in building in mountainous terrain.
12	They put up all kinds of sediment barriers.
13	They had, they said, the best of intentions. I
14	was actually on the pipeline talking to their
15	people. Everybody on that pipeline, as far as
16	I could tell, wanted the water to stay out of
17	the creek. I was one of the intervenors with
18	CER, Canada Energy Regulator. We told them
19	that the plans were not good enough, that there
20	would be trouble.
21	There was a small rainstorm in August two
22	years ago, a small rainstorm. Nothing like the
23	ones we have had here. It breached their
24	barriers. It put a ton of mud into that
25	stream, and it very seriously damaged the SARA
26	protected, we thought, westslope cutthroat

1 population. The stream has not recovered, and 2 that was from a single, short segment of 3 pipeline. Those roads will probably be open in the 4 Northback has said they want to get 5 spring. 6 drilling done and so on before the end of the frozen season. Realistically, with the hearings ending in February, their chances of 8 doing all of that drilling even if you issued 9 10 an immediate okay before we're into melt season 11 is very small. We're also almost certain to 12 experience some very warm chinooks in that 13 period, and they too will cause melt. 14 So we'll have a -- a hillside of streams 15 coming down, channeled by the roads, picking up sediment, and turning into mud. 16 Regardless of 17 how that goes, it's all going to go downhill, and, ultimately, it's going to get to the 18 stream courses at the bottom of the hill, 19 whether that's Gold Creek or Blairmore Creek is 20 almost incidental. 21 22 When the mud hits the creek, a lot of it's 23 going to stop right there, but a lot of it is 24 also going to go downstream. It will fill the interstitial spaces in the gravel beds. 25 26 will smother fish eggs. It will smother baby

1	fish. It will damage the invertebrates, and
2	we're going to end up with reduced at best,
3	with reduced recruitment in a population of
4	SARA protected westslope cutthroat trout.
5	We're going to end up with reduced feed
6	supplies for the fish that do survive, and
7	we're going to end up with a water body that
8	has a whole lot more junk in it than it should.
9	Northback will tell you that they're going
10	to protect that water. Well, they've had at
11	least two major dumps of iron oxide out of a
12	mine, an old mine portal on that property that
13	I've personally witnessed in the time in the
14	last ten years. That iron oxide covers the
15	bottom, does bad things to stream biota. You
16	can refer to studies from Fish and Wildlife in
17	the 1970s by Duane Radford and friends on that.
18	Mr. Radford at that time presented an easy
19	solution to the iron. It's basically dig a
20	settling pond at the outlet; let the water go
21	in there; the iron oxide drops out; water
22	overflows and is pretty clean.
23	I know that that solution was presented to
24	Northback in 2017. Hasn't been done. There
25	was another flow a couple of years ago in the
26	spring. Turned the ice and snow over the creek

1 into a nice red mess. Still no settling ponds 2 as far as I can tell. 3 They will talk about they're only using a small amount of water from the in-pit lake. 4 They make it sound as if the in-pit lake is 5 6 essentially a giant beaker. It's not. is groundwater flow in and out of those lakes. The groundwater flow ultimately will end up in 8 9 the surface water flows at some point. 10 important to maintaining the base flow in 11 streams in this area. And those streams are 12 already at record lows. If you look at the 13 flow data for the larger streams, they have 14 been below the low points, the average low 15 points, for most of the last two years. Blairmore Creek this year is lower than I 16 17 have ever seen it. I ran a couple of quick I figure in the 26 years I worked in 18 19 that hospital and in the community, I crossed that stream more than 7,600 days. I've never 20 seen it as low as it is now. 21 They will tell you that the drought has 22 I would call BS on that. I live in the 23 Porcupine Hills and have lived there for 24 25 25 years. Many of our streams are dry for the 26 first time in decades. Effectively all of our

1 surface water has dried up. The ranchers we 2 know are hauling water to pastures that they 3 have never hauled to before. Their springs have gone dry. People have wells that are no 4 5 longer producing or are at best producing far 6 low. Any move that takes water out of the local 8 water system in whatever quantities poses a 9 significant risk to everybody downstream. 10 the local water drops, everything downstream 11 will suffer from a drop. Making the drop 12 bigger, even by a small amount, endangers 13 everybody downstream, and all of those billions 14 of dollars that are coming out of our agri-food 15 process downstream. The -- the company will talk about how much 16 17 benefit they're going to provide to the community. That is at best challengeable. 18 Ιf you look at reports done by Robin Allen and 19 others on the cost-benefit effects of coal 20 mines in northeast BC the results are not in 21 22 favour of Northback. The coal and so on in 23 that area is rather similar to Alberta's. 24 the same part of the mountain front. 25 Ms. Allen and her company pretty much 26 demonstrated that the claim to benefits were

1	far lower the delivered benefits were far
2	lower than the claimed benefits, the negatives
3	were much bigger than the claims, and the
4	cost-benefit analysis at the end of the day was
5	strongly negative, despite the glowing
6	recommendations.
7	The same sort of thing is happening with
8	pollution. There's been recent studies by
9	Mandy Olsgard, who's a toxicologist with some
10	pretty good credentials, despite what Northback
11	said in some letters to you. She showed that
12	removing 99 percent of the selenium from a
13	waste stream would not prevent bioaccumulation.
14	And that will happen downstream of the source.
15	If you can't get 99 percent of the selenium
16	out of the thing, you're at risk of
17	bioaccumulation.
18	There's a letter by Lee Eddy in Western
19	Stockman a couple of years ago that clearly
20	shows the risk to forage crops, feedlot
21	operators, all of that, if the inlet input
22	water is contaminated with even low levels of
23	selenium.
24	I'm about at the end of my time, so I'll
25	wrap up by asking the Commission to turn this
26	down. Save Alberta, save the agri-food stuff,

1	save the prairies, and save us from those	
2	foreign-funded eco vandals that are here.	
3	Thank you.	
4	THE CHAIR: Thank you,	
5	Dr. Garbutt.	
6	A. GARBUTT: And if Livingstone	
7	Range wants their 20 bucks, they can come and	
8	find me.	
9	THE CHAIR: Thank you.	
10	Questions for Dr. Garbutt? No.	
11	Counsel?	
12	Thank you very much.	
13	So next we have Mr. Andy Vanderplas. Do I	
14	say your name correctly, sir?	
15	A. VANDERPLAS: Yes. Do you have	
16	Andy Vanderplas for the record?	
17	THE CHAIR: Yes. Yes. Thank	
18	you.	
19	ANDY VANDERPLAS, Affirmed	
20	Direct Evidence of Andy Vanderplas	
21	A. VANDERPLAS: Good morning, Madam	
22	Chair, Panel, ladies and gentlemen.	
23	Quick background on myself, I am a 44-year	
24	resident of the Crowsnest Pass, where my wife	
25	and I have raised a large family. We	
26	definitely enjoy the area, based on the fact	

1 that we do work in the industry. And as full 2 transparency, I am a contractor to every mining 3 operation in the area. Based on that, we have been able to provide our children, all 7 of 4 them, and all 15 grandchildren with a good 5 6 life, education, everything they would expect out of a good life because of our work in the 8 industry. 9 We are -- we have been involved in the 10 industry directly for 31 years. We are very 11 fussy about our clientele because we want to be 12 able to, at the end of the day, have our people 13 feel good about where they work. 14 The mines on the British Columbia side and 15 the Northback operation on the Alberta side 16 have demonstrated to us a very strong safety 17 policy, as well as anything that -- where we work, if there's anything involving any 18 environmental effects at all, they're very 19 20 strict; they're very straightforward, something 21 that we adhere to, which gives us a lot of 22 comfort, knowing that our employees, their families, our children have that security in 23 front of them. 24 25 As another item of transparency, I am the 26 former chairman of a semi-judicial board,

subdivision and appeal, for 29 years. 1 2 familiar with what is required by a board when 3 they make their deliberations. And speaking from my experience as a chairman of the board, 4 5 one of the biggest drawbacks to any application 6 is evidence. The program that Northback is involved in 8 at this time as the drilling program is to find 9 and provide that evidence. 'Cause there's 10 nothing worse than putting in a permit 11 application, being ready for it, and not being 12 able to back up what you have to say. 13 We over the years have rejected many 14 applications simply because these appellants 15 were not prepared with the evidence, scientific, physical, et cetera, to answer the 16 17 questions that the board had and from thereon any person who had an issue with that. 18 19 times they were sent away to go get that 20 evidence at -- at their cost, time for 21 everyone. 22 So what they're asking for here right now is this drilling program to provide that 23 24 evidence and whatever that evidence may be. 25 could tell everybody that this is a wonderful

situation, or it could tell everybody that what

26

1	they thought was there isn't there. But they
2	don't know that, and I and I agree with
3	Dr. Garbutt Mr. Garbutt; there is a coal
4	seam up there. How much, quantity, quality,
5	this is what the drilling program is all about.
6	They need to be able to provide that evidence.
7	And the second item on that is I mean, I
8	think there's not a person alive who hasn't
9	seen all the media, the publicity, and all the
10	social media about this coal mine. This is not
11	an application for a coal mine; this is an
12	application for a drilling program. So if we
13	can get past that smoke and let these folks get
14	the evidence they require to make an informed
15	decision so they can inform the panels of that
16	evidence and present it all, then we can all
17	move forward.
18	I don't need 20 minutes to explain
19	everything. Statements of facts can usually go
20	fairly quick because I've sat in your position,
21	and you don't need all that extra time.
22	So they want to do their due diligence, and
23	I'm requesting on their for them, as a
24	resident of the community I mean, we are
25	directly affected by everything that happens
26	there. We live downwind and downstream of

1 their intended operation. Five of our seven children live in a semicircle around that 2 3 entire operation. We understand the risks. also understand the possible benefits to the 4 5 future because as we -- as a -- from a family 6 basis, are entering into a succession phase of our business. Our children now are taking over and looking to continue that as the next 8 9 generation is already training to take over 10 from them. 11 So to get all the masses raised up at this 12 time and scream "Coal mine, coal mine, coal 13 mine", step back for a minute. We're talking 14 about a drilling program. So it's too easy to get everybody excited about a mine when we're 15 These folks need to be allowed 16 not there yet. 17 to go get the evidence, present the evidence in an orderly manner, following every 18 environmental requirement that the government 19 20 has laid out -- and I agree with that; I don't want to live in a contaminated environment any 21 22 more than anybody else does. But I think they need to be given that opportunity to prove that 23 24 they can do this right. 25 If they're going to prove it, then it's 26 going to be approved; or they're not going to

1	be able to prove it, and it's going to be
2	disallowed. But of all fairness, people need
3	to be able to have the opportunity to present
4	the evidence that is needed for people to make
5	a proper informed decision.
6	And I really don't think I've got an awful
7	lot to say about that except for the fact that
8	we as a family, as a business, we agree to
9	it. We look forward to them proceeding with
10	this so that we all know, we all have an
11	informed decision to make, not a decision based
12	on hype and scare tactics and stuff that comes
13	from all over the world in other countries and
14	books and things that were written; we're
15	talking about one drilling program in one
16	location. We agree with them getting the
17	evidence together to present it to allow you to
18	make your decisions.
19	That's the end of my presentation. Thank
20	you very much.
21	THE CHAIR: Thank you very much,
22	sir.
23	Next I have Mr. Brent Koinberg. Is that
24	correct?
25	B. KOINBERG: Yes, that is
26	correct.

1	THE CHAIR:	Thank you.
2	Please	
3	B. KOINBERG:	Thank you.
4	THE CHAIR:	Please proceed.
5	BRENT KOINBERG, Affirmed	
6	Direct Evidence of Brent Ko	oinberg
7	B. KOINBERG:	Thank you.
8	Welcome to Pincher Cre	eek and in on our
9	behalf, anyways. My name	is Brent Koinberg. A
10	little bit about myself is	I was born and
11	raised in the Crowsnest Pas	ss. I resided there
12	for 16 years, moved to Cal	gary, moved back
13	home, Crowsnest Pass, left	again, came back.
14	And that's my story for abo	out 20 years of my
15	life, is leaving the Crows	nest Pass and coming
16	back home.	
17	Crowsnest Pass has alv	ways been my home. It
18	didn't matter where I slep	t that night, worked;
19	it's always been my home;	it's where my family
20	was.	
21	So when I returned jus	st over six years ago
22	again the Crowsnest Pas	s is basically a
23	shell of what it used to be	e when we when we
24	had industry, when we had l	ousinesses, in
25	comparison to what it is no	ow. Like, we had
26	convenience stores in in	n every town. We had

1	multiple in Blairmore. We had two in Coleman,
2	Hillcrest, Bellevue. We all had convenience
3	stores. We all had two different grocery
4	stores.
5	So when I returned, I also came up with
6	Crowsnest Adventures through some help with
7	some friends, stuff like that. So I own an
8	actual tourism company in the Crowsnest Pass.
9	A lot of people on both sides of the
10	fence'll will say, you know, We need
11	industry; we need tourism; we need this; we
12	need that. In all honesty, we need everything.
13	Crowsnest Pass is mainly I think it's, like,
14	82 percent, 85 percent residential-based tax
15	base. My taxes have gone up a thousand dollars
16	in three years, four years, which is unheard of
17	in a lot of areas, especially for small areas.
18	So I believe that like my friend Andy
19	here said, I fully believe in the process that
20	we should allow the drilling program to go on.
21	And the reason for it is when we have numbers,
22	when we have actual data, we we can look at
23	the bigger picture; right? If if the mine
24	goes through, if it doesn't go through, I I
25	believe personally in the process. I
26	believe when the process of it going through

1 last time, I believe -- I believe they got it 2 right, right, with -- with denying the mine 3 because there was a lot of holes in it, in my -- in my opinion, that were not addressed. 4 And through talking with Northback, some of 5 6 its employees, even family that have gone 7 through Northback and stuff like that, they like to fill in those holes; and this drilling 8 9 program is one of those ways to fill in those 10 holes. 11 Now, I'd also like to fill in some of the 12 holes from Dr. Garbutt's presentation. Now, as I said, I grew up in the Crowsnest Pass. 13 14 family owned property that was purchased by Northback when -- when they first come into the 15 16 Crowsnest Pass looking at opening up the Grassy 17 mine. Now -- excuse me -- my family owned this property called Bozley, and we've had it in our 18 family for over 50 years. 19 It -- it was our 20 little safe haven. It was our little touch of 21 paradise. We could go there. We could relax. 22 We could camp. We can bring friends up. can, you know, get away from the hustle and 23 24 bustle. With my aunts living in -- in the 25 city, you know, you got the family at home 26 in -- in Crowsnest, we could all gather there.

1	When Northback came in and bought up all
2	the property around us, they just approached
3	and said, you know, Would you guys be
4	interested in selling? And of course my family
5	said, Well, no, this is our paradise. However,
6	they also recognized that the Crowsnest Pass
7	needs something more; right?
8	So they were like, Okay. We can either
9	help them so this way maybe there will be
10	prosperity not just for the family. Don't get
11	me wrong; I didn't see when they sold the
12	property, I didn't see anything from it. I
13	just lost my childhood place of safety, I
14	guess, right?
15	But it was for the prosperity for the
16	municipality, for people, for jobs, to bring
17	more people in to hopefully bring back what we
18	had as a community back a little bit.
19	Now, I know that's more addressing for the
20	mines; however, at least with this step, we can
21	see if a mine is even viable with the drilling.
22	Now, Mr. Garbutt mentioned the water.
23	Water's been there for as long as I can
24	remember. It's also been leaching that iron
25	oxide forever. There's been many times that
26	not just in the last ten years, but for as long

1	as I can remember I'm 46 years old that
2	that river is frozen over by the hospital that
3	he used to work at, and it was red from this
4	leaching. And that's from the previous mines
5	not being reclaimed properly.
6	Now, my understanding with Northback is
7	they come in; if they're able to mine the coal,
8	great; and when the coal's gone, they have an
9	obligation to reclaim it. For me, it's not so
10	much about the coal; it's about that
11	reclamation. Like I said, my family owned
12	property up there. I've spent years I lived
13	up there for months at a time watching Grassy
14	literally from my kitchen window up there. I
15	can tell you it doesn't sustain life. Very,
16	very few animals actually stay on that on
17	that mountain, on that ridge side. The cattle
18	even on it, they'll go on it; they'll be gone
19	within a few days through the Cattle
20	Association, and that's from watching the
21	cattle for over 30 years that I can remember.
22	And then also too the leaching.
23	Dr. Garbutt can also maintain that a lot of
24	my injuries he was my personal doctor for
25	many, many years till he retired that a lot
26	of my injuries were from actually up in those

There's -- there's quite the network 1 mines. 2 of -- of previous tunnels and stuff like that 3 that as, you know, a youth, I would go in and -- not tell my parents where I was, of 4 5 course, because that's just not safe, but I 6 would go in those tunnels and see what I could And I've been in a lot of those tunnels 8 up there, and sure enough, cuts, scrapes I'd 9 get to go to the hospital, get stitches. 10 that was 30 years ago. 11 Roughly about 15, 20 years ago, they 12 imploded a lot of those mine shafts. 13 Unfortunately, there was -- they missed a few. 14 There's still a few more up there. like to see the reclamation of that whole area 15 from the scars it's got from that leaching into 16 17 the water, from those old legacy mines into seeing something beautiful that will hold life 18 again, that'll hold crystal clear water again. 19 20 That would be my personal goal. 21 As a tourism operator, I do almost weekly 22 tours into the old ghost town Lille, which was a boom-and-bust coal mining town, right. 23 24 there's nothing up there but a couple of 25 basements, some old piping, and I thought about 26 it as a business owner, and as that is one of

1	my most busiest of guided hikes I do, am I at
2	the risk of losing that if the mine goes
3	through? Some days I might, if it's a little
4	windier; other days it'll actually probably
5	help me because now I'm being able to give
6	people a visual of what they're seeing as to
7	what happened kind of to Will, right. As a
8	tourism operator, I'm able to adapt and not
9	necessarily lose, but I can actually use that
10	as a way of saying, Now we can see something
11	active, provided it does come onto the eastern
12	side. If not, from what I understand it
13	sounds like things stay on the western side of
14	the mountain to mitigate Gold Creek. If that's
15	the case, well, then I don't lose anything. I
16	still have my little thing. We don't really
17	see much from the mine at all.
18	But, like I said, it's it's I'd like
19	to see it, in the end, reclaimed. I don't
20	expect anyone to reclaim it for free. That
21	just doesn't make any sense.
22	As for the water, absolutely. I'm a very
23	big advocate for the water. We do fishing and
24	stuff like that, and we grew up drinking the
25	water.
26	I think Mr. Garbutt's missing one

1	common-sense aspect with his water on his side
2	of the prairies, is he mentioned it: They're
3	punching more holes for water. When they're
4	tapping into their own reserves, their own
5	reserves are going to go down. Just in the
6	last five years alone, two, three different
7	pivots waterlines have been installed just
8	on Highway 22 alone, south of Maycroft Hill.
9	That draws a lot of a lot of water.
10	So I imagine it's not just they're not
11	drawn off the Oldman River. They're drawn
12	right off the aquifer in the ground, which in
13	turn does make common sense as to why water
14	will be going down.
15	As for our flow, we don't have a great
16	flow. We've never had a great flow here.
17	Grassy doesn't have a whole lot of trees on the
18	front side to hold much for snow.
19	I'm an advocate for snowmobiling and stuff
20	like that. We get maybe a week, two weeks a
21	year of snowmobiling on that hill, and the
22	reason for it is it's a lot of grass.
23	Backside's got some trees and stuff like that,
24	but for the most part, yeah, it doesn't hold a
25	whole lot of snow back in there. Further back
26	up in the valley, it holds more snow as it's a

1	little higher elevation, a little bit more
2	trees. But for the most part, Grassy doesn't
3	hold much snow at all.
4	So I'd like to put the idea of it into
5	perspective. Now just hearing, Oh, it's been
6	bad for ten years. It hasn't. It's been like
7	that ever since I can remember.
8	Once again, yeah, I am for Northback
9	drilling to getting a bigger picture. I'd love
10	to see the mine go through because it would
11	help our local economy; it would help locals
12	period with more jobs, better tax base,
13	hopefully giving some of us that own the houses
14	in town a little bit of a tax break on our
15	residence.
16	So thank you.
17	THE CHAIR: Thank you,
18	Mr. Koinberg. I appreciate it.
19	So we are at the break, but we are ahead of
20	time.
21	M. LACASSE: Madam Chair, we've
22	been advised that Mr. Petrone is in the room,
23	so if you wanted to proceed with him, you
24	could.
25	THE CHAIR: Mr. Petrone, would
26	you be so kind to come to the microphone,

1	please.
2	M. LACASSE: He needs to be sworn
3	in still.
4	THE CHAIR: Okay. Thank you.
5	CHAD PETRONE, Affirmed
6	Direct Evidence of Chad Petrone
7	C. PETRONE: Thank you for your
8	time today.
9	Finding a way to express my support of
10	Northback and what their business means to our
11	community and my family has been emotional.
12	Each generation of the Petrone family, dating
13	back 100 years, has benefitted from coal
14	mining. And it is now trickled down to the
15	fifth generation.
16	My 18-year-old daughter has prepared the
17	following words in honour of the history that
18	has shaped our family and the opportunities
19	that coal mining has provided to us. Off
20	script, I look around the demographic of this
21	hall, and her generation is not represented at
22	all, and it's very important that a 18-year-old
23	gets her voice in terms of the economic impact
24	to her life: (as read)
25	Today I'm honoured to share my
26	perspective on the coal mining

1	industry and the profound effect it
2	has had on my family. But first allow
3	me to introduce myself. My name is
4	Kiera Petrone, and I'm currently a
5	marketing major at the University of
6	Lethbridge. I spent my early
7	childhood living in the
8	Crowsnest Pass, specifically Bellevue.
9	The first eight years of my life
10	consisted of swimming for the Pass
11	Piranhas, skiing Pass Powderkeg, and
12	attending Horace Allen elementary.
13	Although these memories make up a
14	lot of my childhood, when I look back,
15	they are not all I see. Through my
16	life, one string has thread its way
17	through its core value that I hold,
18	and that string is made of coal. In
19	1928, my grandfather Riccardo
20	immigrated from Italy to Canada.
21	Travelling all through Canada, my
22	family made their eventual stop not in
23	Ontario or Québec, but in Hillcrest,
24	Alberta. From there, my great grandpa
25	and family adjusted to the harsh
26	weather and began to make the small

1	Albertan town their home. As he grew,
2	he began to see our home as more than
3	a quaint snow-filled town.
4	My grandfather eventually gained
5	interest in the Tent Mountain strip
6	mine. He shared many stories of his
7	time working at the mine, how he would
8	catch a ride on empty coal trucks and
9	spend time lodging with his fellow
10	coworkers. The entrepreneurial
11	passion for coal and Canadian
12	resources began to grow within my
13	great grandfather, and in 1942, he
14	purchased a 2-ton Dodge which will be
15	the first of many vehicles operating
16	for his business: Ric Petrone
17	Trucking.
18	From there, my grandpa sorry
19	my papa, his son, and many other
20	community members drove this enormous
21	coal truck to maintain their
22	livelihood. Coal wasn't an attempt to
23	destroy our beloved town. It was a
24	strenuous effort to flourish it. The
25	Crowsnest Pass was built on the backs
26	of coal miners. Without them it's

1	uncertain how thousands of Albertans
2	would have provided for their
3	families.
4	Western Canadians were able to
5	distinguish themselves from the rest
6	of Canada and provide a means to which
7	to sustain themselves. Without the
8	hard work of my grandfather and great
9	grandfather and others alike, we would
10	have no community to debate this issue
11	in.
12	It is simple: Our livelihood
13	cannot flourish and expand without the
14	strength of Western Canadian coal
15	mines.
16	Many say that Albertan
17	Albertans do not have culture. I
18	strongly disagree with this. Our
19	province in its inception was built
20	upon the hard work and dedication of
21	coal mines. Coal's not just a symbol
22	of economic prosperity, but it's a
23	motif in which represents Albertan
24	grit and pride. One of my earliest
25	memories is watching pridefully as my
26	papa, Ken Petrone, drove his big blue

1	coal truck all through Coleman during
2	Canada Day.
3	Today I sometimes bring my city
4	slicker friends to observe this blue
5	beast in its glory. Every time my
6	papa offers them to take a seat, and
7	every time they offer to take it.
8	Even in their early 20s, my friends
9	all found this piece of Alberta
10	fascinating. It is a common thread
11	shared between many Western Canadians
12	as many of our families would not have
13	survived without the efforts of coal
14	mining and its industry.
15	As a child, I took great pride in
16	the fact that I had roots in this
17	small Alberta town. As Paul Brandt
18	said "it's a pride that's been passed
19	down to me knee deep as coal mines and
20	as wide as farmers' fields". I
21	remember feeling this astonishing
22	sense of excitement watching the
23	Alberta Bound music video and seeing
24	the Old Dairy which was just down the
25	street from which where I was
26	raised. This excitement resonated

1	from within me as I felt this
2	unbreakable connection with my home
3	and the history which came along with
4	it.
5	Flourishing and expanding our
6	previous coal mines will not only just
7	boost our economy, but it will further
8	the connections we have within our
9	home, history, and the community
10	members within it.
11	Over the last ten years, I've
12	continued to visit the Pass. It seems
13	every time I come a business has
14	closed and the population has fallen.
15	Back when coal was mining in full
16	swing, each community had its own
17	school system, hockey rink, community
18	centre, and more.
19	Today, many businesses have been
20	left abandoned. I believe that the
21	further we limit coal mining, the
22	further our culture and community is
23	restricted.
24	In order to grow and not diminish
25	our culture, it is essential that we
26	bring back what once made us a strong

1	and prosperous municipality. The
2	resource that single-handedly provided
3	an industry to my dirt-poor family who
4	immigrated from Italy is coal.
5	Coal has not just supported my
6	family through the 20th century, but
7	it has extended its hand into the
8	21st. My father has built
9	relationships with the coal mining
10	companies who have purchased from his
11	company. These businesses have
12	purchased various merchandise from my
13	father. In fact, they are among the
14	largest clientele.
15	I, myself, have spent time
16	counting hundreds of hoodies, decals,
17	knives, and even belt buckles for
18	them. My first ever order that I
19	packaged for a coal mine had my name
20	signed on the packing slip. I
21	remember my dad telling me that just
22	my name signed at the bottom of the
23	page would create opportunities and
24	that it was pretty cool that my name
25	had a chance to be seen. At first, I
26	was like, Yeah, yeah. Okay, Dad. But

1	now I'm graced with the opportunity to
2	share my family's history with coal
3	and how it can continue to provide for
4	Alberta.
5	As much as it pains me to say, my
б	father was right. It is clear that
7	coal is both directly and indirectly
8	responsible for creating opportunity
9	for our community. From poor Italian
10	immigrants trying to make a living to
11	a young business student grasping for
12	opportunity, the efforts of coal have
13	been profoundly impactful. Whether
14	it's the livelihood it provides, the
15	culture it creates, or the opportunity
16	it fertilizes, coal is undoubtedly a
17	strong asset to Alberta.
18	I'm just going to take a minute
19	THE CHAIR: Take your time,
20	please. Take your time.
21	C. PETRONE: from her from
22	her words and express that it is an emotional
23	time for her to write this. This isn't just
24	about the sentiment and legacy that we're
25	trying to continue. My family has employed
26	hundreds, if not thousands of people in the

1	last hundred years, and I think it's important
2	that that continues. I've been in the
3	Crowsnest Pass for 48 years, and it's gone
4	downhill ever since I was a kid; and we need
5	this opportunity to give us another one more
6	generation to experience what we experienced
7	and make enough money to continue operating in
8	the Crowsnest Pass.
9	Like the Alberta Energy Regulator, I feel I
10	can contribute to to ensuring that that
11	Northback and any other resource-driven
12	business will continue to respect the
13	environment of the Crowsnest Pass. We don't
14	want it destroyed. And I considered running
15	for council and being a part of that; and if it
16	works, I'd like to join the governments in
17	maintaining that integrity of our our
18	environment.
19	Thank you very much for your time.
20	THE CHAIR: Thank you,
21	Mr. Petrone.
22	So we still have a bit of time before the
23	scheduled break. We can take the break now; or
24	if the next presenters, Citizens Supportive of
25	Crowsnest Pass Coal, are here, we can swear
26	them in.

1	So I'd suggest we take the break now. It's
2	ten past 10, and we will be back at perhaps
3	10:30. So five more minutes added to the
4	break. Thank you very much, everyone.
5	(ADJOURNMENT)
6	THE CHAIR: Please be seated.
7	Can I get everyone's attention, please? Please
8	take your seats.
9	I believe next we have Citizens Supportive
10	of Crowsnest Coal, and they have been sworn in.
11	So who do we have? Would you please come to
12	the mic and introduce yourself. Thank you.
13	T. LINDERMAN: Hi. I'm Troy
14	Linderman, and this is my wife Carmen
15	Linderman; and we're here for Citizens
16	Supportive of Crowsnest Coal.
17	THE CHAIR: Thank you,
18	Mr. Linderman. Thank you, Ms. Linderman. So
19	please proceed.
20	CARMEN LINDERMAN, Affirmed
21	TROY LINDERMAN, Affirmed
22	Direct Evidence of Citizens Supportive of
23	Crowsnest Coal - Troy Linderman
24	T. LINDERMAN: Thank you.
25	So I'm just going to do a small
26	presentation around our group and and some

of the -- the -- the beliefs and things that 1 2 we've been doing over the last few years, and 3 then my wife, Carmen, will make a -- a speech statement piece, and we'll be all done. 4 5 So quickly through the PowerPoint, we are 6 Citizens Supportive of Crowsnest Coal -- oh, that's doing that -- Citizens Supportive of Crowsnest Coal, so CSCC, was formed by a group 8 9 of passionate people who live in the Pass and 10 wanted to see the community succeed so our 11 children and grandchildren can have 12 opportunities in their hometown. 13 citizens that want to see the benefit that 14 industry and steelmaking coal can bring to our 15 community. 16 We can promote the tourism opportunities of 17 southwestern Alberta alongside a developing and prospering metallurgical coal industry and, of 18 19 course, to protect the environment that makes 20 our home so special. Canada is a global leader in resource 21 22 extraction and has the highest environmental standards, and Alberta's leading the way. 23 24 trust the regulatory process is sound and will 25 hold industries to account. We trust modern

mining practices and advancements in technology

26

1	to mine resources responsibly and protect our
2	environment, trust that our natural resources
3	can be developed and responsibly and
4	sustainably developed in partnership with all
5	our stakeholders.
6	We love the Crowsnest Pass. We call it
7	home. I'm born and raised there and been there
8	for 57 years, and my wife joined me in 2004 and
9	moved to the Crowsnest Pass with me.
10	Coal facts. Two types of coal: thermal and
11	metallurgical. Crowsnest Pass has
12	metallurgical coal, or "met", it's
13	high-ranking, steelmaking coal. The
14	Crowsnest Pass is home as to our neighbours
15	to the west in Sparwood in the Elk Valley, have
16	one of five of the greatest metallurgical coal
17	deposits in the world, right in our backyard.
18	Society's need for steel: Global demand
19	for steel and coal needed needed to produce
20	is growing. So what you see there is the
21	blue line is your demand or sorry the
22	supply, and the grey line is the demand.
23	So in twenty in and around twenty
24	2031 [sic], we're hitting a critical point
25	where demand is going to outweigh production.
26	And that's a significant problem 'cause steel's

1 in everything. We need it for everything, and 2 there's no viable alternatives right now to 3 make steel. They're working on it, and we hope they succeed, but nothing is on the horizon. 4 5 Why we want mining: Grassy Mountain was 6 mined 60 years ago and has never been properly It's not pristine wilderness. reclaimed. it is done in a responsible environment manner 8 and active reclamation is done during post-mine 9 10 life; when it generates jobs and economic 11 well-being for the communities and its 12 residents in which residents resides, and 13 impacts, to be endorsed and supported by our 14 citizen -- citizenry, neighbours, and partners, and we saw that with a vote recently in the 15 Crowsnest Pass where 72 percent are in favour 16 17 of industry development in the Crowsnest Pass; when the facts support a viable mine not when 18 unsupportive rhetoric is against it. 19 20 Coal is a four-letter word. Modern mining 21 practices and technologies can mitigate 22 environmental and mining operational risks: 23 water quality, water management, and dust 24 control, et cetera. It's 2024. We are not mining like we did in 1970, 1960, or even in 25 26 the early '80s when I, myself, was a coal miner

before moving on to a different career. 1 2 Steel is required in the construction of 3 pretty much everything, including all things for the green transition, windmills, carbon 4 capture, electrical transmission, solar panels, 5 6 electric vehicles, et cetera. Steel requires metallurgical coal. This is a trade-off to achieve overall reduced carbon emissions. 8 9 Progressive reclamation. As areas are 10 mined out, this area's reclaimed into a similar 11 state like the surrounding ecological --12 ecological systems, including aquatic habitat. 13 As the mining process continues, reclamation 14 bonds can be issued to ensure work is done 15 properly and can be done safely. Mining in Canada that has strong 16 environmental and ethical standards versus 17 jurisdictions that not -- results in a net gain 18 for the decarbonation of the world. 19 the best in Alberta and Canada. 20 Why would we 21 want to push that out to someone -- or else in 22 the world? We all live on this big blue 23 marble, and if we do it bad in other areas, it 24 still has a negative effect to us. 25 Talk a little bit about the Crowsnest Pass. 26 And I think you've heard a little bit about

1	this in with other presenters today. In the
2	Crowsnest Pass, 85 percent of our tax base
3	that's of 2020 is residential. So what's
4	our future? How is that sustainable?
5	Municipal property tax and service costs
6	continue to increase. We just got a letter in
7	the mail yesterday from the municipality of the
8	Crowsnest Pass that our mill rate is going up
9	yet once again. In 2007, when I moved into my
10	current home, my taxes were \$2,500. They're
11	now 7,000, in a short 15 years.
12	So is the Crowsnest Pass sustainable?
13	Industry has left the Crowsnest Pass. We don't
14	have any viable industry right now other than
15	tourism. Our schools and youth sports have
16	less children. Our senior service supports are
17	lacking. We have less permanent residents. So
18	currently close to from my understanding,
19	close to 30 percent of the households in the
20	Crowsnest Pass are owned by people that don't
21	live there.
22	So how is that sustainable in a community?
23	We have in is tourism a viable industry
24	here? It can be. We have waited a long time
25	thus far, but it has just not shown the
26	economic benefits to provide mortgage-paying

1 jobs and infrastructure needed for the 2 community. 3 We've been waiting 50 years for this. We've been talking about this for 50 years. 4 was 7 when that started. A steelmaking coal 5 6 mine can provide these -- those mortgage-paying jobs, infrastructure, and support for our industries and services like seniors' living 8 9 and tourism. It's a balance, and we -- it's a 10 balance between tourism and industry, and 11 that's what works best, and it's proven across 12 many communities in southern Alberta and other 13 areas in BC and in Alberta as a whole. 14 It -- we already have a great example of that within the Crowsnest Pass. We have a golf 15 course that would have never been built outside 16 17 of Northback coming in and working with the golf course and the community to build a -- a 18 \$26 million golf course with access, new 19 20 clubhouse, and we went from a small volunteer 21 more or less, run golf course to now being one 22 of the top 50 golf courses in Canada. We are 23 top five in Alberta. 27 of that -- excuse me. 24 Twenty -- 27,000 rounds of golf are played 25 there, and almost 70 percent of those are by 26 tourists or people that are paying green fees.

1 That's a huge influx of people. It's only for 2 five months out of the year, though. 3 Let's talk a little bit about our neighbours because we hear a lot of rhetoric 4 5 about how bad Sparwood and Fernie are. As of 6 2020, the municipal tax rate for residential in Sparwood was 47 percent. The other 53 percent 8 is made up of industry that supports tech or what's now called "EVR". Tech and surrounding 9 10 communities have what's called the "Elk Valley 11 Property Tax Sharing Agreement". So they've 12 worked together to make benefit for all there. 13 Tech and community of Sparwood have the 14 Socio-Community and Economic Effects Advisory 15 Committee, so they work directly with the mine, so there's no reason that can't happen here. 16 17 And I'm sure, I'm positive that Northback would be more than willing to explore those options. 18 Millions of dollars of community support 19 20 initiatives and donations to various groups, 21 including the municipality of Crowsnest Pass, 22 for folks -- from the Pass that work for EVR. 23 Partnership with the First Nations, neighbouring municipalities, and businesses to 24 25 share all of the wealth generated. 26 This is just a quick slide. I won't get

1	all into it, just in the sense of time. But
2	Elkford and district, 640 jobs provided by EVR;
3	Sparwood, 825; Fernie, 755. So you always hear
4	that Fernie is the big tourism town. Tell that
5	to the 800 families that live in that
6	community, that work in coal mining.
7	Cranbrook, 470 jobs; and Crowsnest Pass,
8	475 jobs.
9	Community investment. Crowsnest Pass has
10	already benefitted from various initiatives,
11	local employment programs and supporting local
12	businesses. In the ten years of exploration
13	and mine planning that companies have been
14	working in our community, we have seen millions
15	of dollars invested already into the community.
16	The golf course, as I mentioned, Livingstone
17	Range School Division lunch program, Australia
18	days, funds to various charities, high school
19	scholarships, youth ski programs, sponsorship
20	to a plethora of groups and clubs in the
21	community.
22	They're not trying to buy our support;
23	they're trying to be part of the community.
24	Bottom line: Responsible coal mining
25	generates mortgage-paying jobs, supports
26	development and infrastructure and economic

1	well-being for the communities and its
2	residents. Yes, coal mining can be done
3	environmentally responsible. There's many
4	examples of that.
5	Yes, there are legacy practices that were
6	not awesome. But they're just that; they're
7	legacy practices.
8	If you go for a knee replacement to the
9	hospital, you don't ask for the one that they
10	put in in 1980. You ask for the one that's in
11	2024.
12	A balance of industry and tourism can
13	exist, and we can get the infrastructure needed
14	for tourism so when this project is complete,
15	we actually have a viable community that can
16	support the tourism that's needed to support
17	the community.
18	Grassy Mountain can be reclaimed. It's
19	never been reclaimed. I grew up there. I
20	hiked around there. It's not pristine
21	wilderness.
22	Our group has gotten the word out in
23	several different different modes: media,
24	social media, stakeholder medias, farmers
25	markets, presentations, signs and more signs
26	that we've put up. And we've had a lot of

1		support, not only in the Crowsnest Pass but
2		across southern Alberta. Thank you for that.
3		We are a coal town, and the web pages are
4		there. I'm going to turn it over to my lovely
5		wife, and she has a statement. Thank you very
6		much.
7		THE CHAIR: Just before you
8		leave the mic, I have a question.
9		Sorry. Ms. LaCasse.
10		M. LACASSE: I just wanted to
11		remind witnesses to not speak too quickly. I
12		know it's particularly tough when you're
13		reading script, but just so that the court
14		reporter can capture everything you're saying.
15		T. LINDERMAN: I was trying to save
16		time.
17		THE CHAIR: Thank you.
18		I have a question for you, before you sit
19		down. Sorry. I will give you a chance to have
20		your statement.
21		The Panel Questions the Presenter
22	Q	THE CHAIR: You talked about
23		your membership. Would you help me understand,
24		what's your membership number of your
25		organization, and where do they primarily
26		reside? Is it in Alberta, split between

Alberta and BC? 1 2 T. LINDERMAN: So our membership 3 is -- varies, but the vast majority reside in the Crowsnest Pass. We have a group of about 4 5 ten of us that act as a -- a chair and board in 6 the sense of a grassroots, non-profit 7 Right now I believe we have organization. close to 400. 8 9 C. LINDERMAN: So we have almost 10 900 Facebook followers, and our email 11 membership goes out to about 600 people. 12 THE CHAIR: 600 people. Thank 13 you. Thank you very much. 14 15 COMMISSIONER MACKENZIE: Sorry. I just had 0 one quick one as well before you sit down. 16 17 I noticed that in the early part of the presentation, you had a YouTube video embedded, 18 and I know you didn't play it today, but could 19 20 you maybe explain what the video is? 21 T. LINDERMAN: The video is right Α 22 off of the Northback website. 23 0 Okay. So it's a video -- drone footage of the actual 24 25 mine site and what it looks like today.

So we are familiar with that.

26

0

1	you. I just wanted to che	ck.
2	M. LACASSE:	Madam Chair, can we
3	have that marked as the ne	xt exhibit, 99?
4	THE CHAIR:	Any objection from
5	Northback? No. Yes, plea	se.
6	EXHIBIT 99 - Citizens	Supportive of
7	Crowsnest Coal Presen	tation
8	THE CHAIR:	Please proceed.
9	Direct Evidence of Citizen	s Supportive of
10	Crowsnest Coal - Carmen Li	nderman
11	C. LINDERMAN:	Okay. So my name is
12	Carmen Linderman. I'm act	ing on behalf of the
13	group of Citizens Supporti	ve of Crowsnest Coal,
14	CSCC. I'm director of thi	s nonprofit
15	organization that supports	metallurgical
16	steelmaking coal mining in	our region, the
17	Crowsnest Pass, where the	Grassy Mountain
18	project and the specific d	rilling program has
19	been proposed.	
20	Our group has submitt	ed a statement of
21	concern in support of Nort	hback's application
22	for a drilling program to	achieve the
23	necessary to receive th	e necessary
24	information to support env	rironmentally
25	responsible development of	Grassy Mountain met
26	coal. 300 members of our	region signed a

petition attached with our statement of concern in just a few short days.

The majority of local residents believe that they will be directly and inversely negatively impacted if the drill program development does not proceed by not benefitting from the high-paying jobs, providing industrial tax base that will reduce residential taxes, diversify our economy, and provide sustainable regional age population dynamics and build the necessary infrastructure to maintain and develop our community to help complement and support our industries such as tourism.

Our organization represents businesses and people that are currently profiting from local mining companies like Northback. These folks either work with companies that do mining or businesses that mining companies are procuring goods and services from. Additionally, some of our members just want to see the benefit and economic expansion that a project like this could bring. Even a drilling program stands to economically support businesses and residents.

Our region has been blessed with high quality metallurgical coal. We believe that modern mining practices, mine design, and

1 advancement in technology, we can and should mine our resources responsibly and protect our 2 3 environment that we love and call home. need to see the reclamation of Grassy Mountain 4 coal mine that was previously abandoned when 5 6 they didn't have any environmental standards and responsibility that we do today. 8 None of this can happen without taking the 9 first step, a step specifically instructed by 10 the JRP of 2021 by the Alberta government to 11 take. Let Northback do the initial studies and 12 exploration required to push this project 13 forward in the future to design a line that 14 will protect the citizens' waterways and landscapes of Alberta. 15 This leads us to question why there's a public hearing on this 16 17 drilling program to begin with. Our group attended a trade show in 18 19 Pincher Creek, our neighbouring community, to 20 the east of us in April 26 and 27. We received 21 overwhelming positive response on our petition 22 of support that will go to legislature presented by our MLA: 23 320 signatures from the 24 trade show in just two days. We had another 1,400 -- sorry -- our group 25 26 attended -- our group attends Crowsnest Pass

communities farmers' markets where we received 1 2 another 1,400 in-person face-to-face 3 signatures. This has so much more weight than an online petition because we had the 4 5 opportunity to personally speak to hundreds of 6 people. 1,700-plus agreed with our position, and on November 25th, full-time residents headed to the polls and voted 72 percent in 8 9 favour of the Grassy Mountain project. 10 As a local leader who represents other 11 local residents, businesses, and stakeholders 12 in support of this project, we feel backed 13 against a corner, having our chances to prosper 14 extinguished over unfounded fear. Local residents are frustrated by anti-coal 15 campaigns causing unnecessary delay of a 16 17 drilling project causing significant economic consequences. Anti-coal campaigns have zero 18 proof or evidence of any negative impact and 19 20 use speculatory language like "maybe" and 21 It is the Alberta Energy Regulator's duty to assess each project under its own 22 23 merits and not use the examples from projects 24 with legacy issues. 25 It is also the duty of the AER to make sure 26 that all statements of concerns are relevant

1	and specific. We fail to understand why
2	Josefine Singh from Edmonton, 600-plus
3	kilometres away north of a project, is directly
4	impacted. It's also hard to understand why
5	blanket statements made made by
6	environmental activist groups such as CPAWS,
7	Alberta Alberta Alberta Wilderness
8	Society, Canada Parks and Wilderness Society,
9	Timberwolf Society, and I'm sorry. I don't
10	know how to say this one Pekisko Group are
11	being considered. Corb Lund, a country music
12	singer who claims that he will be that he is
13	well aware of the specifics and yet refuses to
14	acknowledge the provincial, federal, and US
15	regulatory studies and reports and continues to
16	say that it's very selfish to continue to act
17	like downstream users are not affected,
18	generating fear and division against the
19	fear and division in Alberta against the
20	Crowsnest Pass.
21	Northback's first application was denied in
22	2021, and in December of 2021, the coal policy
23	Committee's final report qualified Grassy
24	Mountain as an advanced coal project on
25	Category 4 land. The denial of this program
26	will have detrimental impacts to investment

1	Alberta detrimental impacts to investment in
2	Alberta. There is no reason why we shouldn't
3	move forward with this project.
4	In Alberta, we are global leaders in
5	resource extraction and exploration, doing it
6	more environmentally friendly and more
7	regulated than anywhere else in the world.
8	So with all that being said, how do we move
9	on from this? How do we move forward? We stop
10	listening to unfounded fear and unproven fear,
11	and we follow the rules and regulations put in
12	place by the Alberta Energy Regulator. Thank
13	you.
14	THE CHAIR: Thank you very much.
15	Any questions? No?
16	Thank you. Thank you very much.
17	So next on the schedule we have Coal
18	Association of Canada.
19	ROBIN CAMPBELL, Affirmed
20	Direct Evidence of Coal Association of Canada -
21	Robin Campbell
22	R. CAMPBELL: Good morning. My
23	name is Robin Campbell
24	THE CHAIR: Could you move the
25	microphone closer, please.
26	R. CAMPBELL: Oh, there we go.

1	THE CHAIR:	Thank you.
2	R. CAMPBELL:	Can you hear me now?
3	THE CHAIR:	Yes.
4	R. CAMPBELL:	Okay.
5	THE CHAIR:	Thank you.
6	R. CAMPBELL:	Okay. Thanks to the
7	Panel for allowing the Coal Association of	
8	Canada to present today.	
9	My name is Robin Campbell, and I'm the	
10	president of the Coal Association. While I	
11	will not get into the intimate details of the	
12	drilling application program, I believe it is	
13	important for the Panel and the audience to	
14	understand what is going on in the coal	
15	industry at home and abroad. It is within this	
16	context I hope the Panel sees the importance of	
17	this drilling application and the subsequent	
18	mine application as it relates to the people of	
19	the Crowsnest Pass, the surrounding	
20	municipalities, the province, and the country.	
21	While coal field industrial revolution is	
22	important, it is no less today than it was at	
23	the turn of the 19th century, its importance	
24	through two world wars and countless conflicts,	
25	even as we see today. Think about the conflict	
26	in the Ukraine right now a	nd the steel that's

1	being used to produce the	ammunition and the
2	weapons so the people of U	Kraine continue to
3	have their freedoms. Thin	k of what's going on
4	in Israel and the Gaza Str	rip right now as we
5	continue to watch those fi	ghts continue; that's
6	all steel. They're going	to need the steel to
7	build the infrastructure t	hat you know has been
8	destroyed unfortunately be	cause of the war and
9	the bombs that have been d	ropped over the
10	coming years.	
11	THE CHAIR:	Sorry, Mr. Campbell.
12	Can I ask you to speak slo	wly because I see
13	R. CAMPBELL:	Yes. No yeah.
14	THE CHAIR:	fume coming up
15	over there.	
16	R. CAMPBELL:	I can honestly say
17	that I have burnt out more	than one court
18	reporter. I apologize. I	my time doing all
19	this stuff, yeah, I unders	tand the importance
20	of talking slowly, and I -	- if you just go like
21	that, I'll slow down. Oka	Ϋ́S.
22	THE CHAIR:	Will do.
23	R. CAMPBELL:	Thank you very much.
24	THE CHAIR:	Thank you.
25	R. CAMPBELL:	To be able to defend
26	our freedoms, to continue	to develop our

1	countries and continue to enjoy the lifestyle
2	we now lead, we need steel. We need
3	high-quality coal that is prevalent along the
4	eastern slopes of the Rockies, and none is
5	better than in the Crowsnest Pass area.
6	I'd like to address six points: Number 1,
7	the types of coal: anthracite, bituminous,
8	subbituminous, and lignite. And the reason I
9	want to talk about this is people get thermal
10	coal and steelmaking coal mixed up. All they
11	think about is the coal for power a power
12	development, and they don't understand the
13	difference. So I think it's important for the
14	Panel to understand the difference.
15	Probably the cleanest burning coal is, of
16	course, anthracite, and it was used widely for
17	heating homes, but its reserves have now been
18	widely exhausted. So if you think of the
19	Appalachia area, Pennsylvania, Ohio, West
20	Virginia, all were anthracite-developed States
21	and was used and that coal was used
22	worldwide.
23	The lowest quality, of course, is lignite,
24	and that's was primarily used for
25	electricity. So in Alberta, Saskatchewan, you
26	get into Nova Scotia, you have a lot of lignite

1 reserves, and of course in Alberta we're using 2 that to produce power for -- for a number of 3 years. In this region, we're widely blessed with 4 huge reserves of coking coal or metallurgic 5 6 coal or we like to call -- use [sic] it as steelmaking coal. It is a subbituminous coal, and it's a hard coking coal and some of the 8 9 best in the world. 10 This quality of coal and this great of coal 11 can produce good quality coke, and coke is 12 essential in the blast furnace process of 13 making steel. So to have high-quality steel, 14 you need high-quality coke. Of course, the demand for this type of coal is coupled with 15 the demand of steel. 16 The coal we have in Alberta along the 17 eastern slopes is in comparison to the coal 18 fields of Australia. And the reason I bring 19 20 that up is 'cause Australia is one of the 21 largest metallurgical coal exporters in the 22 world, and we can complete with them when it 23 comes to quality. 24 Our coal burns well. It's low in sulphur, 25 ash, phosphorous, and moisture. Of course, as 26 I said before, there are several types of

1	steelmaking coal. There's hard, medium,
2	semi-soft, and pulverized. Again, we're
3	blessed with the fact that we have hard coking
4	coal along the eastern slopes.
5	In 2018, Alberta was the leading coal
6	producer in Canada. Unfortunately, because of
7	policies set by a previous government in 2023,
8	BC was able to take over as the leading coal
9	producer. In Alberta, it is low to medium
10	volatile ranked coal.
11	It is important to note that there's
12	33 billion tons of coal in Alberta.
13	29.3 billion is subbituminous, and 3.8 billion
14	are bituminous, and these are AER numbers.
15	When we look at the steel industry, we
16	continue to see growth around the world,
17	especially in developing countries, of course
18	led by India. In fact, steel production in
19	India is going through the roof. In fact,
20	steel production will grow by 30 percent by
21	2050. Think about the number of tons of steel
22	that are produced now. We're talking millions
23	of tons. That number's going to increase by
24	30 percent. And those numbers I think are
25	conservative. I've read where there's people
26	saying that the steel industry will increase by

1 50 percent. Of course, this directly relates to the 2 3 increase in coal production of which investors will continue to look towards coal reserves in 4 5 Western Canada. Everything we use in everyday 6 tasks uses steel: infrastructure, transportation, agriculture. If you're a fan of renewable energy, you're 8 9 a fan of steel. Each new megawatt of solar 10 panels requires between 35 to 45 tons of steel. 11 Each new megawatt of wind power requires 120 to 12 180 tons of steel. It also takes 600 to 13 1,000 tons of concrete which needs fly ash for 14 its production. And, of course, you get fly 15 ash from coal. So a 2-megawatt turbine is made up of -- of 16 17 260 tons of steel that requires 300 tons of iron ore and 170 tons of coking coal. 18 it needs to be transported and produced with 19 20 hydrocarbons. And, of course, as you come down 21 into Pincher Creek, what do you see? 22 turbines. So think about the number of 23 turbines you're looking at and think about the 24 amount of steel and the amount of coal that had 25 to go into that process to make sure that those 26 turbines were standing.

1	When it comes to solar, stainless steel is
2	the preferred option. And so, again, you know,
3	good quality steel, good quality coal. If you
4	like your toaster, thank coal. If you drove
5	here, thank coal. Your phone, your tablets,
6	your computer, coal made it happen.
7	In 2022, Canada produced 47 million tons of
8	coal. 59 percent was steelmaking coal. Coal
9	provides jobs for over 40,000 Canadians. Think
10	about that number: 40,000 Canadians. When you
11	look at wage earners that pay taxes in Canada,
12	coal miners were in the top 5 percent of
13	Canadians.
14	Next door in BC, 6,500 jobs created;
15	\$137,000 average annual compensation.
16	28 million of government revenue generated. I
17	spent the majority of my working life in the
18	coal industry. I'm a fourth-generation coal
19	miner. So people say, you know, you're the
20	president of the Coal Association; you're a
21	lobbyist. No. I'm a coal miner.
22	I started in the mines in 1978 in Hinton,
23	Alberta, and I worked in those mines until
24	2008. You know, I started my I started my
25	mining in 1972 in Sudbury, Ontario, as a nickel
26	miner, and when I graduated from university, I

1	moved from there to the iron ore mines west of
2	Thunder Bay, Ontario, in an area called
3	Atikokan, and from there, I came to the coal
4	mines. Broke my mother's heart. I was the
5	first person in our family not to go to the
6	coal mines. I went to university. Left
7	university, went back to the mines.
8	She couldn't understand why, and I can tell
9	you that, you know, it's in your blood. If
10	you're a coal miner, you're a coal miner. Our
11	family's been through all kinds of tribulations
12	in the coal industry. I've lost uncles to
13	death through black lung, through mine
14	collapses. We've lost, you know, family
15	members through layoffs, but we've always been
16	resilient, and we've always come back.
17	And, you know, when I worked for the United
18	Mine Workers of America, I looked after this
19	region. I used to come down here all the time
20	into the Crowsnest Pass area and into Fernie
21	and into Sparwood. I've looked after people
22	with black lung claims. I did all their
23	compensation. You know, I know the rich
24	history in this area that was here.
25	When we go to Hillcrest every year and
26	celebrate Miner's Day, the Hillcrest disaster,

1 people do not forget. 2 So I think it's important, you know, as 3 a -- as a past miner and -- you know, the mines were good to my -- my -- my children. 4 daughters worked in the mines and put 5 6 themselves through university by working summer jobs, and, you know, one's a doctor now. in communications with the Alberta Government, 8 9 and they've done quite well, but they were able 10 to get a good education because of the coal 11 mines. And when I look at this -- look at this 12 area and I think about all the people that I 13 14 used to visit when I came down here and I think about the rich history and I think, you know, 15 about the projects that could be back in this 16 17 area and the jobs it will create and the chance for people with families that want to stay here 18 19 can stay here and have a good living. 20 You know, it's interesting, our individuals 21 from Crowsnest Pass talking about tourism. 22 live in Jasper, Alberta. Well, I did live in I just lost my house in a 23 Jasper, Alberta. 24 fire, the forest fires that went through there. 25 But, you know, you talk about tourism, and, you 26 know, I'm lucky. I run a guiding business, but

I have other income, so I do quite well. 1 2 But I talk to a lot of people that come to 3 Jasper to work in the tourism industry, and a lot of them are foreign workers. They come 4 from Mexico; they come from the Philippines. 5 6 They don't have the ability just to work one job in the tourism industry. They're working three, some of them four jobs, and they're 8 living with four, five, six people in a house 9 10 because that's what it takes to pay the rent. 11 And -- you know, so is there a chance for 12 tourism and can tourism survive? T think 13 there's probably a niche for it, but I think that tourism can also survive with the coal 14 15 mine. I remember going through the Cheviot 16 17 hearings in Hinton, Alberta, when I worked at Cardinal River and we were developing the 18 Cheviot mine, and everybody talked about how 19 20 the Cheviot mine was going to impact Jasper National Park. And we went through two full 21 22 hearings. We went through a number of judicial reviews, and at the end of the day, the Cheviot 23 24 mine got built. And the Cheviot mine had no 25 impact at all on Jasper National Park or the 26 tourism industry.

1 As a matter of fact, you know, one of the things that miners at Cardinal River were proud 2 3 of was the environmental standards that we set. The fact that when I went to the mine in 1978 4 5 there was no elk on the property. There's now 6 a herd there of over 250 elk. Bighorn sheep that were -- that were brought into the area, and they came, and they lived in the mine site. 8 9 Because of the high walls, they had ability to 10 escape their predators. With the ungulates 11 came the carnivores, so grizzly bears, wolves, 12 coyotes, all of these animals came into the And it's quite the ecosystem. 13 mine site. 14 And so I think when you look down here at 15 the Crowsnest Pass, I think you have the ability to do all that down here, and that's 16 17 why I think it's important that we move forward. 18 I want to talk about blast furnaces and 19 20 EAF, which is electronic [sic] arc furnaces, and there's lots of talk about green steel. 21 22 And I can say to you right now that green steel 23 is a pipe dream. The amount of energy, the

electricity that you're going to need to run an electric arc furnace, we just don't have it, and we're not going to have it.

24

25

26

If you look at the United States right now where they're talking about going electric arc furnace, they don't have the energy right now to run AI. And a number of the coal-fired generating plants in the United States that were supposed to be shut down now are not going to be. They're going to continue to burn coal because they need the energy.

So when I look at -- you know, when you hear about green steel, you know, there's no way that the costs of producing green steel are going to be able to compete with traditional steel producers, and of course, as you know, one of the largest steel producers in the world is China. And China has the ability to sell their steel at whatever market price they want, and so, you know, that's one of the reasons you have the Rust Belt in the States.

The American steel industry that was through Ohio, you know, through Cleveland, through the Great Lakes, they just couldn't compete with Chinese steel because of labour costs and the fact that the dollar was -- was so high. The Chinese just took over the industry.

So when you talk about funding for green

1 steel, right now they're talking about 2 23 billion euros to have in place for research 3 by 2030. 23 billion euros. Think about that. Where that money's going to go? 4 Carbon steel is still the best steel in the 5 6 world. So as I said earlier, when I looked at the Crowsnest Pass and the Elk Valley, it's an area of rich coal mining history, and it's rich 8 9 in future projects. There's a number of areas 10 along the eastern slopes that will provide 11 tremendous economic opportunities for people in 12 this region. These people deserve the 13 opportunity to continue that rich history. 14 One last point to consider, when tech resources solid their assets, it was no 15 surprise that Glencore, one of the largest 16 17 mining companies in the world, bought it. What's overlooked by many, though, is the 18 5 percent ownership by both Nippon Steel of 19 20 Japan and POSCO out of South Korea, they are 21 securing a supply of good coking coal. 22 would not be investing in Canada if they didn't 23 think there was going to be a need for that 24 coal moving forward. This drilling application is the first 25 26 step, but it's an important first step.

1	ask the Panel to look at the	ne evidence, look
2	what's happening down in th	nis area from an
3	economic point of view, and	d realize the
4	importance of the drilling	application and the
5	subsequent application as v	we move forward.
6	Thank you for listening	ng to me. I'd be
7	happy to answer any questic	ons you might have.
8	THE CHAIR:	Thank you,
9	Mr. Campbell.	
10	I have no questions.	Thank you very much.
11	So next on the agenda	, I have Mr. Corb
12	Lund.	
13	CORB LUND, Affirmed	
14	Direct Evidence of Corb Lur	nd
15	C. LUND:	Morning.
16	THE CHAIR:	Good morning.
17	C. LUND:	To start with, I'd
18	like to thank our previous	environment minister
19	for his ringing endorsement	t of the coal mines.
20	My name is Corb Lund, and	I'm a sixth
21	generation we're just wa	aiting a minute to
22	swear in our next expert.	
23	THE CHAIR:	So just a quick
24	procedural matter. I hear	that Mr. Lee Eddy
25	will be providing some evid	dence; is that
26	correct	

1	C. LUND:	Yes.
2	THE CHAIR: -	with you?
3	I need to ask Northback	if they have any
4	objection because it's a bit	off script.
5	M. IGNASIAK: T	Thank you, Madam
6	Chair. Martin Ignasiak for	Northback.
7	We weren't aware of thi	ls. What I would
8	propose is we simply treat t	this as the ongoing
9	limited participant session.	Mr. Eddy I'm
10	not sure what his area is, b	out I think we just
11	treat it as limited particip	oant time, as
12	Mr. Lund's time, and we'll m	make submissions at
13	the end of the technical hea	aring in terms of
14	how to treat all expert or a	alleged expert
15	evidence and what to do with	n it at that time,
16	if that's appropriate for th	ne Panel.
17	THE CHAIR:	Yes. Thank you.
18	Please proceed.	
19	C. LUND:	Thank you. Yeah, my
20	name's Corb Lund. I'm a six	th-generation
21	Albertan. Both sides of my	family have been in
22	the ag industry for 120 year	rs. I'm a
23	landowner. I help with the	family ranch that
24	we've had in the family sinc	ce the turn of the
25	century. I play music for a	a living. I write
26	songs about this area, this	region, and I sing

1	them all over the place, all over the world.
2	I was brought into this issue by some
3	similar generational family ranching people
4	further north on the slopes when they were
5	concerned about coal mining that was
6	potentially happening back in 2020.
7	In my 30 years of public being, I guess,
8	a public figure, an entertainer, I've never
9	ever spoken publicly on a political issue.
10	I've stayed out of the fray and remained an
11	artist and not weighed in on anything.
12	I'm nonpartisan. I don't have any
13	affiliation or love for any of the political
14	parties. I'm also not anti-resource. I
15	understand that in the modern world we need
16	things. We need raw materials. We need
17	manufactured goods. That doesn't mean that
18	every project is automatically worth doing.
19	Every project obviously has to be assessed on
20	its own merit, including this one.
21	I also don't like it when entertainers
22	weigh in on issues that they don't understand.
23	So when I was first approached by the the
24	ranching families to support them in their
25	fight against coal mines, I spent about six
26	weeks educating myself. I wasn't touring. I

1	was home. I spent hundreds of hours of my own
2	time meeting with many, many people, dozens and
3	dozens of people from all sides of the issue.
4	I think I met with more pro-coal people than
5	anti-coal people. I met with I've met with
6	a couple of coal CEOs, Mr. Campbell himself, at
7	least four government ministers, MLAs from both
8	sides of the aisle, MLA MPs, rather
9	federal MPs from both sides of the aisle, as
10	well as scientists, conservationists, hunters,
11	ranchers, irrigating farmers, toxicologists;
12	and I gave it a fair shot. I didn't I
13	didn't have a dog in the fight going into it.
14	I I wanted to understand the issue before I
15	spoke on it.
16	So I gave it a fair shake, and I I
17	looked at it, and as a thinking person, I
18	have had to come to the conclusion that
19	having a coal mine at the headwaters of our
20	of our Oldman River is just a terrible idea,
21	both economically and for our water. And I
22	don't understand why we're doing it, frankly.
23	I I mean, the Oldman, it's it's never
24	I don't think it would ever be a good idea, but
25	particularly now when anyone in agriculture can
26	tell you that we're in a a multiyear drought

and the water allocations are overallocated 1 2 already. 3 I also know this hearing's about exploration, but as Mr. Garbutt mentioned, it's 4 5 clear to everyone in the room that the 6 exploration is with mining and mines. understand that. I'm -- I'm -- I'm aware of the purpose of this. I'm -- I'm still going to 8 speak about the effects of mining itself. 9 10 I also understand that everything has a 11 People have spoken up about agriculture cost. 12 having a cost; certainly does. So does oil and 13 So does your iPhone. Anything in a 14 modern society with 8 or 9 billion people is 15 going to have a cost. But on a scale of risk 16 versus reward, the -- the spectrum of -- of, 17 you know, benefits for Albertans versus costs, in my opinion, coal mines are way beyond 18 anything I've ever seen before. 19 I'm going to -- the -- I don't think it makes sense --20 21 sense for our water or economically -- I'm 22 going to attack the water part first or address 23 it. 24 Coal mines -- open-pit coal mines 25 traditionally and historically pollute our 26 water.

1	Is there a timer here	, or do you just tell
2	me?	
3	THE CHAIR:	I'm keeping time.
4	C. LUND:	Okay.
5	THE CHAIR:	Don't worry.
6	C. LUND:	Sorry. Yeah.
7	Coal coal mines histori	cally pollute water
8	sources, both river water	and and
9	groundwater. And no matte	r what Northback or
10	any of the other mining co	mpanies I talked to a
11	couple of years ago tell u	s, I don't see the
12	evidence that there's any	way to mitigate
13	selenium in groundwater or	rivers, especially
14	groundwater. When it gets	under the water,
15	there's I don't see how	you can get rid of
16	it. It's it's miles und	der underground.
17	So you can	
18	We've been talking ab	out Teck a little bit
19	this morning over in the E	lk Valley in BC. You
20	don't you don't have to	go halfway across
21	the globe to see Alberta's	future if we let
22	these mines in at the head	waters of our rivers.
23	I talked to an old-ti	mer a couple weeks ago
24	in Cranbrook who's lived m	ost of his life in
25	and around the mines since	since they've
26	been put in. He says he's	hearing identical

statements from Northback and the 1 Alberta-facing coal companies as he did from 2 Teck years ago when Teck went in. 3 He says that Teck promised there would not be contamination. 4 If there was, they would mitigate it. 5 They 6 would be stewards of the water, et cetera, et They've done none of that. 8 hearing people talking about Sparwood and --9 and Fernie. No matter what you think about 10 Sparwood and Fernie, my understanding is that 11 you can't drink the well water there anymore because of selenium contamination. 12 13 Also, I think the proof is in the pudding 14 because Teck has been fined record levels of fines over and over for polluting, and 15 apparently the fines aren't big enough because 16 17 they just treat it as a line item and just keep on mining. The -- the fines really should be 18 19 big enough to bankrupt the company if they have 20 pollution transgressions, I think. But Teck 21 has recently divested of that mining area. 22 don't know why, but they decided it's a better idea not to be there for whatever reason. 23 24 I did meet with Mr. Young and Mr. Campbell, 25 as well as a fellow named Doyle from -- from 26 Montem, another coal company, and I -- we

had -- they're all nice people; this isn't 1 2 But I didn't hear any -- any 3 definitive solutions from them on mitigating selenium contamination. 4 5 Water -- water is a huge -- everyone drinks 6 the water, and there -- there are real threats to the water. And someone recently -- one of the pro-coal people mentioned evidence, I 8 There's plenty of evidence to show that 9 think. 10 selenium comes from coal mines, contaminates 11 the water, ruins the aquatic life environment, 12 is toxic to humans, is bad for agriculture 13 down the -- downstream. This whole thing --14 I'll get into the economics of it. I have to address this referendum issue 15 in -- in Crowsnest Pass. The mines are not 16 17 going to be -- my understanding is that the mines are not going to be located in the 18 municipality of Crowsnest Pass. 19 They're going to be located in Ranchland [sic] MD. Ranchland 20 21 MD's city -- town council, whatever you --22 county council, whatever it's called, has -has unanimously voted against having the mines. 23 24 And if you want to have a referendum, if they 25 have one in Ranchlands, I'm almost certain that 26 the results would be almost the opposite. And,

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as well, it's -- to me -- I -- forgive me.
 1
 2
         I don't remember her name, the lady that spoke
 3
         before me -- mentioned me -- mentioned people
         talking about the selfishness of the
 4
         Crowsnest Pass's interests in this.
 5
 6
         I'll -- I'll reiterate it; I think it's
         breathtakingly selfish -- and I have nothing
 8
         against people in the Crowsnest Pass, but it's
 9
         got to be proportional. Like, it's
10
         breathtakingly selfish to me for them to talk
11
         about their jobs and their families and pull
12
         your heart strings about emotional family
13
         stories about mining.
14
              I mean, I have no problem with the history
         of mining. I get it. Like, Lethbridge was
15
         founded on mining decades ago.
16
         understand that. It doesn't mean it has a
17
         place in our future.
18
19
              Anyway, it's -- it's very selfish to me
20
         when there are 200,000 people downstream using
21
         the water, huge economic interests using the
22
         water, including agriculture, which has
23
         traditionally been a steadfast and steady
         income for -- for Albertans for 120 years,
24
25
         unlike mining, which is much more sporadic.
26
              There are millions and millions and
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1	millions of dollars' worth of food processing
2	plants in Lethbridge, where I live, and the
3	water from the Oldman is used directly for
4	Lethbridge water drinkers. I drink it myself.
5	This is another issue. A couple people
6	this morning have referred to me as a country
7	singer or an entertainer, and that's totally
8	true; but I'm also a water drinker. I'm not on
9	a jet from Hollywood coming in to to scold
10	people. My family's been here as long as
11	anybody as as Europeans, and I personally
12	drink the water. So do my family. So do my
13	friends. We irrigate out of it. We our
14	our animals drink it. So we're very directly
15	affected by this.
16	And the scale of it is I mean, I have
17	sympathy for people who need jobs in the Pass.
18	I get it. But it's proportional. A few
19	hundred jobs versus the potential to ruin the
20	water for thousands and thousands
21	of people downstream as well as economically
22	is is just doesn't make any sense to me.
23	Fiscally, you have to weigh those jobs
24	against ag jobs and tourism jobs, and it's
25	you know, it's a balancing act, of course.
26	But, you know, even aside from that, even if

1	that pencilled out, I personally guarantee as
2	a as a everyone knows where I live. I
3	live in Lethbridge; I'm easy to find. I I
4	will stake my reputation that if these mines go
5	in 10 years from now, 20 years from now,
6	30 years from some time at some point the
7	tax payer's going to be on the hook for a huge
8	cleanup bill. I I'm sure of it. In my
9	heart and my mind, I just know it's going to
10	happen. It happens all the time.
11	We're looking at we read constantly
12	about liabilities for orphan wells. I'm I
13	don't want to be aggressive, but the same AER
14	that I suppose is ultimately responsible for
15	that situation is responsible for controlling
16	and regulating these coal mines. And I'm
17	sorry. Albertans just don't trust it. And I
18	hate to say that, but a lot of us don't trust
19	it.
20	And and I don't I hear all the time,
21	Trust the process; we have the best
22	regulations; we have government in place to
23	protect us from these things. I don't think we
24	do. I really don't think we do.
25	When you look at a number of things that
26	have happened in Alberta and the amount of

1 pollution that's gone on -- and I'm not a 2 raging lefty eco person. My family are ag 3 But, I mean, we drink the water. people. water is the key thing here. And I just don't 4 5 trust that the companies care about it enough 6 to keep it clean or -- or our government has enough teeth to prevent them from doing it. 8 And I gotta say too, I don't care how many 9 golf courses they build or how many park 10 benches they paint. I mean, Northback is a 11 corporation driven by profit. That's all they 12 care about. And it's ridiculously naïve to 13 think that painting a park bench and fixing up 14 a golf course when it's a tiny proportion of 15 what they're going to make on this from our coal is enough to -- is enough to swing things. 16 17 This is an old story. This is a resource company coming in, throwing money around 18 everywhere, buying people off, in my opinion, 19 20 and -- and -- and in influencing -- in my 21 opinion again, influencing the government, 22 like, to act against the interests of the majority of Albertans. 23 There's been poll after 24 poll that shows 70 to 80 percent of Albertans want no part of any new mines in the Rockies. 25 26 So why are we here again.

1	It brings up another point. I don't want
2	to grandstand, but I've spent literally
3	hundreds of hours of my own time on this, and
4	the last thing I wanted to learn about was coal
5	mines. I have no interest in coal mines. I
6	understand we need steel. I understand all
7	those things. Again, it doesn't mean just
8	because we need steel for our vehicles and our
9	buildings doesn't mean that every mine is
10	appropriate. Okay? But I've spent much of my
11	own personal time on this and so have all the
12	ranchers involved in this, and a whole lot of
13	the people that are against coal have spent so
14	much of their own time on this.
15	And I'm sure these lawyers are being paid.
16	I'm sure Mr. Campbell's being paid. I'm sure
17	Mr. Young's being paid. I'm sure the
18	government people are being paid. We're not
19	being paid. And here we are again for the
20	second time having to fight the same exact mine
21	that we we thought we beat two years ago.
22	Like, as everyone here knows, the the
23	Grassy Mountain was was denied by the JRP,
24	the Joint Review Panel, which includes, I
25	believe, the AER as well as the federal people.
26	There were appeals, I believe, multiple

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	1	appeals. Those were not	those were denied.
	2	The polling among Albertans	s is so strongly
	3	against these coal mines.	I don't understand
	4	why we're doing it. But he	ere we are again
	5	using our own time doing th	ne job that our
	6	government should be doing	for us, frankly.
	7	And I don't know if this is	s a function of money
	8	being thrown around or why	our government is so
	9	bent on pushing these mines	S.
	10	I've I've talked to	so many MLAs, and
	11	it's just push, push, push.	And it doesn't
	12	make any political sense to	me. I guess maybe
	13	I'm ignorant of the process	s, but I think
	14	there's money involved, per	rsonally.
	15	THE CHAIR:	Mr. Lund
	16	C. LUND:	I would ask the AER
	17	to say no to this explorati	on on behalf of the
	18	majority of Albertans.	
	19	THE CHAIR:	So just since I'm
	20	timekeeper as well, you're	15 minutes in, so if
	21	you want your	
	22	C. LUND:	I'm sorry. Can you
	23	repeat that?	
	24	THE CHAIR:	You're 15 minutes
	25	in.	
	26	C. LUND:	Okay. Yeah, I would

1	like to paraphrase. I was asked by two groups
2	of First Nations people who have different
3	opinions than their leadership to read
4	statements. I don't have time to read this
5	one, but it's from the Piikani community group,
6	Mountain Child Valley Society. In a nutshell,
7	they say they are very much against the coal
8	mines. Though they're for economic
9	development, they don't think it should be at
10	the expense of our environment and our water,
11	and they say this on behalf of a great part of
12	their community, and they say they are not in
13	agreement with their chiefs.
14	Another person who's name is Terry Fox
15	who's a member of the Kainai Sundance Society
16	has a much more succinct message: His message
17	was: (as read)
18	Foreign coal companies, you're not
19	welcome in Blackfoot country.
20	I'm going to give the rest of my time to
21	Mr. Lee, who is an expert in the effects of
22	selenium of agriculture. Thank you.
23	THE CHAIR: Thank you, Mr. Lund.
24	LEE EDDY, Affirmed
25	Direct Evidence of Lee Eddy
26	L. EDDY: Yes. Hello, my name

1	is Lee Eddy. I'm with Blue Rock Animal
2	Nutrition, and I got interested in this
3	THE CHAIR: You need to restart
4	so they can capture what you said. Can you
5	restart, please, and speak slowly?
6	L. EDDY: My name Lee Eddy,
7	and I am with Blue Rock Animal Nutrition. I'm
8	an owner of that and have 12 employees. We
9	deal with cattle producers, mainly cow-calf
10	operations, and my concern came when I looked
11	at the potential problems that could cause the
12	feedlots on feedlot alley.
13	And this is by bioaccumulation, which was
14	proven by the Kiersten [phonetic] I'm trying
15	to contract everything Kiersten reservoir
16	down in San Francisco. It's been well proven
17	that irrigation will bioaccumulate selenium.
18	The problem with it is we do not know how much
19	water in or how much selenium in the water
20	will cause this to happen. It's not very much.
21	It's like salt, sodium. You can kill the soil
22	with water that has high sodium, but it is okay
23	for people to drink.
24	The same thing can happen with selenium.
25	It will form selenium salts on the soil, and
26	when the runoff happens, it will go into
ĺ	

1 back into the river and cause high selenium This has been shown at Belews Lake 2 3 down in North Carolina. The coal-powered fire plant was shut down, but by bioaccumulation 4 downstream of that, it's going to take another 5 6 ten years to clean up the selenium, and it's still toxic to fish downstream of the Belews Lake in North Carolina. 8 9 The other one is Kendrick and Wyoming. 10 Irrigated alfalfa with high selenium levels in 11 the water. 15 percent of that alfalfa was 12 not -- was toxic to cattle because of the 13 selenium levels. 14 Now, I have not heard very much about downstream bioaccumulation in any of this, and 15 this is where my concern is. Dr. Lemly in 16 17 Belews Lake also connected intensive livestock operations with bioaccumulation 'cause what 18 happens -- it's much like DDT: 19 The higher up 20 you go in the food chain, the more concentrated the product comes, and selenium is this. 21 22 The thing is the manure is highly -- got 23 high levels of selenium which may run off into 24 the rivers. If you have a high water event 25 that will increase the selenium level going 26 back into the rivers, even though upriver of it

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it might be a lot lower, and this is all a
 1
         result of bioaccumulation.
 2
 3
              So -- and how much time do I have left?
                                     Four or five
         THE CHAIR:
 4
 5
         minutes, but take your time.
                                        Sorry.
 6
         L. EDDY:
                                     Four or five
         minutes?
         THE CHAIR:
 8
                                     Yeah, 'cause
 9
         collectively you had 20 minutes, and we are
10
         still not quite at 20 minutes.
11
         L. EDDY:
                                     Okay.
                                            Yeah.
                                                   Like,
12
         this is my concern: We'll have a multiplier
13
         effect downstream of selenium, even though it
14
         might come out very low but still higher than
         it is right now at the mine or wherever --
15
         wherever the water comes from the mine. But as
16
17
         it goes downstream, and especially in drought
         conditions, it will increase its concentration
18
         in the water which will get used for
19
20
         irrigation. Then it bioaccumulates, and then
21
         it raises it up.
22
              Like, in the Wyoming situation, the -- it
         raised -- the selenium and plant tissue was,
23
24
         like, 10,000 times higher than the water.
25
         water that was irrigated -- the surface water
26
         below was a hundred times higher than the water
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1 that was in the original stream in the Kendrick 2 situation. 3 And basically -- and that's the reason 15 percent of the hay that came off that 4 irrigated pasture could not be used for feed. 5 6 It probably got burned. And the case with Kiersten -- the Kiersten reservoir -- and what's really interesting 8 9 about all these situations, it usually starts 10 not from seeing deformed fish but deformed 11 fledgling waterfowl. And that was the 12 situation with the Kendrick. They saw it in a 13 pond downstream of the mine in Wyoming, and it 14 was the same thing with the Belews. first birds they seen, deformed fledgling 15 birds, and the same thing with Kiersten. 16 17 But Lemly has done quite a bit of work on all this, and basically he says born off the 18 top of a mountain isn't worth the gain. 19 20 Short-term gain for the long-term pain. 21 would highly recommend we seriously look at the 22 downstream effects of this, potential effects before proceeding any further. Especially 23 24 getting a baseline for selenium in, like, 25 manure packs, plant tissue, and water --26 surface water levels, surface water. Not river

1	water but surface water und	ler irrigation. I'd
2	highly recommend that we ta	ke a look at that
3	before we proceed any furth	er.
4	And that's about all I	have to say right
5	now. I was called in sort	of late on this,
6	so but if anybody has an	y more questions,
7	I'm more than willing to an	iswer.
8	THE CHAIR:	Thank you very much.
9	Questions? Questions?	No. No questions
10	from the Panel or counsel?	No. Thank you.
11	And Northback is going	to address in
12	January portion of the hear	ing. Thank you very
13	much.	
14	L. EDDY:	Thank you.
15	THE CHAIR:	Thank you, Mr. Eddy.
16	So next on the agenda	and we're still
17	25 minutes before lunch	we have Crowsnest
18	Conservation Society.	
19	BRENDA DAVISON, Affirmed	
20	Direct Evidence of Brenda D	avison
21	B. DAVISON:	Hi.
22	THE CHAIR:	Hello. Go ahead,
23	please.	
24	B. DAVISON:	I have a PowerPoint.
25	Thank you. Are you ready?	Good morning. My
26	name is Brenda Davison, and	l I'm the president

1	of the Crowsnest Conservation Society. We
2	believe that the exploration program that
3	Northback is proposing may lead to significant
4	detrimental cumulative effects on an ecosystem
5	that is already very vulnerable to losing its
6	ability to produce water and to harbour
7	wildlife.
8	To be sure we're on the same page, we are
9	using the definitions set out on the federal
10	environment website that describes cumulative
11	effects as: (as read)
12	the combined effects from past,
13	present, and reasonably foreseeable
14	activities.
15	So part of that you need to also look at what
16	will happen in the future, so the coal mine.
17	The term generally refers to effects that may
18	be individually minor but are significant
19	collectively.
20	One of the reasons that we believe that the
21	headwaters of the Oldman are especially
22	vulnerable to cumulative effects is that it has
23	no protection. This is a slide from the
24	Alberta Government website that shows the
25	protected areas along the Continental Divide.
26	Starting from the north is Kakwa Wilderness,

1 Willmore, Jasper, Banff, White Goat, Siffleur, 2 and Ghost wildernesses, the five provincial and 3 four Wildland parks that make up K-Country, Plateau Mountain, the Beehive Natural Area, the 4 Bob Creek wilderness, and to the south, Castle 5 6 provincial and Wildland parks and Waterton. The only place without protection is Livingstone. If you consider the fact that 8 Kakwa extends north into BC and Waterton 9 10 extends south into Glacier and Bob Marshall 11 Wilderness, then headwaters and wildlife 12 habitat have been protected for almost 13 1,000 kilometres, except here. And it hasn't 14 been a political issue. 15 In the US, it's been both republicans and In Alberta, it's been both federal 16 democrats. and liberals and conservatives. 17 And in Alberta social credit, conservative, and new democrats, 18 19 but somehow Livingstone has not been protected, 20 and that means it is much more likely that there will be excessive human impacts on water 21 22 and wildlife. 23 This map produced by Alberta Innovates and 24 the University of Lethbridge shows how much 25 water is produced in Alberta. In the 26 headwaters along the Continental Divide, you

1	can see that the dark blue says that the
2	mountains produce over 300,000 cubic metres of
3	water per square kilometre that's pretty
4	amazing except in Livingstone.
5	Livingstone-Porcupine, it is lower on that. It
6	is only between 150 and 300,000 kilometres. I
7	don't know if you can see where I'm where
8	that is. I wish I had a little pointer thing.
9	But Livingstone is the one place along that
10	divide, the Continental divide, that's lighter
11	blue.
12	Also farther north, if you look at the
13	large areas to the land east of the mountains,
14	that area produces the same amount as
15	Livingstone does. Here, there is little
16	extra sorry but down here, there is a
17	little extra water added to the system. Just
18	to the east of the proposed exploration, the
19	water production drops four categories to under
20	50,000, and just south of that to under 25,000.
21	And why?
22	The factors that need to be considered are,
23	first, size. The larger the area, the larger
24	the amount of precipitation that will land and
25	can be stored or used, and elevation matters as
26	well because the amount it increases the
l	

1 volume of the storage. Another advantage is that higher areas hang 2 3 onto the snowpack longer and thus distribute water over a longer time period rather than it 4 5 being lost in flood. 6 And, finally, cover. Imagine the landscape as a sponge absorbing water. So loss of cover on the top of it from things like clear cutting 8 9 and roads and mines exposes the land to sun and 10 wind, increasing evaporation loss and drying 11 the land out. Also hard surfaces like roads allow water to run off the land rather than 12 13 being absorbed. 14 So to see why the Oldman produces so much less water than farther north, these are the 15 Bow River, headwaters is on the left and the 16 17 Oldman on the right. The Google Maps are to the same size. They're both 70 kilometres 18 19 across. 20 So in terms of size, the Bow River headwaters are 45 kilometres wide in the south 21 22 and 70 kilometres in the north. It is 23 buffered -- the Bow headwaters is buffered to 24 the east by Foothills. I haven't shown them 25 all here 'cause they go so wide. On the right 26 is the Oldman headwaters. It's just

1 25 kilometres wide. And the Porcupine Hills 2 cover much less space than the Foothills in the 3 north. In terms of elevation, in the Bow Valley 4 headwaters on the left, there are six or seven 5 6 high mountain ranges. Along the Continental Divide, the mountains average around 1,000 feet in elevation, and the front ranges are about 8 Foothills cover the landscape in the 9 10 east, which is also high. 11 But here in the -- in the headwaters here 12 down in the Oldman, the mountains on the 13 Continental Divide are much lower. 14 average 9,000 feet of elevation, which is 2,000 feet lower than in the north. 15 And Livingstone, the front range -- so 16 17 that's the little piece kind of just in, if you -- I wish I had a pointer, but the 18 Livingstone Range -- and I'll include Turtle 19 20 Mountain and Hillcrest Mountain there -- they 21 average about 8,000 feet in elevation. 22 there is not a high rock range either north or south of Livingstone. You can actually walk 23 from here in Pincher Creek to the Continental 24 Divide along Highway 507 without crossing a 25 26 high mountain.

That lack of elevation is part of the 1 reason that Livingstone produces only the same 2 amount of water as the Foothills in the north. 3 Most of that is about elevation. It's only as 4 5 high here as those -- those Foothills are up 6 north. The reason -- and the reason that the production drops four categories to under 8 9 50,000 cubic metres just to the east of the 10 proposal is that it drops immediately to 11 prairie here. And that prairie has -- lacks 12 And so it loses a lot of -- a lot of 13 stuff to evaporation, and it doesn't have the 14 elevation to hold on to water. 15 To appreciate just how narrow the headwaters is, this is a picture standing at 16 17 Grassy Mountain looking east. That's Livingstone Range, that little range in the 18 19 front, and this is a photo looking west from 20 the same place. That's all there is. 21 This very narrow and very low mostly 22 Foothills area is responsible for providing the water for the prairies of southwestern Alberta. 23 24 The mountains you're looking in the background 25 are the Continental Divide. Alberta gets the 26 water on this side, and BC gets the water on

the other side. 1 And that's all there is. 2 not much water. 3 But talking about cover -- so this is a picture -- the -- that little green thing in 4 the middle says "Oldman headwaters", so the 5 6 headwaters of the Oldman River are in a This is 25 kilometres farther clear-cut. south. Still a lot of it's been clear-cut. 8 9 There's roads; there's exploration sites. 10 Cover to the south, it's still 11 surrounded -- oh, sorry. The Crowsnest River to the south -- so this is the Crowsnest River. 12 13 It's harder to see, I think, on these maps. 14 It's also heavily impacted, but this time by residential use. Most of the 30 kilometres --15 the headwaters is only 30 kilometres here. 16 Most of the 30 kilometres of the headwaters is 17 surrounded by residential development, again, 18 greatly affecting the cover. You can see that 19 20 it is also logged in the top picture to the south of the residential. You can see it's 21 22 been logged. And the little green -- that's --23 the other inset is Blairmore, and you can see 24 from there that little green line that's kind 25 of in the top third of the picture is the 26 Crowsnest River. It runs right along

1 Highway 3. 2 Last winter, a lack of water led to the 3 Oldman reservoir drying up. It's a bit better this year, but CCS believes activities that 4 reduce water production in the Oldman 5 6 headwaters will like -- make this scenario likely to happen again. Those activities include the destruction of cover and the 8 diversion of water during exploration, but also 9 10 there's the foreseeable cumulative impact of a 11 coal mine that will remove hundreds of acres of 12 cover and also take large amounts out of the 13 system for processing coal and dust control. 14 And this is going to affect other 15 Albertans. Oh, my gosh. These look so much 16 better on my computer. They're -- they're far That's the Oldman River from Fort 17 away. 18 Macleod to Taber. The circles that you see are 19 irrigation. 20 This is from Taber to Medicine Hat. Again, 21 there are a lot of existing communities, 22 ranches, farms, and businesses that are 23 dependent on the Oldman River for their water. 24 And Albertans have been very clear about how 25 they feel about coal mines in the mountains 26 over the years.

1	In 1974, Peter Lougheed then a
2	wide-reaching and lengthy consultation which
3	resulted in the coal policy to protect water in
4	the headwaters. In 2014, again, wide public
5	consultation created the South Saskatchewan
6	Regional Plan, which says, and I will quote:
7	(as read)
8	Watershed management and headwaters
9	protection are priorities for both
10	water supply and water quality.
11	Again, Albertans were asked in 2021 by the coal
12	committee what they thought about this. And
13	this is these are quotes from the Alberta
14	website. (as read)
15	The majority of the respondents
16	expressed concerns about coal
17	exploration and development. Their
18	concerns revolved around the
19	environmental impacts and if and where
20	coal could be mined. Albertans
21	have are very concerned about their
22	waters and place a high value on the
23	eastern slopes region.
24	That's from the government website. CCS shares
25	the concerns of those Albertans.
26	Another big issue for the Crowsnest

1	Society sorry Crowsnest Conservation
2	Society is the value of Livingstone as wildlife
3	habitat and as a critical wildlife corridor
4	that could be lost through exploration and
5	mining. I'm going to talk about grizzly bears,
6	but I want you to remember that as I do, it is
7	because they're an umbrella or indicator
8	species, and they represent the whole
9	ecosystem's health health.
10	If we can we can't study every animal,
11	so we study the sorry. Maybe I could put my
12	glasses on. That might make this go better.
13	We can't study every animal, so we study the
14	Apex species like bears because if a
15	countryside can still support grizzlies, it
16	will be good and whole and rich and wild and
17	free enough to support all the other creatures
18	struggling to hold on to a place in this world.
19	So how are grizzlies doing? You can see
20	they used to roam most of western
21	North America, but they have been pushed back
22	until they are just a small line in this area
23	where the mine is going to be. They're just
24	right along there.
25	But species don't actually die out in just
26	a single line, so you can see in 1600 that's

1	what it was. In 1922, it was small islands.
2	But what happens is those islands tend to wink
3	out for a number of reasons. It can be natural
4	reasons like a fire or a bad berry year
5	followed by a harsh winter or sometimes loss of
6	genetic diversity. It is estimated that there
7	are only between 900 and 1,000 grizzlies in
8	Alberta. So in-breeding can become a big
9	problem if a small population is confined.
10	But, most often, those islands wink out because
11	of increased human impact. It is crucial to
12	the survival of large mammals that they are
13	able to move to find mates and food and
14	security, and to do this, they need landscapes
15	that aren't broken into islands.
16	As grizzlies are an indicator species,
17	let's look at some of the other big ones. This
18	is elk range. You can see they've also lost
19	large amounts of usable habitat across
20	North America, and their their population is
21	getting broken into islands. Again, we still
22	have them along the divide just about where the
23	coal mine is going to go. We also have wolves.
24	Again, they have been backed into the mountains
25	in southwest Alberta, though.
26	How do we know how much space, then, we

need to leave to have these animals survive? 1 Well, as it turns out, quite a lot. 2 3 reason we know that is the story of Pluie the wolf. In 1991, Pluie was collared in Peter 4 Lougheed Park, and her collar sent daily 5 signals to a satellite, and the researchers put 6 an 'X' on their map. 8 Now, most of those 'X's were closer to the 9 Continental Divide, but sometimes she'd go down 10 a river valley quite far east. So that red 11 line is just the outside 'X's. They've joined 12 them together. Pluie went through Alberta, west of Calgary, into Montana, Idaho, 13 14 Washington, and back near Fernie, to Banff and 15 Kootenay Park. Unfortunately, she left the park and was killed in a legal hunt. 16 17 The researchers, though, were astonished, at how much landscape she covered, and that 18 data has inspired a new understanding about the 19 20 need for landscape-level conservation 21 strategies to save species, and this is all 22 around the world now. We know that we have to somehow link large spaces of wilder 23 24 well-protected habitat like those national 25 parks in Canada and the US -- so those green 26 spaces -- we know we need to link them using

1	functional animal movement corridors if
2	wildlife is going to persist and not be broken
3	into islands.
4	Some of the people here will have driven
5	past Rock Creek, which isn't far from here,
6	while they're building an underpass, and that's
7	a part of that strategy to join those spaces.
8	Research has also shown us that grizzly
9	bears don't persist on landscapes that have
10	greater than .6 kilometres of linear disruption
11	per square kilometre. So linear destruction
12	means things like roads for cars, quads,
13	forestry, hiking, biking trails, seismic cuts,
14	pipelines, power lines. Of course it's not the
15	linear destruction that gets rid of the bears;
16	it's the human influx that follows the
17	opened-up spaces. These are the kind of
18	cumulative impacts that could be seen as
19	individually minor but become significantly
20	collective collectively sorry
21	significant.
22	Oh, gee. This doesn't show it. Sorry.
23	It's a government map of Dutch Creek area in
24	the Oldman watershed. If you look at this
25	later the AER, you look at this later,
26	you'll see there's an awful lot of little tiny

1 red lines in there. Those are logging roads and miner roads and quad roads and all those 2 3 kinds of things -- pipelines. Right now much of the valley bottoms is -- and upslope areas 4 are covered with that. And, in fact, much of 5 6 the usable habitat is already well beyond the .6 kilometres per square kilometre. Down here, there are also a lot of 8 9 recreational impacts. So that's the 10 Livingstone valley -- the length of the 11 Livingstone valley. The map on the left shows summer motorized trails for OHVs. 12 The one on 13 the right is for winter motorized trails for 14 sledding. In the middle is a little pull-out of the Allison-Chinook trails for hiking, 15 biking, cross-country skiing; and there are 16 17 many more biking and hiking trails as well.

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This map -- it's harder to see too. This map shows the forestry management areas, the ones that were clear-cut in those first ones, and west Fraser will operate -- in all of that yellow and dark green area, there will be forestry. But do notice that farther north and south, those lands don't have forestry. That's the wild lands we're hoping to connect through that valley with all the forestry. The map on

1 the right shows the grazing leases, most of 2 which are on the base at the eastern edge of 3 Livingstone Range. These are the coal mining leases again on 4 You can see the land north and south 5 the left. 6 of here is well protected for wildlife, but the land on the right here has coal mining leases. And you can see the Grassy mine lease is on the 8 9 right-hand map, that little rectangle in red. 10 Oh, sorry. But, you know, when you see 11 that little picture of Alberta, it looks like 12 it's ocean to the east or something. It isn't. 13 It's BC. Couldn't the animals just get to --14 from north to south going through BC? And 15 you'd think so, but the answer is no because, unfortunately, a recent study found that the 16 17 Elk Valley accounts for less than 1 percent of bear range in BC, but it is where 33 percent of 18 grizzly deaths involving vehicles happen and 19 20 42 percent involving trains. Like the prairies, the Elk Valley has 21 22 become developed and industrialized with coal mines, and the adverse cumulative effects in 23 24 there are causing big problems. 25 So to the east, we have private land used 26 for ranching and farming that will likely

1	become denser with human activities over time.
2	Carnivores are likely also to get in trouble
3	with livestock and waste and may have to be
4	euthanized or shot. To the west and you can
5	see the coal mines on there all along the
6	Continental Divide those dark spots are the
7	coal mines. To the west, the land is used for
8	coal mining and is dangerous for grizzlies.
9	So you can see sorry. Consequently,
10	Livingstone has become the crucial remaining
11	link for wildlife movement between the
12	protected areas in the south and the protected
13	areas in the north if we don't want to have
14	islands that will wink out.
15	The AER wrote in the executive summary from
16	the joint panel review: (as read)
17	We find that the project is likely to
18	contribute to existing significant
19	adverse cumulative environmental
20	effects on westslope cutthroat trout,
21	so the water; little brown bats, small
22	mammals; grizzly bears, large
23	carnivores; and whitebark pine.
24	Remember again that grizzly bears are an
25	indicator species. I'm going to skip that one
26	'cause I'm running out of time.

1 This is a map of the landscape east of 2 Grassy Mountain. So to the left you can see the mountains there and the front range, 3 Livingstone. You're looking at this map east 4 of Grassy that grizzly bear, buffalo, elk, 5 6 wolves, wolverines have lost. Their last toehold is that little bit of green along the Continental Divide. 8 9 I misspoke when I said that grizzlies are 10 the apex species because, of course, it's us. 11 We have taken all this from them, and we can 12 take their last 30 kilometres of habitat if we 13 It wasn't a single farm or ranch or road wish. 14 or business or small town or city or mine that 15 removed the habitat necessary to maintain wildlife. It was the thousands cuts, the 16 17 cumulative impacts. There just isn't a large enough wild space open there left anymore 18 anywhere to support wide-ranging wildlife 19 20 species. 21 The Livingstone, that little piece there, 22 still however has an almost complete complement 23 of wildlife species. But we need to remember 24 that diversity can be lost just like it was on 25 the prairies. That ecosystem can be broken. 26 Just because we have wildlife here now doesn't

1	mean that it will persist here, and it can't if
2	we don't leave enough big space big enough
3	and wild enough landscapes for them to find
4	enough food, security, and mates.
5	The decision you are making about
6	exploration is also a decision about whether or
7	not grizzlies and all the other animals under
8	their umbrella have value and whether they
9	deserve a place in this world.
10	Approval of Northback's application for
11	coal exploration, deep drilling, and water
12	diversion will increase the linear footprint
13	and the industrial disturbance of land,
14	irreparably affecting the landscape for many
15	generations. The Crowsnest Conservation
16	Society urges the AER Panel to reject these
17	applications to prevent additional cumulative
18	effects and instead preserve the water and
19	protect the wildlife.
20	Thank you.
21	THE CHAIR: Thank you,
22	Ms. Davison.
23	Sorry. Ms. Davison, we have a question for
24	you, if you may
25	B. DAVISON: Sure. Sorry. Now
26	that I'm done, I'm much calmer. That was hard.

ı			
	1		THE CHAIR: Go ahead.
	2		The Panel Questions the Presenter
	3	Q	COMMISSIONER MACKENZIE: Yeah. Similar
	4		question to the one we asked earlier on to the
	5		other society. Could you tell us a little bit
	6		about your membership and who it's made up of,
	7		where they live, et cetera?
	8	А	B. DAVISON: I so I swore I
	9		would tell the truth, and I don't actually have
	10		the full facts, so I don't want to give
	11		numbers. I know that we have somewhere around
	12		150 members. Some of those are lifetime
	13		members. They bought memberships a long time
	14		ago. And some of those now we've started just
	15		collecting money every year, so we have yearly
	16		members as well.
	17		Most of them a lot of them live in the
	18		Crowsnest Pass, but some of them are wider
	19		ranging but not that many of them. Yeah.
	20		90 percent of them probably from the area.
	21		COMMISSIONER MACKENZIE: Thank you. Thank
	22		you very much.
	23		THE CHAIR: Thank you very much.
	24		So before the break, I
	25		M. LACASSE: Madam Chair, sorry
	26		to interrupt, but if we're going to have that
I			

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entered as an exhibit, her presentation, it
 1
 2
         would be Number 100.
 3
         THE CHAIR:
                                     Thank you.
                                                  Yes,
 4
         please.
              Any objection? No?
 5
 6
              So enter it as an exhibit.
              EXHIBIT 100 - Crowsnest Conservation
              Society Presentation
 8
                                     We have Mr. Chris
 9
         THE CHAIR:
10
         Spearman who has requested to speak for five
11
         minutes.
                   It's again offscript.
                                            If you wish to
12
         come forward, we can allow for your speech
13
         before lunch. We are at lunch, but hopefully
14
         everybody will forgive me.
15
         C. SPEARMAN:
                                     I hope I can keep it
16
         to five minutes. I do thank you for allowing
17
         me to speak.
         THE CHAIR:
                                     Just before you
18
19
         proceed, has he been sworn?
         C. SPEARMAN:
20
                                     Do I have to be
         sworn in?
21
22
         THE CHAIR:
                                     Yes.
23
         C. SPEARMAN:
                                     Okay.
24
         THE CHAIR:
                                     Sorry. Before you
25
         get sworn in, I'd like to -- sorry.
                                                Ι
26
         apologize. Any objection to have him speak?
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1	J. EADIE:	Northback has no
2	objection, but we'd just ap	preciate getting the
3	name for the record. Thank	you.
4	THE CHAIR:	Pardon?
5	J. EADIE:	Northback doesn't
6	have an objection, but we'd	l appreciate getting
7	the name for the record. T	hank you.
8	THE CHAIR:	Okay. Thank you.
9	So would you kindly swear t	he witness.
10	CHRIS SPEARMAN, Affirmed	
11	Direct Evidence of Chris Sp	pearman
12	THE CHAIR:	Please proceed.
13	C. SPEARMAN:	Thank you for
14	allowing me to speak and ad	ldress the hearing
15	today. By way of introduct	ion, my name is
16	Chris Spearman, and I serve	ed as the mayor of
17	the City of Lethbridge from	October 2013 to
18	October 2021. Before being	elected as mayor, I
19	was a senior manager with a	large
20	Lethbridge-based food proce	essor for 32 years.
21	My employer obtained o	ertification to the
22	ISO 9000 quality management	standard and also
23	the ISO 14001 environmental	standard. As part
24	of our ISO 14001 certificat	ion process, we
25	retained an environmental c	onsultants who
26	conducted thorough assessme	ents and then advised

1 us on new objectives in order of priority 2 importance. It was an excellent system for 3 identifying risks and for making improvements to existing processes. 4 The assessment identified environmental risks to the 5 6 surrounding areas and the impact our operation had on the environment. Strategies were then developed to mitigate the risks. 8 I also served on the executive of an 9 10 organization known as the Industrial 11 Association of Southern Alberta for more than 12 30 years, including 10 years as chair. 13 noticed the media campaign leading up to the 14 recent nonbinding plebiscite vote on the theme 15 that the Crowsnest Pass is a coal town. 16 You might also be aware that Lethbridge was 17 once a coal town, originally called "Coalbanks". The name was changed more than a 18 19 hundred years ago as the city became a regional 20 centre in southwest Alberta. Like many other 21 former coal towns, Lethbridge progressed and 22 evolved. The last coal mines were -- in the 23 area were -- ceased operating more than 24 70 years ago, and Lethbridge began developing 25 into a regional hub for agriculture and 26 agricultural processing.

1	The first large food processors of note
2	included the historic Sick's Lethbridge
3	Brewery; Ellison Milling, known now as Parrish
4	& Heimbecker; Catteli, since closed; and
5	Western Seed Processes, now known as Richardson
6	Oilseeds.
7	The City of Lethbridge began planning for a
8	series of industrial parks in the northeast
9	corner of the city to support food processors
10	and other industries. This was important
11	because food processors require large water and
12	wastewater infrastructure in addition to
13	industrial access to electricity and natural
14	gas.
15	The City upgraded its water and wastewater
16	treatment plant as more food processors located
17	to Lethbridge. Lethbridge is now the home to
18	the following food production plants:
19	Richardson Oilseeds, Sunrise Poultry, Maple
20	Leaf Pork, Pepsi - Frito-Lay, Sakai Spice,
21	Bonduelle Frozen Foods, Black Velvet Distilling
22	Company, Let's Pasta, Parrish & Heimbecker
23	Milling, Parmalat Canada, and Cavendish Foods,
24	and some smaller operations as well.
25	Lethbridge supplies the City of
26	Lethbridge supplies potable water to several

1 nearby towns. Some of them are also home to 2 food processing facilities. An example would 3 be the McCain's potato processing facility just outside of Coaldale. These are international 4 5 food production facilities shipping food 6 products for humans not just within Canada, but also around the world. I attended the Borealis Environmental 8 selenium session on June the 12th in Blairmore. 9 10 Borealis Environmental told the group assembled 11 that they were representing Northback Holdings. 12 I was surprised to hear them say when concerns 13 were expressed about selenium that the Oldman 14 River was not used for drinking water. Northback not aware that the municipal water 15 treatment facilities process Oldman River water 16 17 to create potable water for drinking, cooking, and for the large number of food processors 18 located in southwestern Alberta? 19 20 In June 2021, when another coal company 21 presented to Lethbridge city council, our city 22 engineers advised city council that there was 23 no known technology to remove harmful excess selenium from the water. 24 25 So I have a number of questions for 26 Northback, and I hope that these questions will

1 be received by the Alberta Energy Regulator and 2 that we might get answers for them. 3 Since the selenium session on June the 12th in Blairmore, I was writing to Borealis 4 5 Environmental with my questions and not getting 6 answers. Last week, I received an email from Borealis Environmental saying that they could not answer my questions without the cooperation 8 of Northback. 9 10 So my questions are -- and I can submit 11 these to the Panel and to Northback. I've 12 given a copy of my letter to Mr. Young and to 13 the lady responsible for publicity, media 14 relations, but my questions are in the letter, 15 and it -- these are the ones I've been asking Borealis Environmental: 16 Can Northback give 17 examples of municipalities that have successfully removed excess selenium from the 18 water using their municipal water treatment 19 20 plants? 21 My second question is: Did Borealis 22 Environmental's environmental assessment for 23 Northback identify that two-thirds of Canada's 24 irrigated agricultural land depends on water from the Oldman River? 25 26 Are you aware that southwestern Alberta is

1 the home to Canada's largest intensive 2 livestock industry with large numbers of farms 3 raising animals for beef, pork, and poultry? Is Northback aware of the potential impact 4 5 of windblown coal dust on lakes, snowmelt, and 6 ultimately groundwater? Has Northback assessed the risks associated with our volatile chinook winds, and have you 8 9 developed a credible plan to contain windblown 10 coal dust? 11 What rivers, streams, and lakes east of 12 Grassy Mountain could suffer the same fate as 13 Window Mountain Lake, a pristine mountain lake 14 that has been contaminated by coal dust? A study by scientists from the Alberta 15 government and the University of Alberta 16 17 concluded cancer-causing chemicals are being blown downwind in concentrations that are 18 19 comparable to those next to oil sands. 20 Northback assure everyone that Borealis 21 Environmental has completed a thorough 22 environmental assessment? Has it been made 23 available to the AER with answers to my 24 questions? Has it developed detailed 25 strategies to ensure that harmful levels of 26 selenium do not impact the Oldman River water

1 system? The federal environmental assessment of the 2 3 Grassy Mountain Coal Project in 2021 concluded that developing a coal site that had a 20- to 4 30-year expected life was just not worth the 5 6 risk compared to the agricultural investment in the Oldman River basin. Has that changed? Given the substantial private and public 8 9 investment in agricultural food processing and 10 irrigated farming over the last 70 years, why 11 is Northback proceeding despite the risks that 12 have been identified? 13 What has changed since 2021 that makes 14 Grassy Mountain a viable project? 15 I can assure you when we attracted food 16 processors to Lethbridge -- I was mayor when 17 Cavendish relocated a \$450 million plant to our They export a significant number of 18 19 frozen potatoes to countries around the world, 20 including Japan. I don't know how many people remember the mad cow disease issue? 21 If the government of Japan rejects a load of Cavendish 22 23 potatoes at any point due to excess selenium in 24 the product, it will shut down the food 25 industry in southwestern Alberta. Please ensure that you provide full and 26

1 detailed answers to these questions as part of 2 your decision. I look forward to finally 3 hearing and receiving the answers from Northback that I've been asking for for five 4 5 months. 6 As you know, it's important that we -- that we understand fully -- I'm not scaremongering, but I've been asking for information, and I 8 9 have not got answers. I would say that the 10 consultation process is a failure. 11 I retired from being mayor of City of 12 Lethbridge, and I now live in the MD of 13 Pincher Creek, so I personally will be directly 14 affected. I have well water. I'm very 15 concerned how things might evolve from here. 16 I've yet to receive an answer to one of my 17 questions. So I think what I've observed over the last 18 five months is the consultation process is one 19 20 where you're invited to talk to Northback 21 representatives one on one or in small groups, 22 but there's no documentation of the discussions or the issues that were raised or the potential 23 24 solutions. So that's why I'm asking my 25 questions today. I want to -- I thank you for 26 allowing me to place them on the record, and I

1	think before a decision is made, Northback
2	should should be required to provide answers
3	in writing that are available to the public for
4	scrutiny.
5	I believe the 200,000 people, the
6	businesses, and the municipalities in the
7	Oldman River basin deserve answers now while
8	the Alberta Energy Regulation hearings are
9	taking place so we can be assured that our
10	concerns have been addressed.
11	Thank you.
12	THE CHAIR: Thank you very much.
13	Questions? Any questions? No?
14	Thank you.
15	So we are at 15 past 12, and we promised an
16	hour lunch. So we will see everybody back here
17	at quarter past 1. Thank you.
18	
19	PROCEEDINGS ADJOURNED UNTIL 1:15 PM
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	

1		Proceedings taken at the Pincher Creek	
2	Community Hall, Pinche	r Creek, Alberta	
3			
4	December 3, 2024	Afternoon Session	
5			
6	P. Meysami	The Chair	
7	S.F. Mackenzie	Hearing Commissioner	
8	M.A. Barker	Hearing Commissioner	
9			
10	M.G. LaCasse	AER Counsel	
11	S. Gibbons	AER Counsel	
12			
13	T. Wheaton	AER Staff	
14	E. Arruda	AER Staff	
15	D. Parsons	AER Staff	
16	A. Stanislavski	AER Staff	
17			
18	M.K. Ignasiak, KC	For Northback	
19		Holdings Corporation	
20	J.D. Eadie	For Northback	
21		Holdings Corporation	
22			
23	D. DiPaolo, CSR(A)	Official Court	
24	S. Murphy, CSR(A)	Reporters	
25			
26			

1	(PROCEEDINGS COMMENCED AT 1:18 PM)
2	THE CHAIR: Please be seated.
3	So next we have Mr. Darcy Wakaluk.
4	DARCY WAKALUK, Affirmed
5	Direct Evidence of Darcy Wakaluk
6	M. LACASSE: Can you turn your
7	microphone on, please?
8	D. WAKALUK: There we go.
9	Thank you for allowing me to come before
10	you today. The recorder's certainly not going
11	to have a problem keeping up to me. She'll
12	probably have to cattle prod me at some point.
13	My name is Darcy Wakaluk. I'm a resident
14	of the Crowsnest Pass, born and raised. My
15	wife is from the Crowsnest Pass, born and
16	raised. We got four kids, and none of them
17	work in the Crowsnest Pass.
18	Growing up, I was very fortunate when there
19	were multiple mines operating. There were
20	numerous hockey rinks all around. There was
21	lots and lots of young families. I was
22	fortunate I was fortunate enough that I had
23	a friend that father worked at the hockey
24	rink, and I was able to eventually go on to
25	play professional hockey.
26	I moved away at 16, lived in some beautiful

1 cities, some beautiful areas. But the 2 Crowsnest Pass never ever left my heart. 3 is always where home will be. I cherish the outdoors as much as anyone 4 5 and certainly care about the footprint that 6 this mine will leave. Some of my best friends are farmers, not only in the Pincher Creek area but also in the Taber area. And I believe we 8 9 all have an important role to play in 10 protecting the water for sure but also with the 11 consumption of it. And on more than one 12 occasion, I've certainly give him a hard time 13 about those pivots going round and round when 14 it's pouring rain. So it's a small part, but 15 it's a part that we all have to play. I currently run a small construction 16 17 company in the summer months and was fortunate when Benga mining first started, was able to do 18 a fair bit of work for them on-site. 19 I walked my hole around the entire 20 21 footprint of that mine digging test holes for 22 them in the early days. We were mapping coal 23 seams, bedrock, and, of course, water tables 24 and stuff like that. So I have a very good 25 understanding of the footprint they will be 26 working in.

I currently work for Imperial Oil in the winter months at Crow Lake on the drilling program as a construction supervisor. Last year we drilled around 1,400 holes, and we were in charge of building over 350 kilometres of ice roads. This year I believe we'll be right around that 1,000-hole mark. 

So I've worked with the AER a lot to ensure that these roads and leases were built under the strict guidelines set forth to us so that we wouldn't have any trespasses or anything like that.

We drilled a lot of different wells, resource holes, overburden, geotechnical holes along the pit walls, pumping wells to dewater the mine, and, more importantly, monitoring wells to ensure the water quality of what's running underground, not only on the surface. And, of course, all these findings had to be reported, and you had to be held accountable for what the findings were.

The last year, I believe I heard Imperial Oil spent close to \$60 million on monitoring wells in the environmental protection order just north of our lease to ensure the water quality. That's a big number, and I'm sure

this mine would be held to the same standard if 1 2 there are any issues about being held 3 accountable. We live in an ever-changing world. 4 5 isn't a company operating today that was in 6 business 50 years ago that hasn't been allowed to grow and evolve. Can you imagine if doctors were judged on how they practiced 50 years ago? 8 Or if the farming community didn't have the 9 10 technology that they have today? The tractors 11 pretty much drive themselves nowadays. And all 12 the haul trucks up north where I work, they're 13 all autonomous; there's no drivers in the 14 Who would have believed that 50 years 15 ago? We have a mining company before us that 16 17 wants to reopen a mine that was started 50 I don't have the exact number but 18 years ago. 19 50-plus years ago. And that mine was opened 20 under very different circumstances, very different regulations. 21 22 And this mine is willing to accept whatever they find. And I like to liken it to 23 24 remodeling a house: You never ever know what you're going to find when you open a wall up. 25 26 This mine's willing to accept that, and they're

1 willing to fix whatever it is. Mining -- mining back then -- and my dad 2 3 was in the mining industry -- mining back then was dig a hole, bury it, out of sight, out of 4 That's not the case anymore. Rip and 5 mine. 6 tear a mountain down, move it over there, not worrying about the selenium, anything like 8 I mean, these are very real problems, 9 and I certainly respect everybody's thoughts 10 and concerns about them. I mean, why wouldn't 11 they be concerns? They are for sure. 12 I have full confidence that Northback will prove to you that they can manage it. 13 I listen 14 to them talk, and I believe they can. I know the work that's being done up north 15 at Imperial, all the clean water ditches that 16 17 run throughout, all the recycling that they're doing with their water to restrict the amount 18 of water going off lease, all the ditches that 19 20 are being built for rerouting water. It's a -it has to be planned, but it can be done. 21 22 I heard a lady talking about wildlife. Right now at Kearl, we got three black bears 23 24 that are denning up on-site. Two of them are 25 up on Nakoda pit dump in the autonomous zone. 26 Those black bears are allowed to hibernate for

the rest of the winter, and the mine is in the 1 2 process of changing their plans to go around 3 these animals. They'll be no different down We got -- there's a hundred-metre buffer 4 here. around there. You're not allowed to enter 5 6 within a hundred metres. We also have a, like -- don't ask me to explain to you what it is. It's almost like a 8 9 little grouse, but it's a nesting area and a 10 mating area, has a 500-metre buffer around it. 11 Like, to me, when you think about mining 12 industry, you think you just rip and tear. 13 we're protecting this grouse-nesting/mating 14 area with a 500-metre buffer until they can 15 prove that they can move it somewhere. Like, 16 to me, that blows me away. So it's not 17 rip-and-tear anymore. I've attended a lot of Northback's 18 information sessions, and I never ask 19 20 questions. I went to a lot of them and just sat and listened. I listened to Mike speak. 21 22 And a couple of the questions that were asked 23 that really -- I would say they almost even 24 caught me off guard. One of the guestions was asked to him, How do you want to be remembered? 25 26 How does the company want to be remembered?

1 full-hearted ly answered that question: With 2 confidence that they have an end game. 3 want this mine to be a legacy for them. And in my head, I'm thinking you haven't even started, 4 and you're already thinking about the end game. 5 6 To me, that tells me how much of the planning that they're putting in to what they're getting 8 into up there. Someone else asked him, What about the 9 10 reclamation, and what would that look like? So 11 if they ever -- when -- I'm not even going to 12 say -- yeah, if I'm going to say when they 13 start, they will be responsible for everything. 14 They will be responsible for all the reclamation, for all the work that was done 15 50 years prior when we all know how that work 16 17 was done. And, again, I want to -- I want to stress 18 19 to you that I dug a lot of holes up there. 20 dug holes in areas where there should be grave 21 concern about water quality. It's hard to test 22 the water underground when you don't have any monitoring wells or anything like that or the 23 24 ability to test them. 25 And, again, I want to address that if you 26 are at all concerned about the water quality

then, that that statement alone should be
enough to sway your vote to allow them to
reopen this mine because some of the stuff that
is close to these creeks and stuff like that,
the way it was buried 50 years ago is going to
rear its ugly head one day.

Northback has -- I know it's been brought up again or multiple times I've listened that they've given us a -- one of the nicest golf courses in southern Alberta. And certainly I heard people talk that it's not that they're trying to buy us; it was a land-swap deal, but they're showing their commitment to the community and not just in the Crowsnest Pass but all over. They've donated to a tremendous amount of charities already. No different than what the gas plant here has for Pincher Creek and -- and stuff like that.

This mine isn't only going to help people in the Crowsnest Pass; it's going to help people throughout the country. Where I work, I work with people that fly in from Newfoundland every two weeks, and I'm just coming off a three-week set because I felt it more important to stand before you and speak my thoughts than to give these notes to someone to read to you.

1	I believe it's more real when I could stand
2	here and answer your questions or or just
3	share my thoughts and really even gather more
4	information on what is happening and what is
5	transpiring, the needs and wants of I believe
6	not only Crowsnest Pass, but the needs of our
7	country. You know, not everybody can work from
8	home. I got working hands.
9	Some of us have to get our hands dirty in
10	order to make a living. Not all of us were
11	passed on with ranches and stuff like that.
12	It's a real world out there with real problems.
13	I get it. They got answers that they have to
14	deliver to you, and they will. I fully believe
15	they will if you listen to 'em.
16	That's all I gotta say.
17	THE CHAIR: Thank you very much,
18	and thank you for taking time off to come and
19	speak.
20	Any questions? No? Thank you.
21	So next we have Tig Contracting.
22	Mr. Clayton Bezzeg.
23	CLAYTON BEZZEG, Affirmed
24	Direct Evidence of Tig Contracting - Clayton
25	Bezzeg
26	C. BEZZEG: My speech is not

1	very long. I wanted to make it nice and short
2	and sweet. I don't need to repeat a lot of the
3	stuff that's been said today, which I agree
4	with.
5	But, hi. My name is Clayton Bezzeg, and I
6	work for a very respectable company, T-I-G
7	Contracting with Don Forsyth.
8	I have done many, many projects for this
9	Riversdale/Northback, including the golf
10	course. These projects include previous drill
11	programs, which I was an excavator operator for
12	these specific projects. During these
13	projects, we have always had the utmost respect
14	for the community and its surroundings,
15	including the waterways and not disturbing
16	animal habitats.
17	The delays in this drill program has made
18	it very difficult to find good-paying jobs in
19	the community, supporting local businesses.
20	Unfortunately, this has also led me in having
21	less hours of working, disabling my
22	contributions to the cost of living in my home,
23	providing healthy meals to my family in my
24	hometown of Crowsnest Pass.
25	The town has built its foundation and
26	reputation from mine and coal; however, our

1	ancestors did not have the	knowledge or
2	technology we have today,	making this project
3	safe for the environment,	including ourselves,
4	which is what will make th	is drill program a
5	success.	
6	I along with many oth	ers would like to see
7	this drill program move fo	rward, keep its
8	heritage, and continue to	prosper and grow
9	financially with the job c	reations this drill
10	program can provide.	
11	Thank you.	
12	THE CHAIR:	Thank you very much.
13	And I apologize for mispronouncing the name of	
14	your company, Tig.	
15	C. BEZZEG:	Yeah. Tig
16	Contracting.	
17	THE CHAIR:	Contracting.
18	C. BEZZEG:	Yeah.
19	THE CHAIR:	Yes. Thank you.
20	C. BEZZEG:	Thank you, guys.
21	THE CHAIR:	Thank you.
22	And then we have Mr. Don Forsyth from the	
23	same company, T-I-G Contracting.	
24	DON FORSYTH, Affirmed	
25	Direct Evidence of Tig Con	tracting - Don
26	Forsyth	

I'd first Hello. 1 D. FORSYTH: 2 like to start with acknowledging that we are on 3 Piikani traditional land. My name is Don Forsyth. My wife and myself 4 are the owners of Tig Contracting, a small 5 6 construction company in the Crowsnest Pass. Personally, I started working on the Grassy site in 2013 for another contractor on one of 8 9 the first drill programs. Seeing the business 10 opportunities and the good-paying jobs that 11 could be created for our community, I decided 12 to set up Tig Contracting to be a drill support 13 company for the Grassy Mountain project. 14 Over the years, we've grown our company to 15 ten employees, purchased many high-cost pieces of equipment required for this type of work. 16 17 Tig Contracting was the drill support contractor for the last two drill programs 18 until everything unexpectedly came to a halt. 19 20 At this time, we had to layoff 50 percent of 21 our employees with no notice, and myself, as 22 the owner, had to try and find a new industry 23 and work to generate income to continue to pay 24 for this equipment purchased for the drill 25 program. 26 Fast-forward to the current drill program.

1	In anticipation of the application being
2	approved in a fairly what I would call normal
3	turnaround period, I purchased additional
4	equipment to meet the future needs. I don't
5	have any personal experience with the
6	permitting process, but I do feel this this
7	has turned out to seem anything but normal.
8	And to say that this has caused financial
9	stress on my company would and my employees
10	would be an understatement. There are now
11	families out of work. There are charities that
12	are not benefiting from the donations we are
13	able to make when we are working. The
14	financial loss to my company while waiting for
15	this work is great and soon may not be
16	recoverable unless we get back to work.
17	It seems that a small family-run business
18	like mine seem to be affected in something like
19	this the most. In closing, I'd really like to
20	say something that I've really stayed out of
21	the political side of the pro- and the
22	anti-coal debate, feeling that I was in a
23	conflict of interest doing this work, but at
24	this time I feel I can't sit back anymore. Our
25	drill program to gather more data is being
26	hijacked by a no-coal movement. A timely and

1 positive outcome of the permitting process 2 would definitely have an effect of the survival 3 of my company. And few points I picked up here today of 4 5 just being educated by everyone speaking, it 6 seems like the biggest problem everyone has with this is that the AER will not be doing 8 their job. Working with the AER over the past 9 ten years, for me, it's fairly simple if I 10 follow the rules set out by the AER, but it 11 seems that the opponents of this -- I think it 12 was even said, We don't trust the AER to do their job, and I don't believe that's the 13 14 truth. 15 Another topic that was brought up was this 16 massive amount of water that's going to dry up 17 Oldman reservoir. As someone that has actually done the volume calculations for this project, 18 19 I can tell you that just is not true. 20 amount of water that's needed for this project could be trucked if needed. 21 That is not 22 something that's going to dry up the Oldman 23 dam. And my last thought of this would be: 24 25 this project doesn't go through, who is going 26 to clean this up? I've been there the whole

time, and Northback's been doing their cleanup 1 2 as they go. Who is going to clean up the 3 legacy mine if these guys don't do it? I thank you for your time. 4 5 THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. 6 Could you come back to the podium, please. We have one quick question for you. The Panel Questions the Presenter 8 9 0 COMMISSIONER MACKENZIE: Sorry about that. 10 I'm not fast enough on the microphone. 11 Just a quick -- a quick question. 12 talked about the impact that it's had on your 13 staffing levels, and I just wondered, could you 14 give us a rough approximation of what 15 percentage of your revenue comes from a project like this from a company like Northback? 16 17 Α D. FORSYTH: 90 percent of our revenue comes out of this mine. Our company 18 19 was set up for this type of work, and this is 20 what I we do. 21 Q Thank you very much. Thanks. 22 THE CHAIR: So I have a follow-up question to that, now that you're 23 24 exclusively a drilling contractor. 25 Α Drilling support. 26 Drilling support. And then now where are you 0

active with? 1 2 Α Right now? 3 Right now. 0 Right now we're in a holding pattern waiting 4 I try and keep 50 percent of my 5 for this work. staff going at various other type of work. 6 But, no, we're waiting for this work. been waiting since the application was in. 8 9 0 And you only work in this area? 10 Α Yes, we do. 11 In Crowsnest Pass? 12 We're a small contractor, so to think about branching out to other work isn't realistic at 13 14 this point. 15 Okay. Thank you. 0 You're welcome. 16 Α 17 THE CHAIR: So I think, if I read the notes correctly, the next speaker 18 hasn't been sworn in. Mr. Gary Clark from 19 20 Crowsnest Pass Quad Squad. So we need you to first get sworn in, then we move to your 21 22 presentation. 23 GARY CLARK, Affirmed 24 Direct Evidence of Crowsnest Pass Quad Squad -25 Gary Clark 26 THE CHAIR: Thank you very much.

1	Please proceed.
2	G. CLARK: Thank you. Thank
3	you for letting me give you some time to the
4	to the hearing.
5	My name is Gary Clark. I'm the president
6	of the Crowsnest Pass Quad Squad. We are a
7	nonprofit society based out of the Crowsnest
8	Pass.
9	We work very closely with the Government of
10	Alberta in the forestry section and parks
11	section, and we take a lot of guidance from
12	them and on what we do.
13	Just to give you a little bit of a
14	background on us. As I mentioned, we're a
15	nonprofit society and responsible for the
16	maintenance and upkeep of the OHV trail system,
17	the off-highway vehicle trail systems.
18	We have over roughly about 250 families as
19	a membership. And our rides bring in members
20	from all over the all over the country from
21	BC, from Saskatchewan, and sometimes even
22	Manitoba. We organize day rides throughout the
23	year to promote safe and responsible use of the
24	OHV trail system. And we were incorporated in
25	January of 1998.
26	One of our organization's key interests is

to preserve the waterways by building and installing bridges to accommodate OHVs to cross the water safely so that silt is not stirred up and covering the fish pool or the pools and the streams and plant life so that we will not be affecting the critical habitat of the fisheries.

We also maintain the OHV trails by draining the water pools on the trails and creating what we call "swales", which is basically a little dam on a trail that diverts the water safely off the trails. This not only prevents erosion on the trails, but it also puts the water safely to the forest floor where it's absorbed naturally instead of being diverted again into the streams and, again, protecting the fish habitat. We do that by the use of a mini-hoe and also a small tractor.

But one of our key interests that we have, of course, is building bridges to accommodate this factor. We have manufactured our own bridges using Canadian steel purchased locally. We have a budget of roughly about a hundred thousand dollars a year, and from that budget, we raise funds by an annual raffle each year of about 50,000 profit. We also have grants from

1 the government administered thorough the 2 Alberta Off-Highway Vehicle Association to the 3 tune of roughly about 40,000 a year, and we also rely on corporate donations such as 4 Northback. 5 6 We have various fundraising issues throughout the year as well, and that adds to our -- our annual budget. 8 9 Grassy Mountain was one of our favourite 10 places to ride before Northback, or as they're 11 known now, bought the property and -- with the 12 intention of opening the mine up. It was great 13 to see the old coal pods up there, but it was 14 also disheartening to see old buildings and the wreckage that the old mine had left there. 15 And I think Northback with their plan of 16 17 taking the overburden and placing it back on the mountain after the coal has been extracted 18 will certainly help the wilderness; it'll 19 20 certainly help the reclamation. And we feel 21 that it will also eventually help the wildlife 22 such as the deer, the bear, the cougar, the 23 foxes. 24 Once the mountain is reclaimed, of course, 25 grassland will be available for the wildlife 26 to -- to eat, and eventually, even saskatoons

or other berries that the bears and the deers 1 2 consume. 3 Selenium is another product, is a byproduct of mining. It's not only coal mining; it's any 4 5 type of mining where the ground is disturbed. 6 We need mining to get resources out of the We need the coal to produce steel. Steel is a fundamental part of not only our 8 9 economic development but also the development 10 of steel for the world. 11 Now, the selenium does, of course, affect the -- the fish and -- and wildlife in -- in 12 13 But I believe that Northback has large doses. 14 come up with a plan to control the selenium 15 issue. And I think from their overall judgment 16 17 and -- and the facts that they have presented, it certainly shows that they are willing to do 18 everything possible and especially abide by our 19 strict environmental controls. 20 21 Northback will use proven practices of --22 of suppressing dust and other contaminants. 23 Gone are the old days of the old mining where 24 the dust was so prevalent in the Crowsnest One only has to look at our neighbour in 25 Pass. 26 Sparwood to see how clean that town is in the

midst of heavy mining. Not only that, but also the economic development that it has brought to Sparwood.

The economic aspects of this project, of course, will help the Crowsnest Pass through investment. This will bring in much needed industrial tax base through offices' purchasing power, construction of new homes, local employment where about 600 residents now come from the Crowsnest Pass and have to go to Sparwood area for work.

This might open up a lot of opportunities for people -- young people of the Crowsnest Pass so that they will not have to leave the Pass and can stay here and contribute to our economy.

We have been in discussions with Northback, and they are in agreement to find a safe, responsible trail system through their land, which will connect the low valley trail, the off-highway vehicle trail low valley, which is a very short trail, and then working with the forestry then to connect up to the OHV trails to the west of -- of Northback. This would give a loop for the trail system, not only for OHVs, but also for hikers, for bikers, for

1 mountain bikers, equestrian riders, anybody that uses the back country. This trail system 2 3 would be built again using all the same 4 practices that we are required to use on -- on 5 public lands and in the provincial parks, 6 including the building and fabrication of bridging and also a trail maintenance to again ensure that that water -- the water -- the silt 8 9 from the water does not go into the -- the 10 present stream system of the -- of the area. 11 The type and quality of the metallurgical 12 coal that Northback is proposing to mine is still needed in the world today. Yes, there 13 14 are advancements coming with -- with the amount 15 of -- of furnaces and other type, but it is 16 still the best and cheapest way to produce 17 steel. We need steel. We need steel for cars, all 18 the cars out here. Steel is involved in so 19 20 many aspects of our life, from buildings, from 21 everything, bridges that we buy the steel for 22 or have manufactured by the local welding 23 shops. 24 It makes a lot more sense to me to produce 25 a coal from here in Canada which will bring in, I believe, billions of dollars in the long run 26

1	to not only the provincial but also the federal
2	governments, especially in light of the
3	political situation down in our southern
4	neighbours. Our economy might be heading down
5	the down the chute, and we need everything
6	we can get.
7	You may be asking why we are supporting
8	Northback. Yes, they are a corporate
9	sponsorship. They donate approximately a
10	thousand dollars a year towards the our
11	nonprofit association. In my previous
12	employment, we owned a a security company,
13	and, yes, I have done work for them. We have
14	sold our business so I am no longer doing that,
15	but I have obtained work a lot of work from
16	Northback in the past.
17	So why do we support them? As mentioned,
18	we're a nonprofit volunteer organization which
19	relies on funding from corporate donations.
20	That's part of it. Our own fundraising, our
21	membership fees and, as I mentioned earlier,
22	provincial grants and the off-highway vehicle
23	association.
24	But that's not the reason that we are
25	supporting them. We are supporting them
26	because of what we have discovered through

their information centres, that they will be a 1 2 responsible and good corporate citizen to the 3 Crowsnest Pass, bringing economic development and also economic livelihood, jobs, creation of 4 5 more stores, and it will support the whole area 6 of the Crowsnest Pass. We also have the same environmental standards as Northback appears to have. 8 mentioned our concern for the environment. 9 10 realize that off-highway vehicles have the 11 potential to cause damage to the streams, to 12 the fish habitat, especially the westslope 13 cutthroat trout. And that is why we build 14 bridges. That is why we divert the waters off 15 the trails. And, to me, it's the same thing as what Northback will be doing. 16 17 I know you've probably heard this before, but mining, as I mentioned, brings out the 18 That selenium is still here. 19 selenium. 20 not going away. And by their work -- by their 21 work to recover the land after the mining is 22 done, then we can control that aspect of it. That is why we support Northback in this 23 24 application. I thank you for your time, and certainly 25 26 I'm open to any questions that you might have.

1		THE CHAIR:	I have some
2		questions for you or mayk	oe one or two.
3		The Panel Questions the P	Presenter
4	Q	THE CHAIR:	The question I have
5		for you is about the y	you mentioned some
6		trails that will loop ard	ound the mine. Is that
7		future mine, or are there	e new trails
8		associated, to your knowl	ledge, to this program?
9	A	G. CLARK:	Yeah. These the
10		trails that we would be u	using would be old
11		trails that are already i	in place. When the NDP
12		government came into power	er and closed a lot
13		of the OHV trails, that w	was part of the the
14		trails that they they	closed.
15		To have this trail o	go through would be a
16		a great connecting trail	to the trails that are
17		designated trails in the	to the west. Right
18		now, the OHV trails, you'	re only allowed on
19		on what we call "designat	ted trails", or the
20		government has designated	d certain trails that
21		that's only where off-hig	ghway vehicles can go.
22	Q	So those trails specifica	ally linked to this
23		program are existing, but	they have been closed
24		and possibly 'cause we	e heard this morning
25		that there may be some cl	learing of those
26		trails, to your knowledge	e?

```
1
         You mean somebody is working on the trail now?
     Α
 2
              There will be if the project gets
     0
 3
         approved -- if the applications get approved.
                I -- you know, I honestly think -- I
 4
     Α
         Yeah.
         don't think it -- it's kind of like the golf
 5
 6
         course; I don't think if the application is
                            I -- I think Northback would
         approved or not.
 8
         still be willing to go ahead and -- and to try
 9
         and find a -- a safe passageway through the --
10
         through the mining area. I mean, we're not
11
         going to be going through the actual mines or
12
         that type of thing. We -- we will figure out
         how to get around that.
13
14
         Okay.
                Thank you. Thank you very much.
     Q
                                     Ouestions? No?
15
         THE CHAIR:
              Counsel?
16
              Thank you very much.
17
         G. CLARK:
                                     Thank you.
18
                                     So we still -- we
19
         THE CHAIR:
20
         are still ahead of time.
                                    Thank you.
21
              Next we -- we are way ahead of time, so I
22
         would suggest we continue with the presenters
23
         who are here. Next is Ms. Heidi McKillop, and
24
         I believe they haven't been sworn yet.
25
         HEIDI MCKILLOP, Affirmed
26
         Direct Evidence of Heidi McKillop
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1	THE CHAIR: Please proceed.
2	H. MCKILLOP: Hello. Thank you
3	very much, ladies and gentlemen, for allowing
4	me to be here today. My name is Heidi
5	McKillop, and I am a documentarian based in
6	Alberta specializing in investigative pieces on
7	natural resources. My work explores critical
8	industries such as oil and gas, renewable
9	energy, and coal.
10	One term I've encountered frequently in my
11	field and in corporate culture is "best
12	practices". While it often seems like a buzz
13	word, I've come to understand that it's more
14	than just a phrase. In Alberta, best practices
15	reflect deeply the values and are woven into
16	the fabric of our culture.
17	Over the past year, my team and I produced
18	an investigative documentary examining the pros
19	and cons of renewable energy. This project
20	naturally expanded to include a closer look at
21	international and domestic mining practices.
22	During our research, I had the privilege of
23	speaking with an individual from Africa who
24	shed light on the harsh realities of resource
25	development and mining practices in the region.
26	Our investigation focused on mining in the

1 Congo where Chinese-owned companies dominated 2 operations. The human rights abuses and 3 environmental destruction we uncovered were staggering. From the exploitation and abuse of 4 mining workers, to the tragic death of children 5 6 and the complete disregard for environmental stewardship, the situation was, frankly, 8 appalling. 9 This individual went on to explain that 10 they looked to Canada and specifically as --11 Alberta as a beacon of leadership and 12 community-based practices in resource 13 development. What we have here today is the 14 spirit of transparency, accountability, and the commitment to best practices. 15 It is not something that is universally applied around 16 the world. 17 Even though we may have differing opinions 18 at time [sic], I believe the spirit of this 19 20 transparency and accountability is something we all hold close in our hearts. 21 This includes 22 Northback and the many dedicated individuals who contribute to their efforts to this 23 24 organization. 25 I respectfully disagree with some of the 26 comments made here today that dismiss the

heartfelt concerns of coal mining families. 1 a parent myself, I understand the deep desire 2 3 to provide for our children, ensure they have a home, and dream of a future that they can 4 5 thrive in their own community. That vision, 6 feeding your family, maintaining a home, and building a legacy for the next generation is the essence of the Alberta dream. 8 9 Through my experiences in the Crowsnest 10 Pass, I've come to realize that many residents 11 are not seeking great wealth. Instead, they 12 value the simple yet profound goals of preserving their history and keeping their 13 14 local legacy alive. An issue that stands out to me as an 15 observer in the Crowsnest Pass is the visible 16 wear and tear of its historical buildings. 17 Many downtown structures are in dire need of 18 19 care and restoration to prevent them from being 20 lost forever. If these buildings crumble, so 21 too does a piece of the region's history, which 22 could be an impeccable loss for the area. For local municipalities to address these 23 24 pressing issues, they need revenue, something 25 resource development can provide. Without the 26 financial support that industries like coal

1 mining bring, it becomes increasingly difficult for towns to maintain the historical identity 2 3 or invest in their future. I also acknowledge that many families who 4 5 aren't represented here today are likely at 6 work, striving to provide for their children and to make ends meet. These families don't want to abandon their dreams, their 8 9 communities, or their children's futures. 10 Without resource development in Alberta, many 11 towns and regions face a grim reality of 12 disappearing altogether. We must consider how to balance development and the preservation to 13 14 ensure the prosperity and survival of these 15 communities. What I have observed here today are 16 17 individuals who deeply care about the land and environment; however, many of them are retired 18 and no longer face the same concerns as 19 20 families who are raising children, running 21 businesses, or working to make ends meet. 22 They've built their wealth and now advocate 23 against any development in the region, but many 24 families simply do not have that same luxury. 25 For those still working toward financial 26 stability and building a future for the

1 children, a development such as this project can mean prosperity and security. 2 3 I have witnessed poor practices within the industry, and I've also observed a significant 4 5 shift in Alberta's corporate culture, a 6 movement towards accountability on treaty lands, and a genuine effort to listen to the concerns of local citizens. 8 This process 9 cannot be overlooked. Ranchers. 10 environmentalists, and local communities must 11 always continue to have a voice, fostering 12 collaboration its truest sense of the word. 13 However, when a company like Northback 14 demonstrates a willingness to address these 15 concerns and integrate them into the fabric of their mining plan, they deserve a fair 16 17 opportunity to proceed. By adopting best practices such as incorporating reclamation 18 19 into the various stages of the project, 20 strategies and practices designed to manage, 21 minimize, and prevent adverse impacts on the 22 environment, Northback has the potential to become a leader in responsible resource 23 24 development. 25 As many have mentioned today, the demand 26 for metallurgical coal is certainly at the

1	centre of this discussion. If we do not allow
2	this project to proceed, the demand for steel
3	and natural resources needed for Canadian
4	infrastructure will simply be displaced to
5	other jurisdictions around the world,
6	jurisdictions where environmental and human
7	rights standards are far lower, and this is a
8	critical point to consider.
9	As a proud mother, I deeply believe that
10	the safety and well-being of all children, not
11	just here at home should matter to us.
12	It's troubling to think that if we fail to
13	carefully develop projects here in Alberta we
14	may inadvertently support environmental
15	destruction and human suffering elsewhere. In
16	order to build our cities, wind turbines, and
17	cell phones, this is a reality we must consider
18	with both responsibility and compassion.
19	As a documentarian, I'd like to leave a few
20	questions to consider. In terms of
21	metallurgical coal, are we willing to import
22	more from the United States if we do not
23	develop it here at home?
24	Why would we consider why would we
25	choose to displace environmental liabilities to
26	another country, one that may not uphold the

1	same rigorous environmenta	l standards that we
2	appear here in Alberta.	
3	Why are the broader in	mplications of these
4	actions for our economy, or	ur environment, and
5	our role as global leaders	in responsible
6	resource development?	
7	These are critical que	estions we need to
8	reflect on as we navigate	the balance between
9	meeting the demand for reso	ources, protecting
10	our environment, and safeg	uarding Alberta's
11	long-term prosperity. Than	nk you.
12	THE CHAIR:	Thank you very much.
13	Thank you.	
14	Questions?	
15	So is Mr. Daylu Grier	from and I
16	apologize if I am mispronouncing your name	
17	or Ms from Piikani Security Services. And	
18	I understand you haven't be	een sworn in yet.
19	D. GRIER:	No.
20	THE CHAIR:	Okay. Sorry. How
21	would I say your name?	
22	D. GRIER:	Daylu Grier.
23	THE CHAIR:	Daylu.
24	D. GRIER:	Yeah.
25	THE CHAIR:	Great. Thank you.
26	D. GRIER:	Ms. Daylu Grier.

1	THE CHAIR:	Thank you.
2	DAYLU GRIER, Affirmed	
3	Direct Evidence of Piikani	Security Services -
4	Daylu Grier	
5	THE CHAIR:	Thank you. Please
6	proceed.	
7	D. GRIER:	So good afternoon,
8	Madam Chair and Panel. I'd	d like to start off
9	by stating we are on Piika	ni ancestral
10	territory for time immemor:	ial.
11	My name is Daylu Grie	r. I'm here today to
12	provide an oral submission	on behalf of Piikani
13	Security Services. I do no	ot represent the
14	people of the Piikani Natio	on. I only speak on
15	behalf of Piikani Security	Services.
16	I'm the manager of Pi	ikani Security
17	Services, and we provided a	a written submission
18	to the Panel on November 6	th, 2024. I'm here
19	today to speak of the explo	orational drill
20	program.	
21	I'll refer to Piikani	Security Services as
22	"PSS".	
23	So PSS is a wholly own	ned business of the
24	Piikani Nation. Just a li	ttle bit of the
25	history on the the compa	any. In October
26	2021, we were incorporated	and licenced with

the solicitor general of Alberta. 1 And our 2 mandate is to provide well-paying --3 well-paying skilled employment opportunities to Piikani Nation members both on and off the 4 5 reserve. 6 Although we started out as a very small company, we now employ 23 Piikani members full time, most of whom are working as security 8 9 quards, liaisons, and emergency responders. 10 PSS is the largest corporate employer of 11 Piikani Nation members on reserve. PSS 12 operates across Treaty 7 territory, including 13 the Crowsnest Pass and the site of the proposed 14 drill program, which is located in Piikani 15 ancestral territory. PSS was originally incorporated in October 16 17 of 2021 in part of -- in part to provide security services to the commercial mine that 18 was proposed by Benga Mining, Northback's 19 20 predecessor company, and to the site. At that time, it was -- it was -- Piikani Nation 21 22 realized very quickly that we did not have the 23 capacity to fulfill the needs that -- the 24 requests and the opportunities that were being 25 offered by North -- or -- Northback at the --26 at that time.

So we -- with chief and council, we sat 1 2 around with the business development officers, 3 and we decided that what was the lowest capital, the easiest -- easiest to access, and 4 5 the easiest to get start-up, and we realized 6 that it was a security company. Security is always needed from the -- the moment the first 8 piece of equipment is brought on-site to the 9 last day that the last piece of equipment is 10 brought on-site. So that would mean that, you 11 know, it's kind of the first-in/last-out kind 12 of scenario. 13 At that time, we had very view individuals 14 that were trained or skilled in the security 15 industry. So we did have a security system that was working for the COVID -- during the 16 17 COVID time, but they were not licenced, and they were not experienced, and they were not 18 trained. 19 20 So in partnership with Northback, we --21 they offered some training dollars to help us 22 get a team of skilled and trained individuals 23 together. So we did that, and we got -- at that time, 24 25 we had ten individuals that were trained. 26 those individuals were all fully employed both

1 on and off the reserve. 2 So at the time of the -- everything kind of 3 happened at once with our company. The opportunity with the mine, the proposed mine, 4 5 and then the opportunity on the Nation still 6 having COVID restriction. So we had half our staff that would go work up in the mine to do the access control and the 8 9 site security, and then we had the other half 10 working in the community. The -- and the difference between the two 11 12 is the ones that were working in the community 13 only had, like, a learner's licence, or they 14 were not licenced to drive at all. 15 that were able to -- that were up in the mine site were licenced to drive. 16 17 And so once the security quards that were working in the community saw the opportunities 18 and heard the great stories of working up in 19 20 the mine and the great hours and the nice 21 paycheques, they were very, very eager to get 22 their driver's licence or their learner's 23 licence. So most -- all of our guards made a 24 25 positive lifestyle change with keeping the --26 you know, the opportunity to work in the -- in

the mine site. 1 2 So, as I mentioned, Northback provided 3 support for PSS for the training and the capacity development for our employees. 4 5 since PSS was incorporated, we have been the 6 exclusive provider of security services to We provide site, organizational, Northback. and special event security services to 8 Northback. 9 10 We've done -- three years now we've done 11 the Australia Day. We provide security 12 services for that. We currently do the 13 security for the field season that's happening 14 right now. And we do the access control fire 15 watch and just the general security around the buildings and the site in general. 16 17 If the proposed program is approved, Northback has committed to award Piikani -- or 18 PSS a significant contract to provide site-wide 19 20 and organizational security for the program. 21 That contract will be significant to PSS. 22 estimate that the work associated with the 23 proposed program will be in the hundreds of thousands of dollars of revenue for PSS. 24 Ιt 25 will provide employment and economic 26 opportunities that would not otherwise be

1 available to PSS and our employees. Gainful employment opportunities on or near 2 3 our reserve are very limited, and those opportunities that come available from time to 4 time usually are for unskilled labourers. 5 This 6 is largely due to the location of our reserve. So, with that being said, just meaning that 8 other opportunities that are around the Nation 9 are not as easily accessible to our -- our 10 Piikani Nation members, many barriers with that 11 entailed. But Piikani Security Services has 12 become a very positive thing in the community and has encouraged many of our security guards 13 14 to make that positive lifestyle change and to have something to look forward to. 15 And as many people have mentioned, you 16 17 know, we employ and we feed 23 families. of those families live in homes that are 18 overcrowded. Some of those families live in 19 20 homes, you know, that they have never had a job before and this is their first job. 21 22 brings a lot of pride to them. And it also brings a lot of pride to them to know that they 23 24 are there, you know, overseeing our ancestral 25 territory to ensure that, you know, the 26 companies are being held accountable to what

1	their their promises are.
2	As the manager of PSS, I see the pride that
3	our employees have in doing their work and
4	making a difference in our community and
5	neighbouring communities. Because they live
6	and work in our community, there are other
7	benefits to their employment. They are able to
8	support themselves, their families, including
9	their extended families because they have
10	consistent, reliable, and well-paying
11	employment. They have made significant
12	lifestyle changes and gained a tremendous
13	amount of confidence, both personally and
14	professionally.
15	They spent money in our community and with
16	other Piikani business Piikani-owned
17	businesses, which injects monies back into our
18	community.
19	In addition to our employees, our in
20	addition, our employees are role models for our
21	youth, our vulnerable population, our peers and
22	have become the face of a safe and secure
23	community with our elders and families.
24	You can see the work that PSS does here
25	today as Northback contracted with PSS to
26	provide security services for these

1	proceedings.	
2	As part of my submiss	ions, I would like to
3	show a short video that de	scribes the impact of
4	the proposed program and P	SS relationship with
5	Northback. I don't know i	f we have it. If you
6	don't have it, that's fine	•
7	THE CHAIR:	Do we have it?
8	D. GRIER:	We did. Yeah, we
9	put the link on the submis	sion November 6th.
10	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER:	I believe there's a
11	link on the letter maybe.	
12	D. GRIER:	That's fine. I can
13	speak.	
14	THE CHAIR:	So it's 20 past 2.
15	If we take a break, then w	e can work the tech
16	and have the video. Would	you like to do that?
17	D. GRIER:	Sure.
18	THE CHAIR:	Yeah?
19	D. GRIER:	Yes.
20	THE CHAIR:	How about we meet in
21	20 minutes? So 25 to 3 ma	ybe so everybody gets
22	their break? Is that enough, or do we need	
23	more? That's enough. Oka	у.
24	So maybe 20 to 3. We	are way ahead of
25	schedule. So everybody ge	ts a decent break,
26	and we work the technology	•

1		D. GRIER:	Okay.
2		THE CHAIR:	Thank you.
3		(ADJOURNMENT)	
4		THE CHAIR:	Please be seated.
5		So the technology is	sorted, I think so we
6		can have your video on. T	hank you.
7		(VIDEO PLAYED)	
8		THE CHAIR:	Thank you.
9		So do you have any fu	rther remarks?
10		D. GRIER:	Yeah. So I don't.
11		I just wanted to say that,	you know, it's
12		extremely, extremely impor	tant for Piikani
13		Security Services to remai	n on-site today and
14		tomorrow for the drill pro	gram to ensure that
15		Northback is held to task	and held accountable.
16		Piikani Security Serv	rices takes great pride
17		in our reputation, our wor	k ethic, and client
18		relationships. And we uph	old our
19		responsibility as stewards	of the land.
20		THE CHAIR:	Thank you very much.
21		We have some questions for	you. Would you like
22		to go first?	
23		The Panel Questions the Pr	esenter
24	Q	COMMISSIONER MACKENZIE: S	orry. I couldn't
25		see if the red button was	on.
26		Just a similar questi	on to the question I

- 1 asked Tig Contracting. You had mentioned that
- 2 you have people who work on and off reserve.
- 3 And I wondered what sort of percentage of your
- 4 revenue comes from the security services that
- 5 you provide to Northback versus the other work
- 6 that you do?
- 7 A D. GRIER: So currently with
- 8 the field season and if the drill program goes
- 9 through, that would -- well, currently with the
- 10 field season, it's about 20 percent.
- 11 Q And if the drill program went ahead, what would
- 12 that --
- 13 A We would be providing 24-hour security and
- 14 additional guards as well.
- 15 Q Okay.
- 16 A Yeah.
- 17 Q Thank you.
- 18 O THE CHAIR: May I ask: How many
- 19 more people will be employed if the drill
- 20 program goes ahead?
- 21 A Because it's a 24-hour watch, we would have --
- so about ten -- ten guards would be on-site.
- 23 Q Ten quards?
- 24 A Yeah.
- 25 Q And would you -- I apologize for this question.
- 26 But would you help me understand, how far is

the reserve from the project site? 1 2 52 minutes. 3 52 minutes. 0 4 Α Yeah. Thank you. 5 Thank you very much. 6 0 COMMISSIONER BARKER: Ms. Grier, just a follow-up question. The ten people that would be -- is that an additional ten employees of 8 9 security services or -- if the program goes 10 ahead? We would have to do some training and 11 Yeah. 12 then hire additional guards as well. 13 Okay. 0 14 Α Yeah. 15 Thank you. 0 Great. THE CHAIR: That is all. 16 17 Α Okay. Thank you. 18 THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. 19 D. GRIER: Thank you. DAVID MCINTYRE, Affirmed 20 21 Direct Evidence of David McIntyre 22 THE CHAIR: Okay. Next we have Mr. David McIntyre. 23 Yes. Thank you. Have you 24 been sworn, sir? 25 D. MCINTYRE: I have. 26 THE CHAIR: Please proceed.

1 D. MCINTYRE: My name is David McIntyre. I live approximately 10 kilometres 2 3 east of Grassy Mountain on the eastern side of 4 the Livingstone Range. I could have used Piikani Services. 5 Ι 6 don't know why someone drove an ax through the windshield of our vehicle or slashed its tires. Whoever did that didn't leave an explanation. 8 9 What I do know is that whenever I go into 10 the Crowsnest Pass there, frequently going into 11 a grocery store or perhaps a restaurant, I'll 12 have someone who will make eye contact with me, 13 look around to see if anyone is watching, and 14 they might sort of timidly then say, Thank you 15 for what you're doing. And what we've been doing is advocating for the integrity of the 16 17 land at our doorstep in the greater Crowsnest Pass for, I guess, the better part of four or 18 five decades. 19 20 My love affair with the Crowsnest Pass 21 began in 1974. It was 50 years ago this 22 summer, this past summer, I was driving through 23 during a summer break from graduate school. 24 And I worked for decades as a study leader for 25 the Smithsonian Institution where I led 26 multiday science-focused hiking tours and

whitewater raft trips through US national parks 1 2 and equivalent reserves. 3 During the late 70s, I used my influence with the Smithsonian Institution to bring these 4 5 tours to Banff, Jasper, Waterton Lakes National 6 Park, and Glacier National Park in Montana. The Smithsonian study tours have injected millions of dollars into the Canadian and 8 9 Alberta economy, and they continue to this day. 10 Participants pay roughly 8 grand US for today's 11 11-day tours. 12 In 1977, I was also employed by Alberta 13 Recreation, Parks, and Wildlife where I managed 14 an interpretive programing at Dinosaur Provincial Park, a UNESCO world heritage site; 15 at Writing-on-Stone Provincial Park; Cypress 16 17 Hills; and Beauvais Lake. Beauvais's always been a personal favourite of mine. 18 19 little park, but it's incredible not far from 20 here. 21 Flashing forward to 1982 and because coal mining was being phased out in Crowsnest Pass, 22 23 due to my love affair with the Greater 24 Crowsnest Pass, saw what was financially a demotion in order to manage interpretive 25 26 programming for Alberta Culture, overseeing

1	programming at Head-Smashed-In Buffalo Jump and
2	the Frank Slide Interpretive Centre. I did
3	this for the opportunity
4	M. LACASSE: Mr Mr. McIntyre,
5	could you slow down a little bit, Mr. McIntyre?
6	The court reporter is struggling to keep up
7	with you.
8	D. MCINTYRE: I did this for the
9	opportunity to live and work in Crowsnest Pass.
10	My wife and I live on the eastern flanks of
11	the Livingstone Range, the meeting point for
12	this is interesting the MD of Pincher Creek,
13	the MD of Ranchland, and the Municipality of
14	Crowsnest Pass. So we look out at all three
15	from where we are on that sort of
16	edge-of-the-world place in our in our lives.
17	We live directly downwind and downstream of
18	Grassy Mountain. This is a relevant aside. It
19	was 20 years ago that I was asked because of my
20	forest background to sit on an advisory
21	committee, and a year later I resigned. I did
22	this in tears on the banks of the Crowsnest
23	River, and I did it because I felt that we were
24	being railroaded into doing something that I
25	felt was detrimental to the land, and I didn't
26	want to see it happen.

1 The government proceeded to manage these forest lands as you see them being managed 2 3 today. The result I offer, and I think the Crowsnest Conservation Society's images might 4 reveal this that you saw earlier, the Oldman 5 6 watershed is being consistently degraded with an ill-advised attempt to provide short-term logging wealth for a relative few, and this 8 9 watershed degradation goes hand in hand with 10 the more recent coal exploration to scar the 11 land and reduce its worth. 12 I'd like to ask everyone in here to 13 picture, if they can, Grassy Mountain and the 14 knife-edged Livingstone range that stands immediately east of it and is visible from the 15 town of Pincher Creek. I ask this because it's 16 17 my observation that most land-use decisions are made in boardrooms, that the key people making 18 decisions haven't set foot on the land they're 19 20 reviewing. I ask this: Is today the exception 21 to my vision? 22 In order to help clear a simple geological -- create a clear and simple 23 24 geological picture of Grassy Mountain, the land 25 we're discussing today, I'd like to read a few 26 entries from a report by Dr. William

1	Langenberg. I think those of you on the board
2	are acutely aware of who Dr. Langenberg is. He
3	has a PhD in geography physical geology
4	I'm sorry and he's been involved in Grassy
5	Mountain for a long, long time. He's written
6	an executive summary, and I'm just going to
7	read a couple of comments from this, and I'm
8	reading directly from Dr. Langenberg's report:
9	(as read)
10	The Crowsnest Pass coal reserves are
11	smaller than those in the Elk Valley
12	in British Columbia, and the quality
13	is less suited for steelmaking than
14	the Elk Valley coals.
15	Another entry, "Environmental Impacts", this is
16	big: (as read)
17	Alberta already has 260 billion in oil
18	and gas liabilities, which includes
19	30 billion in mine liabilities which
20	are largely not covered by the
21	industry.
22	Conclusions. Mining metallurgical
23	coal in Alberta's eastern slopes is
24	considered uneconomic.
25	Coal quality. Quality of Grassy
26	Mountain metallurgical coal is

1	inferior to Elk Valley's prime hard
2	coking coal products.
3	[And] Economics. Alberta coal
4	resources are a risky source of making
5	coal coking coal. Grassy Mountain
6	mine is unlikely to provide
7	significant tax and royalty revenues
8	and consistent employment at the
9	levels predicted by Benga.
10	This was written before Northback, I believe,
11	became the company name.
12	Reflecting on Dr. Langenberg's report and
13	on Grassy Mountain, my mind flashes back to the
14	autumn of 2017. It was then in scenic Fernie,
15	British Columbia, that the annual Crown of the
16	Continent Roundtable met to discuss crowning
17	achievements and threats to the Crown of the
18	Continent poster child, one of the earth's
19	wildest, most diverse, and intact ecosystems.
20	The mayors of Crowsnest Pass, Fernie, and
21	Whitefish were invited to the Roundtable to
22	provide their visions for their communities
23	located within the thinly-peopled necklace
24	surrounding the Crown's core attractions:
25	Glacier Nation Park in US and Waterton Lakes
26	National Park in Canada. Annual visitation to

these two internationally revered parks, more
than 3 million people, and I'd just ask you to
think of these paired parks as Banff's twin
sister in terms of international rare earth
appeal.

The Roundtable's focus on the ability of communities surrounding these parks to offer experiences that mirrored or complemented visitors in-park experiences, mayors from the three communities were asked to address the assembled crowd.

Blair Painter, mayor of Crowsnest Pass, arrived with Riversdale, now rebranded as "Northback", staff and sat at a table with them. His message, in sharp and acidic contrast to the other two mayors, was to report that he was looking forward to the opening of the Grassy Mountain coal mine.

I, in response to his statement, raised my hand. I offered that the proposed mine wasn't assured of a green light and asked the other mayors to comment. They did. The mayor of Whitefish offered a dark, night sky vision for Whitefish as part of his answer. But it was the Fernie response to Mayor Painter's vision of an in-community coal mine that was

1	priceless. Quote: (as read)
2	I'd be run out of town if I did that.
3	The Crown of the Continent Roundtable,
4	following the Fernie venue, met in
5	Choteau, Montana. There the focus of
6	discussion centred on communities
7	within the Crown that due to their
8	proximity to airports, health care,
9	and striking natural features were
10	M. LACASSE: Mr. McIntyre, once
11	more, can I ask you to slow down.
12	D. MCINTYRE: (as read)
13	The focus of the discussion there
14	centred on the communities within the
15	Crown that due to the proximity to
16	airports, health care, and striking
17	natural features were economically
18	poised to lure amenity migrants and
19	lucrative high-end catch-and-release
20	visitation.
21	Crowsnest Pass is blessed with the
22	essential ingredients that would
23	enable it to benefit from this brand
24	of internationally lucrative tourism,
25	but only if the land's raw and
26	compelling wealth of esthetic and

1 ecological integrity are retained [a vision of sustained integrity and 2 3 appeal due to the intact landscape]. I'm going to flash forward to a not more --4 much more recent time. And just to note that I 5 6 attended some of the Coal Policy Committee sessions, and my primary takeaway was this: Monitoring Alberta's coal mines for compliance 8 with conditions never resulted in any action 9 10 when the stipulation -- stipulating conditions 11 were violated. I found this amazing, but it 12 just seemed to repeat itself over and over. 13 My wife and I live on Rock Creek, a 14 tributary of the Crowsnest River. Last year, 15 TC Energy constructed a pipeline traversing the 16 Livingstone Range. My question today is: 17 that project kill all of the creek's rare and already threatened pure strain westslope 18 cutthroat trout, trout that had been seemingly 19 20 swimming there for 10,000 years, and it survived that. 21 22 It was December of 2023, roughly a year ago today, after watching the creek at my doorstep 23 24 turn to mud and after failing to see a single 25 trout where they'd existed in conspicuous 26 abundance, that I read two newspaper accounts

1	describing a Northback meeting with Crowsnest
2	Pass council. The accounts mirroring each
3	other in terms of their issue-defining detail
4	caused me to a write a letter to the editor,
5	and I'm going to read part of that letter.
6	I seem to have gotten up here without that
7	component of what I was going to speak about.
8	THE CHAIR: You can go and get
9	it.
10	D. MCINTYRE: I will go on, and
11	I'll come back to that if I can.
12	The essence of of that letter was that
13	the Northback representative had oh, I do
14	have the letter here. I just had somehow got
15	it under something else.
16	"Questioning Northback's Reported Data"
17	this is a letter written December 10th of last
18	year, roughly a year ago today. (as read)
19	Newspaper accounts describing
20	Northback Holdings' November 21
21	presentation to Crowsnest Pass council
22	report as facts data that I suggest
23	appear to be founded in fiction or
24	fantasy. Northback's chief compliance
25	officer, Grant Lindstrom, is reported
26	to have admitted the company could

1	have done a better job of explaining
2	its application to conduct exploratory
3	work on Grassy Mountain before he,
4	attempting to clarify the picture,
5	introduced information that I suggest
6	appears to be incorrect or misleading.
7	Lindstrom reported as stating
8	that there was a lot of misinformation
9	floating around is then reported to
10	have said that the pit lakes on Grassy
11	Mountain Summit hold close to
12	200 million cubic metres of
13	water [this isn't Lake Superior] a
14	number so astoundingly large that when
15	viewed by anyone familiar with Grassy
16	Mountain, it's sure to draw instant
17	eye-opening scrutiny.
18	The actual volume of water on Grassy Mountain's
19	pit lakes is probably unknown, but I suggest
20	it's likely close to 1 percent of the Northback
21	reported total.
22	But the amount of water on Grassy Mountain
23	Summit, regardless of its volume, is
24	irrelevant. Northback doesn't own the water on
25	Grassy Mountain; the Government of Alberta
26	does. The government owns the water on private

1 and public property as defined by the Water Act, and the Government of Alberta licences the 2 3 use of this water. The current drought in southern Alberta has 4 been in the news for months. 5 It's a well-known 6 and publicized fact that many area wells have gone dry, that some southern Alberta 8 communities are trucking water -- right here --9 at great expense in order to supply families in 10 dire need. 11 Water is a precious resource. It is 12 essential to life, and here in southern Alberta 13 To waste water is to squander it is rare. 14 To misspend and misuse our natural 15 inheritance. The question of what society can and can't afford water-wise becomes critical as 16 Albertans look at the Oldman reservoir. 17 Picture its barren expanses of exposed silt and 18 sand as being southern Alberta's issue-defining 19 bank balance and watch as brutal sandstorms 20 21 driven by hurricane-force winds sandblast the 22 downwind land, its people, their cars, homes, and belongings. 23 24 When your bank account's obliterated and 25 shows zero, what does logic dictate you do? 26 Meteorologists report that 2023 is likely to be

1 documented as the earth's hottest year in 2 recorded history. It was. Meanwhile, climatologists expose the possibility that 2023 3 could be the coldest year in the next 4 5 100 years. 6 Newspaper reports of Northback's presentation to Crowsnest Pass council conveyed 8 the vision that water on Grassy Mountain is not 9 connected to any water tributaries. 10 can -- if it can even be imagined to be true, 11 suggest Grassy Mountain, unlike all the 12 surrounding mountains, has no hydrological 13 connection to the streams that flow from its 14 flanks, that whatever happens on Grassy 15 Mountain stays on Grassy Mountain. Picture yourself as a hydrological engineer 16 17 or geologist and take this vision to your peers for a quick review. I had asked for a single 18 image to be shown today. I don't see it there. 19 20 I was going to just ask that it be up for the entire presentation. 21 It's not a huge deal, but 22 if you can find it and if it can be shown, it 23 shows Blairmore Creek at its confluence with the Crowsnest River. I'll just ask that while 24 25 I proceed. 26 What I just read to you -- excuse me -- was

1 last year's story. Picture on the headwaters 2 of the Oldman this Christmas; well, the current 3 Gold Creek flow -- we talk about low water volumes, but it takes roughly nine months, if 4 5 we were to use Gold Creek, to supply one day of 6 summer irrigation water from the Oldman dam. So we're looking at nine months if we use Gold Creek, which is the largest tributary coming 8 9 off Grassy Mountain. Current Crowsnest River flow would take 43 10 11 days of the river's current flow to supply 12 1 day of irrigation water from the Oldman dam, 13 and that's from now until mid-January. 14 Current combined flows from the Castle, Crowsnest, and Oldman Rivers takes 11 days of 15 the combined flows of the three main rivers to 16 17 supply 1 day of irrigation water from the 18 Oldman dam. 19 I'm retired. The last thing that I 20 expected to face in retirement in the dirty, 21 dry, dominant poison -- that was the dirty, 22 dominant poison of PM 2.5 carcinogens, the 23 mind-bending noise of industrial exploration or 24 mining, and the destruction of envisioned peace 25 and tranquillity. I offer that Crowsnest 26 Pass's future does not rest in coal mining.

1	But coal mining, if it is pursued today, will,
2	I predict, cripple Crowsnest Pass's economic
3	potential and its future.
4	Today, most public land in southwestern
5	Alberta offers what I call "mud and ruts"
6	tourism. It's a brand that fails in its
7	ability to generate meaningful revenue, and it
8	continually degrades the land's core worth and
9	the headwaters of the priceless and
10	irreplaceable Oldman watershed.
11	My firm belief is this: Crowsnest Pass can
12	celebrate its past without trying to relive its
13	past and without crippling and destroying its
14	greatest assets, its potential worth, and its
15	future. I have two parting questions: Why are
16	we meeting to discuss the potential for further
17	exploration of Grassy Mountain? We already
18	know everything we need to know about Grassy
19	coal, and there's no proposal to mine on the
20	table.
21	Why are we meeting to discuss the potential
22	for further exploration of a mountain that's
23	been denied a mining permit? Thank you.
24	THE CHAIR: Thank you very much.
25	D. MCINTYRE: Just enter just
26	to let you know that I have this. I have

1	climatological data from just east of Grassy
2	Mountain. I provided this when Riversdale
3	brought the original request to to the
4	Alberta Energy Regulator in the in the joint
5	review. But I just point out in the month of
6	October of this year, there were 16 days with
7	80 kilometre or greater winds, with the highest
8	winds at 125.5, virtually no rainfall in
9	October. And November, just in, we have
10	12 days with 80 kilometre or hour greater
11	winds, with the highest wind speed recorded of
12	117.5 and, again, virtually no precipitation.
13	That's the picture today.
14	THE CHAIR: Before you go, we
15	may have questions for you. Sorry.
16	And also that's the photo you were talking
17	about; correct?
18	D. MCINTYRE: That's that
19	we're looking across the Crowsnest River there
20	in what's commonly referred to as the Town of
21	Blairmore near the hospital, and we're looking
22	at the confluence of Blairmore Creek, which is
23	across the creek. That's the red thing that's
24	flowing what's left of it. There's very
25	little water coming in, but it's a frozen,
26	rusty affluent that's coming in that's been

```
1
         coming in from Grassy Mountain for -- I don't
 2
         know how long.
                          Some people, because it's been
 3
         there a long time, they kind of say, Well,
         that's just fine; that's part of the history.
 4
 5
         I would say maybe it isn't, but that's -- thank
 6
         you for putting that up.
         THE CHAIR:
                                     You're most welcome.
         M. LACASSE:
 8
                                     I just want to say,
 9
         Madam Chair, for reference, that's
10
         Exhibit 91.3, PDF page 3.
11
         THE CHAIR:
                                     Thank you.
12
              And we have questions for you.
         The Panel Questions the Presenter
13
14
     0
         COMMISSIONER BARKER:
                                   Thank you.
15
              Mr. McIntyre, I have a question for you.
16
         You had read some excerpts from a report by
17
         Dr. William Langenberg, and I was just
         wondering if you could tell us where that --
18
19
         what that report is or the date of it?
20
         you happen to know what the date of that report
21
         is?
22
         D. MCINTYRE:
                                   I -- I don't have
     Α
23
         that in front of me.
                                That should be very
24
         easily found.
                         I believe that it went to the
25
         Alberta Energy Regulator, and it may have been
26
         submitted back in the joint review panel
```

1 hearing that took place some years ago. 2 Okay. Thank you, sir. I see. 3 THE CHAIR: Thank you very much. I appreciate it. 4 MONICA FIELD, Affirmed 5 6 Direct Evidence or Monica Field THE CHAIR: Next we have Ms. Monica Field. Just before you begin, have 8 9 you been sworn? Yes. 10 M. FIELD: This is going to be 11 tricky. I'm Monica Field, a contortionist, 12 apparently. (SONG PLAYED) 13 14 M. FIELD: Other people have 15 talked about how this project is not an advanced project. The original Benga proposal 16 was denied and declared not to be in the public 17 interest. Even Northback insists this isn't a 18 19 new proposal, that we don't have to worry about 20 selenium or dust or anything. They're not 21 saying why really, no details. We have to 22 trust them. But the technology seems to have just 23 24 accelerated in four years since the Benga 25 proposal. And so they're saying it's new, and 26 it's different, and don't worry about it.

It'll be better. But as we've seen with Teck 1 2 in BC, the technology for removing selenium 3 from water has not yet been invented or perfected, and they're still trying. 4 5 So you can't have it both ways. Either the original proposal is dead and this is a new 6 one, or under the moratorium of coal mining, 8 this just shouldn't go ahead because it is not advanced. 9 10 And that makes me wonder why I'm here 11 today, why we're having a hearing. I'm not 12 even sure how -- what are the criteria for whether or not this exploration project will go 13 14 Is this a popularity contest, in which case those of us who don't want the mine are 15 outnumbered at this hearing? 16 17 And one of the reasons that there aren't that many people speaking out is that it's 18 really difficult when your friends and 19 20 neighbours want this so desperately to stand up 21 and say that you don't think it's a good idea. 22 It's very awkward. This is an uncomfortable So much time and effort and energy 23 24 when really this shouldn't be happening. 25 And there's quite a good possibility that 26 Ranchland's legal challenge will succeed, and

1 this mine proposal, the exploration will be 2 denied because Northback does not have an 3 advanced project, in which case, all of us will have spent all of this time and effort and 4 5 travel and money to prepare for something that 6 shouldn't have happened. I am speaking out on this because I believe it's important, but there are others who will 8 9 not because there is a history of intimidation 10 in the past. It's a small number of people, 11 but they're prepared to go beyond words, and 12 everyone knows that. 13 So not that many people are willing to 14 stick their heads above the parapet and get shot, and I'm not comfortable doing this. 15 have to say I considered not doing this. 16 And there's also the administrative hurdle 17 of putting in a statement of concern followed 18 19 by making sure you've got a presentation, and 20 then your personal information goes out to 21 everyone who's involved in this hearing. 22 that makes me very uncomfortable. So not a lot 23 of people want to speak out. 24 As far as my concerns with exploration are 25 concerned, I have worked for the Alberta 26 government for 40 years almost, 38 years before

And one of the sites I managed was 1 I retired. the Frank Slide Interpretive Centre. 2 3 to tell people who asked why there wasn't coal mining on the Alberta side of the border that 4 it was because the coal seams in BC aren't as 5 6 folded and faulted. There's less overburden. There's not -- they're not as deeply buried, and they're simply more economical. 8 don't know what changed really because the 9 10 geology sure didn't change. 11 And you could say, Well, the Number 1 seam 12 on Grassy is a good seam, but it's not as good 13 as Elk Valley coal and not extensive, and the 14 other seams are lesser quality. We already have a supply of coal from BC. We don't need 15 to destroy our headwaters to get coal. 16 17 already up and running. I just don't see how this mine has a future. It's not economical. 18 19 And as far as new methods of producing 20 steel are concerned, those are coming along. There could be a time when there is not a 21 22 market for coal, and we can't imagine that. But think back to the early years of the 23 24 Crowsnest Pass. The Canadian Pacific Railway 25 was the largest buyer of coal. They were the biggest market, and they phased out after Leduc 26

1 Number 1 in 1947. They went to diesel fuel. 2 And the mines started closing in the '50s and 3 '60s, some of them amalgamated. The quality of 4 coal is better as you go east to west, so the 5 more easterly mines closed first. But definitely, it doesn't mean that the 6 coal and the past will be viable in the future. Albert Goodwin, who was like another 8 grandfather to me, he mined for 43 years in the 9 10 Crowsnest Pass for West Canadian Collieries at Bellevue and Lille, and that's a company that 11 12 operated the mine on Grassy Mountain -- he used to say as far as the price of coal, that it was 13 14 up and down like a toilet seat, and it is. 15 is. So maybe the price of coal looks good just 16 17 at this moment, but then if it drops, there are layoffs, mine closures, you know, up and down, 18 19 up and down, a one-industry town, boom and 20 bust. I'm also concerned about the linear 21 22 density. There are so many trails and roads The exploration roads from the mining 23 24 since the coal policy was -- was killed, they 25 haven't been reclaimed. Northback hasn't 26 reclaimed the Benga roads. That sedimentation

1 is a problem for the fish for the westslope cutthroat trout, and I just think it's time we 2 3 cleaned that all up. Northback has said, Oh, this is a great 4 5 idea 'cause they're going to clean up Grassy 6 Mountain. They're going to clean up from their They're not going to go back to Bozley and clean that up properly and Cougar Valley 8 9 and the whole area. They're going to simply 10 clean up their own mess, not the legacy mess of 11 mining. And we know that that left a mark on the 12 13 Just recently, there's been a watersheds. 14 report where they looked at selenium and other 15 substances that are a problem in the watercourses coming out of mines in the 16 17 Crowsnest Pass, and they found higher levels of selenium than would be safe for aquatic life. 18 And there's one pit lake on Tent Mountain 19 20 that drains into a little wetland, and that 21 wetland is incredibly contaminated. 22 So when you look at the pit lakes on Grassy, I can't speak to how contaminated they 23 24 are, but there were old cars in there that have 25 been pulled out and trucks and things and all 26 the contaminants from mining. That water going

1 into drill holes is going to go down, and it 2 doesn't disappear. That whole mountain is an 3 enormous fracture network. And I'm just not sure putting contaminated water in there is a 4 good idea, let alone the drought conditions. 5 6 And we've certainly heard a lot of concerns about water. For me personally, this is a big issue 8 because when Riversdale was doing their 9 10 exploration around 2015, we're just east of the 11 mining -- the proposed mine and that 12 exploration work, and our winds come from the 13 northwest. So we're directly downwind, and I 14 couldn't believe how noisy that was and the vibration of it. 15 And all over the world people talk about 16 17 "the hum", which is this really disturbing noise, and it's been traced back in almost all 18 19 cases to industrial activity. And in my case, 20 the hum was from that exploration, and it was 21 everywhere. 22 And I walk all over for miles and miles. Everywhere I went I heard it. 23 I couldn't get 24 away from that. And it really took away from 25 my quality of life and -- and my inner harmony 26 that I restore through walking. It was a biq

deal 'cause I live to walk. 1 2 And I'm not looking forward to having more 3 exploration there and potentially development and operation of a mine because that will last 4 for my whole life I'll have that. And that is 5 6 truly horrifying. I have followed the Grassy Mountain issue since it started, and at first, I thought, 8 9 well, you know, the coal mines in the Crowsnest 10 Pass built the Crowsnest Pass. That's fine. 11 But then I started studying the issue. And the 12 more I learned, the more I thought, no, I don't think this is fine. 13 I read all the statements 14 of concern for the original Grassy Benga 15 project. I participated in the joint panel review hearings. I sang a different song 16 17 specially composed for that occasion. one thing. I'm getting some good songs out of 18 all of this. 19 20 But I -- I participated in the hearings. Ι 21 watched all of the -- the proceedings for two 22 weeks. I followed the Coal Policy Committee and went to some of their meetings. 23 I read 24 their final report. I've been reading 25 Northback's proposals for exploration and 26 looking at all their maps and diagrams and

1 drawings and reading all the recent statements 2 of concern. And the more I read and the more I 3 hear, the more I learn, the more I think that there are such enormous risks with mining --4 5 and we've seen what happens with the legacy 6 mining -- that this mine or any mining along the eastern slopes of the Rocky Mountains would not seem to be in the public interest. 8 9 to protect those areas for our water and for 10 our natural capital. 11 And I understand people want to make a 12 living, but this kind of living with one industry up and down, people have said, Well, 13 you know, I want my son to have a job. 14 15 your son might for a while or who knows how 16 long the company will even run, and then who is 17 responsible for the cleanup? We have an orphan well on our land, and I'm 18 19 not seeing any money from it. It went through 20 about 12 companies, and I went into 21 receivership. 22 So I'm really doubtful that this mine will go anywhere, and if it does, then will they 23 24 still be a viable entity when the time comes to 25 clean up, and how much money will be required? 26 Turner Valley Gas Plant national historic

1 site was one of my sites. And when we took 2 that on, Western Decalta gave us \$2 million for 3 cleanup, and that we thought was a lot of money. And they laughed and laughed because 4 that has cost so much money. 5 It's \$9 million 6 to date, probably still going since I retired. There were wellsites there that weren't abandoned properly and had to be because the 8 9 petroleum was escaping to the surface. 10 So I'm -- I'm a little leery of these 11 industrial projects and what a long legacy of 12 problems that they leave behind them. 13 I'm retired. I don't work for anyone, not 14 even the government anymore, so I can finally 15 speak out after all these years. And that gives me a responsibility to speak out. 16 17 understand why people want the mine. I just think that our short-term appetites seem to 18 19 always be more compelling than any long-term 20 vision. So we want jobs. We want prosperity. 21 I'm doubtful this mine will bring enough to 22 make a difference. But we have to think of the future and the 23 24 long-term and different opportunities for the 25 Crowsnest Pass for more sustainable long-term 26 benefits. We in the Crowsnest Pass have

1	incredible scenery. We can attract people to
2	live there, work remotely. Pincher Creek has a
3	good airport that could be developed. People
4	could fly to meetings. You could see that in
5	Jackson, Wyoming, and how that's developed,
6	that people want to live somewhere beautiful
7	and enjoy that but have the convenience of
8	going to other places.
9	We also have a lot of retirees moving
10	there, and it was mentioned that people own
11	houses in the Pass that don't live there. A
12	lot of those people plan to live there when
13	they retire.
14	And you look at a community like Choteau,
15	you think it's all agriculture that feeds it;
16	not anymore. It's retired ranchers and
17	farmers. They moved to Choteau, and now there
18	are all these businesses to look after old
19	people, medical businesses, and all sorts of
20	opportunities.
21	So I just don't think it's a good idea to
22	boldly go where we've gone before. I think we
23	should advance towards a better future. Thank
24	you.
25	THE CHAIR: Thank you very much.
26	So next we have Alberta Wilderness

1	Association.
2	And you have been sworn in? Sorry. Your
3	name? No, you haven't?
4	KENNEDY HALVORSON, Affirmed
5	Direct Evidence of Alberta Wilderness
6	Association - Kennedy Halvorson
7	K. HALVORSON: Hello whoa.
8	Hello, everyone. My name is Kennedy Halvorson,
9	and I am a conservation specialist with the
10	Alberta Wilderness Association.
11	Founded in 1965, AWA is the oldest
12	nonprofit in the province dedicated to
13	conserving and protecting Alberta's ecosystems.
14	With the support of over 7,000 members across
15	the province, AWA works to promote good
16	stewardship of Alberta's wildlife and
17	wilderness and waters to ensure future
18	generations enjoy the abundant benefits they
19	provide.
20	I'm grateful to have the opportunity to
21	speak to you today, and I appreciate the effort
22	of everyone has taken to be here. Despite
23	differing perspectives, I want to recognize the
24	importance of these public forums in which we
25	can engage, as I know we are largely motivated
26	and advocating for what we think is best for

1	the region and our communities.
2	I want to begin by reminding everyone what
3	we are here to discuss. Many in support of
4	Northback Holdings' applications have spoken in
5	favour of the economic development they hope
6	the proposed project will bring, citing the
7	need for more jobs and greater job security, as
8	well as increased incomes in the area. While I
9	empathize with these circumstances, these
10	arguments are not relevant to the current
11	applications before us.
12	Considering Northback's applications in
13	isolation, what is being proposed is
14	self-characterized as a localized, temporary,
15	and short exploration project on an already
16	extensively explored mountain. Exploration
17	M. LACASSE: Ms. Halvorson, could
18	you slow down, please.
19	K. HALVORSON: Yeah. Absolutely.
20	Exploration is notoriously the costly phase
21	of resource development. It requires
22	significant investment, and it is a well-known
23	barrier to getting mines operational. It does
24	not make money. The assumption is that costs
25	will be recouped during the extractive stage.
26	As the proponents have indicated, they expect

1 it to last 105 days. The short-term nature of the project means any economic or employment 2 3 benefits to the local communities similarly 4 will be temporary. 5 Unfortunately, less than four months of work will not pay mortgages or sustain 6 communities long-term. Accordingly, any 8 arguments promoting the socioeconomic benefits of Northback's project outside of the 9 10 application scope should not be considered 11 during the public hearing. 12 Northback argues this project is necessary to obtain additional information related to 13 14 potential development opportunities within the Citing the Coal Conservation Act's 15 area. 16 statutory purpose, the proponents assert their coal exploration program as necessary to 17 quantify Alberta's resources arises. 18 However, 517 drill holes were bored through 19 20 a cumulative 60,000 metres of mountain over 21 five different exploration programs between 22 1970 to 2016 after the area had already endured 23 55 years of surface and underground mining. 24 what threshold does the AER consider a resource 25 sufficiently appraised? And if further 26 understanding of Grassy Mountain's coal

1	deposits by Northback is required now, why were
2	their predecessor and parent companies
3	confident in willing to put forth a full mine
4	proposal previously? It is unclear how it will
5	be orderly, efficient, and economic as required
6	by the Coal Conservation Act to permit further
7	exploration by proponents whose past efforts
8	were deemed inadequate on numerous occasions by
9	multiple jurisdictions despite being given
10	ample opportunities to strengthen their
11	proposal and address serious and legitimate
12	concerns.
13	A review of the current applications
14	demonstrate they suffer from similar
15	deficiencies. For example, Section 20.3 of the
16	Public Lands Act states that: (as read)
17	If any authorization conflicts with
18	any applicable regional plan under the
19	Alberta Land Stewardship Act, the
20	regional plan prevails.
21	The management of the public lands where the
22	proposed project site is is informed by the
23	South Saskatchewan Regional Plan and more
24	specifically the Subregional
25	Livingstone-Porcupine Hills Land Footprint
26	Management Plan.

The plan sets out disturbance limits for 1 motorized access among other management 2 3 thresholds. These were set to avoid the undesirable and adverse affects on the 4 5 environment associated with high densities, 6 including increased sedimentation and erosion in streams, stress avoidance behaviours and mortality for wildlife, and the spread of 8 9 invasive species. These are to be enforced by 10 the relevant departments and agencies through 11 the regulatory system, which includes the AER. 12 Just under half of the drill holes planned 13 are on public lands in areas where the 14 motorized access densities appear to exceed the 15 disturbance limits. For example, the average densities of major trails for the quarter 16 17 parcels where proposed drill pads 0.21, 0.22, 0.24, and 0.26 are located is 4.28 kilometres 18 per square kilometre, well above the limits set 19 20 in the management plan. 21 Northback's application should be required 22 to be compliant with such thresholds indicating the applications are insufficient. 23 24 Northback must also abide by Manual 008, 25 Oil Sands and Coal Exploration Guide. 26 Manual 008 states the coal exploration programs

1 have a term limit of five years: 2 complete exploration and three to reclaim the 3 disturbances caused by exploration. Mining Limited, another subsidiary of Hancock 4 5 Prospecting and Northback's predecessor, 6 originally conducted exploration work on Grassy Mountain from 2013 to 2016. Accordingly, all reclamation of their disturbance, including 8 9 drill pads, seismic lines, roads, and water 10 crossings they maintained or expanded, should 11 have been completed by 2018. 12 After being required to scale back on new 13 roads and forest clearing they'd originally 14 planned, Northback's proposal now states that their exploration program will take place 15 entirely on previously disturbed lands. 16 17 stating that they will use the same roads, drill pads, and seismic lines associated with 18 past exploration efforts indicates that 19 20 Northback's predecessor did not fulfill the previous reclamation requirements to the site 21 22 under Manual 08. Considering these are the same proponents, 23 24 this is a worrisome precedent, casting doubt on their recent commitments to reclaim Grassy 25 26 Mountain should their current applications be

1	approved.
2	The Coal Conservation Act states that:
3	(as read)
4	Any operation undertaken through
5	permits or licences issued under the
6	Act does not relieve a person from the
7	requirements or liabilities arising
8	under any other act.
9	That's in Section 2022.
10	Further, for all permissions obtained under
11	the Public Lands Act, it is mandatory under the
12	Act's Master Schedule of Standards and
13	Conditions that disposition holders must comply
14	with all applicable federal critical habitat
15	orders issued under Section 58 of the Species
16	at Risk Act and that proponents should contact
17	Fisheries and Oceans Canada in relation to the
18	application of the Species at Risk Act and any
19	relevant critical habitat orders.
20	A critical habitat protection order was
21	issued back in 2015 under the Species at Risk
22	Act for the westslope cutthroat trout, which
23	triggers the prohibition against the
24	destruction of any part of the critical
25	habitat. The reason it was issued is because
26	these trout are threatened and their

1 populations are in decline. If you're 2 wondering why this matters, know that these 3 species are indicators of watershed health, and their decreasing numbers are a warning, the 4 so-called "canary in the coal mine". 5 6 protection order applies to anyone undertaking activities in and around critical habitat that would result in the destruction of any part of 8 The order classified Gold Creek and its 9 it. 10 tributaries as critical habitat, which are 11 located within Northback's proposed project 12 site. Key threats identified in the order include 13 14 any changes in water flow, sedimentation, 15 habitat loss, fragmentation, or habitat It also provided examples of 16 alteration. 17 activities likely to destroy critical habitat of the species, which included mining or linear 18 disturbance. 19 20 Under the Species at Risk Act, a person 21 who, without a permit, carries out an activity 22 that contravenes one of the prohibitions, which 23 includes destruction of critical habitat, commits an offence. 24 25 Multiple watercourse crossings listed in 26 the deep drilling permit applications of

1 Northback Holdings cross the critical habitat 2 of the westslope cutthroat trout and because 3 water crossings and roads can be a source of pollution and sedimentation in aquatic 4 5 habitats, the applications are incomplete 6 without a review and the appropriate permitting from the department of Fisheries and Oceans to identify how work should proceed across and 8 9 around these crossings to protect the westslope 10 cutthroat trout's critical habitat. 11 In response to AWA's written submission, Northback stated that a -- references to the 12 13 recently published scientific literature 14 detailing the environmental impacts from coal 15 mining in the Elk Valley are completely irrelevant and should be afforded no weight by 16 This statement is indicative of how 17 the AER. Northback thinks and operates in regards to 18 cumulative effects management. 19 20 Not only should the AER afford this 21 research weight, they are bound to do so by the 22 Alberta's Land-use Framework and regional 23 planning system. Cumulative effects management 24 is integral to Alberta's legislation, its 25 necessity demanded by the recognition that 26 development can and does exceed ecological

thresholds and carrying capacities and must be regulated as such.

Cumulative effects management takes a holistic approach to understanding and handling the impacts of land use as the consideration of a project's impacts in isolation does not reflect how they actually manifest on the landscape.

The AER must consider what is going on in the Elk Valley because despite its distance away, these coal mines are polluting Alberta's eastern slopes and adding to the threats that already exist here even before Northback gets the chance to do the same.

Researchers recently have found that coal dust is a significant source of atmospheric pollution in ecosystems downwind. Fugitive coal dust from the Elk Valley coal mines in British Columbia has been found polluting remote and otherwise pristine subalpine lakes and contaminating snowpack across Alberta's eastern slopes containing high concentrations of carcinogens like polycyclic aromatic compounds. The dust travels as fine particulate matter in the atmosphere and deposits across the vast range, detected in

some locations more than 50 kilometres away 1 2 from the source. 3 Wind patterns suggest that high depositions of these compounds are occurring within 4 otherwise protected and well-loved areas like 5 6 Peter Lougheed Provincial Park. Researchers found locations where chemical concentrations in contaminants far exceed tolerable 8 9 guidelines, with some samples comparable or 10 even at times worse than levels within 11 ecosystems impacted by Alberta's oil sands 12 mines. 13 With more than 70 percent of the Oldman 14 basin's water supply derived from annual snowpack, the implications are serious. 15 research is important because it supplies 16 additional context for the AER to understand 17 the environmental baseline and determine if 18 additional pressures like further coal 19 20 exploration can be sustained by the ecosystems. The research is also relevant because 21 22 although we are here today to discuss a coal 23 exploration project, Northback has indicated 24 that a commercial mine is their ultimate goal. 25 They have stated that all concerns relating to 26 coal development generally or a full commercial

1	mine development are beyond the scope of the
2	applications and should be given no
3	consideration while also maintaining that the
4	AER must, before deciding on the applications,
5	take into account the potential loss of the
6	chance to assess a commercial mine application
7	and the significant economic benefits likely
8	associated with that development.
9	Both of these statements cannot be true at
10	once. If the AER wants to account for the
11	potential loss of economic benefits from a
12	commercial mine, which recent cost benefit
13	analysis have found not favourable, then it
14	must also consider the significant loss in
15	value of ecosystem benefits and services and
16	negative impacts to human health should a
17	commercial mine be developed. To quote a paper
18	published in the Annual Review of Public
19	Health: (as read)
20	All phases of the coal use continuum
21	create adverse public health and
22	environmental impacts. Public health
23	impacts include: cancer,
24	cardiovascular disease, respiratory
25	disease, kidney disease, mental health
26	problems, adverse birth outcomes,

impaired child development, and more. 1 2 Researchers have found that these negative 3 health outcomes will be felt most acutely by the communities nearest the mines who will bear 4 increased rates of disease among other reduced 5 6 social outcomes. Science also consistently reveals that despite companies' best efforts, their 8 9 investments into better mitigations and 10 management practices, there's no clean way to 11 mine coal. The environmental degradation and 12 negative health impacts occurring in Elk Valley provide insight into realities that very well 13 14 could be duplicated in this watershed should Northback be allowed to proceed. 15 On the west side of the Rocky Mountains, 16 17 chemical leaching into the surrounding watershed from commercial coal mines has been 18 an issue since their onset. 19 Despite the 20 company responsible having spent more than \$1.4 billion to address high concentrations of 21 22 toxic contaminants, recent research finds that 23 elements like selenium are continuing to accumulate in the environment. 24 25 Expanded coal operations have led to a 26 95 percent increase in selenium, a 76 percent

increase in nitrate, and a 38 percent increase 1 in sulphate concentrations in waters at 2 3 Canada's and the US's shared boundary. Increased concentrations of these chemicals 4 can cause nutrient and food-chain imbalances in 5 6 the aquatic ecosystems, migration interruptions, reproductive deformities and failure, and the extirpation of species within 8 affected watersheds. 9 10 Food harvested in areas affected by the 11 mines is higher in selenium than areas 12 unaffected and can pose potential health 13 effects if consumed too frequently. 14 Researchers have also recently found that 15 selenium is capable of long-range transport. In the Columbia River system, it was detected 16 575 river kilometres downstream from the Elk 17 Valley mines flowing through aquatic ecosystems 18 in Montana, Idaho, and Washington. 19 20 In comparison, the distance from the headwaters of the Oldman River to its 21 22 confluence with the South Saskatchewan River is 440 kilometres, meaning these contaminants have 23 24 the potential to flow well past the 25 municipality of Taber and could affect an 26 estimated 210,000 people living within the

Oldman watershed. 1 2 To all those here in support of the 3 exploration project in hopes that it will one day result in a commercial mine, you need to 4 understand that these watersheds do not have 5 6 any more water to spare. The Alberta Government recommends that to maintain healthy aquatic ecosystems, a river 8 9 must maintain 85 percent of its natural flow, 10 known as "the instream flow needs". However, 11 the Oldman has already been well overallocated, 12 which means its average natural flow is no 13 longer sufficient to sustain both the in-stream 14 flow needs of the river and the human demands 15 for water. To better put this into context for you, we 16 17 have already set aside around 66 percent of the river's average natural flow before the needs 18 of the environment are even considered. 19 20 Although we do have water conservation 21 objectives which are less stringent thresholds 22 that water managers aim to retain in 23 overallocated watersheds, they are regularly 24 not being met, which threatens our long-term river health and viability. 25 26 To worsen the situation, the average

1	natural flow fluctuates dramatically,
2	particularly in the drought years that we've
3	had recently. In both 2023 and 2024, the
4	annual demand from licenced water users alone,
5	even without considering the water conservation
6	objectives, exceeded the supply in the Oldman.
7	This context is necessary to inform future
8	sustainable development and the consider the
9	full implications of allowing coal exploration
10	that intends to result in a commercial coal
11	mine at the Oldman's very headwaters. As the
12	regulatory body responsible for issuing and
13	approving water licences our water licence
14	applications and transfers, the AER is
15	implicated in the protection of Alberta's water
16	basins.
17	According to the Water Act,
18	Section 66(3)(b): (as read)
19	The director may consider any existing
20	potential or cumulative effects on the
21	aquatic environment before issuing a
22	temporary diversion licence.
23	And the AWA encourages the AER to do so with
24	this context. The Oldman is already
25	overallocated, and while new water licences
26	cannot be issued within the watershed, it is

also evident that permanent or temporary water
licence transfers, particularly so early along
the river, are not a viable solution either if
Alberta is ever to restore the instream flow
needs and ensure the Oldman's long-term
resilience.

While Northback's current proposal requests only 1,500 cubic metres of water, if their application is successful, they will need more water later. Their previous applications for a commercial mine development required almost 375,000 cubic metres in permanent and temporary licenced allocations, which is water the Oldman cannot afford to lose. Mining is considered a consumptive use of water, creating tailings contaminated with heavy metals and chemicals that cannot be returned to the river. This represents volumes of water lost from an already overused river system.

The presence of tailings on the landscape also creates additional threats as the risk of contaminating nearby water bodies increases.

This is evident from the numerous incidents in recent years reported by the AER's Compliance

Dashboard that have occurred at existing coal operations whereby wastewater was discharged

into the environment when storage ponds failed, flooded, or inadvertently drained.

In their written submission, Northback muses that the majority of statement of concern filers did not raise any concerns with respect to the previous exploration programs and that they are not aware of the previous exploration programs having resulted in any adverse impacts to the statement of concern filers, long-term or otherwise.

I submit that we are all living through those adverse impacts now. It is an adverse impact to all those who live, work, and play and in general rely on healthy and functioning watersheds in southern Alberta to have to vigilantly advocate that the rivers and their associated ecological, societal, and economic values be retained and protected.

It is an adverse impact to all those who have had to mobilize, prepare, and participate in years of time and resource-intensive procedures to limit further degradation of and negative impacts to our ecosystems and species at risk.

It is an adverse impact to live with the uncertainty that your water may one day be

1 polluted by a mine upstream. The failure to 2 engage during the first exploration programs in 3 the past was a mistake, and we are here today because we are committed to learning from it. 4 As Northback has indicated in their 5 6 submission, if the AER chooses to approve their applications, it is likely they will try a commercial coal mine -- try to develop a 8 commercial coal mine. 9 This means that the 10 potential impact of issuing Northback's 11 requested coal exploration program, temporary 12 diversion licence, and deep drilling permit in the near term will result in a full commercial 13 14 development later associated with all the 15 negative environmental and human health impacts discussed here, which is not in the public 16 17 interest. Based on a review of the applicable 18 19 legislation, Northback's current applications 20 do not seem to address all the necessary 21 requirements. Further, the extent of 22 transboundary pollution from the Elk Valley 23 coal mines must also inform the AER's decision. 24 Although outside of the AER's jurisdiction, 25 this previously unknown threat impacts the 26 ecosystems and populations along the eastern

1		slopes and across southern Alberta's
2		watersheds.
3		Considering all the pressures the Oldman is
4		already under, it is unacceptable to incur
5		additional unnecessary and unnecessary
б		pollution or potential use at the basin's
7		headwaters.
8		All of the research presented here
9		indicates that the impacts of coal mining are
10		far from localized. It challenges the notion
11		for AER's basis for determining which
12		interested parties be deemed directly and
13		adversely affected and to restrict those who
14		are considered to have full standing in this
15		proceeding or only related proceedings to only
16		those living directly adjacent to the site is
17		evidently not informed by the best available
18		research.
19		AWA requests the AER reject all of
20		Northback's applications and remove the
21		advanced project status from Grassy Mountain.
22		Thank you for your time.
23		THE CHAIR: Thanks for coming
24		back. We have a couple of questions for you.
25		The Panel Questions the Presenter
26	Q	THE CHAIR: So you spoke of the

1		Livingstone Porcupine land stewardship plan,
2		and that plan speaks about different levels of
3		protection, which starts from prevention,
4		conservation, conservation offset. And how do
5		you see the link of what the plan recommends to
6		these applications, the exploration
7		applications?
8	A	K. HALVORSON: The plan also sets
9		very specific disturbance limits for motorized
10		density of trails. I know so I think for
11		restricted motorized access, I believe it's
12		0.6 kilometres per square kilometre, is what is
13		permitted. And in the public lands where
14		Northback has leases, the trail density is much
15		more extensive than that. Like, it's well
16		above that threshold. And while it's like,
17		it might not be their fault that those trails
18		are not reclaimed, I feel that their
19		applications should still have to be compliant
20		with that, and we should see a reduction in
21		that trail density as that's prescribed by the
22		Livingstone plan.
23		THE CHAIR: Thank you very much
24		for that answer.
25		My colleague may have another question. So
26		that that got answered. Your question got

1	answered. I think both of our questions got
2	answered.
3	Thank you very much.
4	That should be it.
5	So next is our break for supper. We get an
6	extra hour for supper. So we appreciate
7	everybody's willingness to come back for an
8	evening session because that's how we can
9	accommodate some of the participants. And we
10	see everyone at 6:45 tonight. Thank you very
11	much.
12	
13	PROCEEDINGS ADJOURNED UNTIL 6:45 PM
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1	Proceedings taken at t	
2	Community Hall, Pinche	r Creek, Alberta
3		
4	December 3, 2024	Evening Session
5		
6	P. Meysami	The Chair
7	S.F. Mackenzie	Hearing Commissioner
8	M.A. Barker	Hearing Commissioner
9		
10	M.G. LaCasse	AER Counsel
11	S. Gibbons	AER Counsel
12		
13	T. Wheaton	AER Staff
14	E. Arruda	AER Staff
15	D. Parsons	AER Staff
16	A. Stanislavski	AER Staff
17		
18	M.K. Ignasiak, KC	For Northback
19		Holdings Corporation
20	J.D. Eadie	For Northback
21		Holdings Corporation
22		
23	D. DiPaolo, CSR(A)	Official Court
24	S. Murphy, CSR(A)	Reporters
25		
26		

1	(PROCEEDINGS COMMENCED AT 6:45 PM)
2	THE CHAIR: Thanks, everyone.
3	Please be seated.
4	So thank you, everyone, for coming back.
5	Next on the agenda, we have Mr. [sic]
6	Brandy Fehr or Ms.? I apologize. Please
7	proceed.
8	Just a question. Have they been sworn?
9	BRANDY FEHR, Affirmed
10	Direct Evidence of Brandy Fehr
11	B. FEHR: Hello, and thank you
12	for allowing me to speak this evening.
13	My name's Brandy Fehr, and I'm a resident
14	of Crowsnest Pass. Today I'm here to express
15	my support for Northback in their pursuit of a
16	coal exploration program, deep drill permit,
17	and temporary diversion licence.
18	Northback is crucial to our community,
19	providing vital jobs and supporting local
20	businesses. I did submit a statement of
21	concern, not because I was concerned about the
22	project, but because I was concerned about it
23	not happening.
24	This drill program will provide
25	opportunities to our small business community
26	through contractors, retail stores,

restaurants, and accommodations. Northback has 1 2 significantly boosted our local economy, 3 leaving a positive impact on our region, supporting many community groups, events, 4 recreational spaces, and even our children. 5 6 We frequently visited Crowsnest Pass before moving here in 2012. Thanks to my husband securing a career in coal mining, we were able 8 to relocate to Crowsnest Pass. We invested in 9 10 a home and enrolled the two daughters in school 11 here and various community activities. 12 husband serves as a lieutenant with Crowsnest 13 Pass Fire/Rescue, and we both volunteer 14 extensively throughout the community. 15 Our family is just one example of how coal 16 mining supports the community. Northback's 17 Blairmore office employs nearly a dozen people who live in Crowsnest Pass or nearby. 18 deeply rooted here and contribute significantly 19 20 to our community. Northback's project will 21 create numerous professional well-paying jobs 22 and attract many young families to our area. 23 This will not only be through Northback's own 24 operations but also through the additional businesses that will reinvest -- or will invest 25 26 in our communities as a result.

1 I'm just going to talk a little bit about 2 Northback's community involvement that I have 3 witnessed. I've hosted events in Crowsnest Pass 4 5 previously. It's been a challenge due to --6 it's been a challenge due to difficulty in finding volunteers. However, Northback's team has not only provided significant financial 8 9 support to our events, but also actively 10 they've participated and helped us set up and 11 clean up afterwards. This exemplifies the kind 12 of people that work for Northback. 13 Annually, Northback hosts their Australian night, an event that sells out every year. 14 15 proceeds are reinvested into our community benefiting organizations such as Crowsnest 16 17 Memorial Society, to help maintain the 12 grave sites throughout Crowsnest Pass; Crowsnest 18 19 CANDO Society, to support the restoration of 20 the Roxy Theatre project; Crowsnest Pass Quad 21 Squad, to support the building and maintenance 22 of bridges and trails for OHV users; Southwest 23 Alberta Skateboard association, to help build a 24 skate park; and Crowsnest Pass Hospital Foundation, to purchase hospital equipment. 25 26 In 2019, Northback transformed our previous

1 golf course into a world-class facility, making 2 it one of the most scenic and enjoyable golf 3 destinations in Western Canada. The golf course clubhouse features an event space for 4 various large gatherings that was 5 infrastructure our community previously lacked. 6 They also sponsored the Little Rippers program at our local ski hill. 8 This sponsorship helped 9 provide resources and funding to offer a fun 10 and educational experience to young skiers and 11 snowboarders. Additionally, they resloped the 12 ski hill to enhance safety for skiers of all 13 levels and ages. 14 Last year, Northback introduced a nutrition 15 program at the Livingstone Range School Division. This contribution addressed that --16 17 addresses food insecurity and promotes wellness among students with food bank visits up 18 73 percent since 2019, this program is crucial. 19 20 My daughters are in Grade 4 and Grade 2, and they've come home and let us know of classmates 21 22 they see with little to no food. 23 A large chunk of our community travels west 24 to work each day, including my husband, to the mines on the other side of the Alberta-BC 25 26 border, Elk Valley Resources. Northback's

1	project would provide more	job opportunities
2	within our community, resul	lting in a safer
3	alternative for those commu	ating.
4	We have amazing enviro	onmental and safety
5	controls in Canada, some of	f the best in the
6	world. And when combined w	with some of the best
7	natural resources available	e, this can be an
8	extremely beneficial indust	try right here at
9	home. A drilling program of	of 25 test holes will
10	provide valuable technical	data that is just
11	the start of this process.	
12	Northback has demonstr	rated a strong
13	commitment to our community	y. I am confident
14	that, given the regulations	s and standards they
15	follow, they will continue	to responsibly
16	support and enhance our com	mmunity environment.
17	Failure to move forward wit	th this project would
18	result in loss of support f	from many regional
19	projects, events, potential	l infrastructure,
20	jobs, and leave Grassy Mour	ntain in its current
21	state: a mess.	
22	Thank you for consider	ring my concerns.
23	THE CHAIR:	Thank you very much.
24	B. FEHR:	Thank you.
25	THE CHAIR:	Thank you.
26	And we have Mr. Rob Ma	acGarva.

1	ROB MACGARVA, Affirmed	
2	Direct Evidence of Southwe	st Alberta Skateboard
3	Society - Rob MacGarva	
4	R. MACGARVA:	Hello.
5	THE CHAIR:	You may proceed.
6	R. MACGARVA:	Okay. Thank you.
7	Hello. My name is Ro	b MacGarva. I wrote
8	an email in support of Nor	thback's deep drill
9	permits, coal exploration	program, and
10	temporary diversion licenc	e.
11	I am the president of	the Southwest Alberta
12	Skateboard Society. Our c	lub has been involved
13	in Pincher Creek being ins	trumental in
14	expanding their skateboard	park, and our recent
15	goal is to raise nearly a	million dollars for a
16	new skateboard park and wh	eeled-sport facility
17	in the Crowsnest Pass.	
18	After applying for do	nations from industry
19	in the Pincher Creek area,	the wind farm
20	projects, and even Shell,	now Pieridae, we were
21	not able to generate any f	unds; either a flat
22	no, unanswered calls and m	essages, or "we only
23	donate to Pincher Creek ar	ea projects" was the
24	result. Trying to get ind	ustry donations in
25	the past from the Crowsnes	t Pass's main
26	employer across the BC bor	der, mainly the

1 mining industry, those mines support their 2 local BC communities but have yet to say yes to 3 our particular club. I moved here 47 years ago when I was just a 4 5 little guy, one year old. The Crowsnest Pass 6 mines were still running. It was founded and always has been a coal town. Then the mines shut down, and our community went into a 8 9 recession. 10 Since then, the BC mines have revived us somewhat, but we've lost the sawmill, a large 11 12 gas plant, and other industry, leaving our community, the Crowsnest Pass, struggling for 13 14 commercial businesses that support the 15 community. So enter Northback onto the scene, and they 16 17 welcomed our request for funding with open The Southwest Alberta Skateboard Society 18 19 has received their largest support from 20 Northback. This support was no strings 21 attached, just them helping out a local club 22 that it's committed to helping the community of 23 the Crowsnest Pass. 24 So, of course, we were supportive of them and what we could see them doing in our 25 community with local clubs and such. 26

1 Sadly, we have received threats to take donations back from our club due to us, the 2 3 Southwest Alberta Skateboard association, appearing on this hearing list tonight. As we 4 5 were supportive of Northback, this obviously 6 was coming from a donor that was unsupportive of Northback. Then another of our board members was approached by someone who received 8 9 an email from the Livingstone Landowners Group 10 and was pushing to get the SWAS society name 11 off the list. 12 Unlike Northback's financial support, which 13 was made well before our public support 14 apparently, some other donors are strings 15 attached and now are threatening to take the donations away if the SWAS name stands as a 16 17 supporter of Northback. I find this to be troubling and consider it 18 to be meddling in the AER process. 19 The kids 20 that we are fundraising for to build this new 21 skate park in the Crowsnest Pass, our community 22 voted 73 percent in favour of Northback We do not wish to lose any 23 proceeding. 24 donations due to our support of Northback, so you'll notice that the Southwest Alberta 25 26 Skateboard Society's name was removed from

1 behind my name in the recent updated AER list. 2 I stand before you as Rob MacGarva, 3 longtime resident, local volunteer for many 4 support teams that have seen great support from Northback. New soccer nets for the kids. 5 6 hill programs for children and that sort of I take my three kids golfing with my wife to the Crowsnest golf course, family golf 8 9 subsidized by Northback. I wouldn't go golfing 10 otherwise; it's quite expensive. 11 I'm a parent always involved in the 12 schools. Northback funds a nutrition program 13 at Livingstone School, also a breakfast program 14 for the Livingstone Range School Division. Northback has come into our community and 15 16 shown that they are committed supporting us, 17 particularly youth programs is what I've noticed, and they have become a part of the 18 Crowsnest Pass already. This town was founded 19 20 and is still here because of the mining 21 industry. We need the support that a 22 commercial business like Northback brings as 23 they support the community. 24 I'm going to just tell you a little bit 25 about why I'm up here. The Crowsnest Pass had 26 a facility in Blairmore called the Albert

1 Stella Memorial Arena. It was built by volunteers in the 1950s, and I'll betcha most 2 3 of those guys were miners because it's a coal town and originally a hockey skating arena with 4 a curling rink. 5 6 Then it was converted to an indoor facility but had a skateboard park, a climbing wall, indoor turf that was used for soccer, baseball, 8 9 et cetera. It was a multiuse facility. 10 It was demolished because the municipality 11 could not afford to keep it running or fix it 12 And now, as before, volunteers are looking 13 to replace what is lost. The municipality 14 simply cannot afford to replace this facility. 15 In Sparwood, across the border, the mining industry funded their multiuse facility, their 16 17 swimming pool, climbing wall, racquetball, squash, weight lifting, exercise facility, and 18 The industry supports the town. 19 hockey arena. This takes much strain off the volunteers and 20 21 municipalities that are stretched to provide 22 recreational opportunities like we have lost in the Crowsnest Pass. 23 24 This hearing about the drilling application 25 and its approval will have a large impact or a 26 domino effect on the future of our community.

1 Northback's community support is important. means something to us. 2 Their support to local 3 clubs, schools, programs, and the community is an asset to the Crowsnest Pass. 4 I would like 5 to see these applications approved as a positive thing for our community. 6 As a longtime resident, it's funny hearing people talk about the "mess" and "eyesore" that 8 9 the abandoned mine was. I never considered 10 that. Every time I see an old mine building, I 11 see our history. We used to go up to the old 12 open-pit mines on Grassy Mountain as kids and cliff jump into the clear water of the flooded 13 14 pits and their sheer walls. And the water was 15 I'm not joking. not gross. It was clear 16 water. 17 Knowing these regulations that now exist for environmental standards, I believe 18 Northback can be trusted with a piece of land 19 that was left as an abandoned mine and make use 20 and reclaim it when done. 21 22 In the meantime, the jobs and economic benefit to the community will allow the 23 24 Crowsnest Pass to thrive economically as we 25 have no large industry to speak of in our 26 community. When the world is ready to stop

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1		driving cars that run off fossil fuels made of
2		steel with all our gadgets that require lithium
3		mining, et cetera, then we have to realize that
4		mines will be around until we 100 percent stop
5		our current lifestyle that depends on mining.
6		"Not in my backyard" is often the word
7		spoken. Metallurgical coal is what's in the
8		Grassy Mountain mine. And if not here, then
9		where? Let's do it here where we have
10		regulations and environmental processes while
11		we search for alternatives.
12		Thank you.
13		THE CHAIR: Thank you very much.
14		We have one question for you, if you would be
15		so kind to come back to the podium, please.
16		R. MACGARVA: For sure.
17		The Panel Questions the Presenter
18	Q	COMMISSIONER MACKENZIE: I just wondered,
19		could you tell us, how large is the club and
20		kind of what age are the children or the
21		adults, or is everybody welcome? Just tell us
22		a little bit about it.
23	А	R. MACGARVA: Oh, a hundred
24		percent everyone is welcome, but it's mostly
25		kids. How many? I think at the most we had
26		200 regular members, but that would have been,

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1
         you know, over the course of a couple of years.
         So we had the club before this building got
 2
 3
         demolished, and we took memberships, basically.
         And how many people? I guess we can't really
 4
         say because the club -- we don't have a
 5
 6
         membership right now 'cause there is no skate
                The building was demolished -- I don't
 8
         know how many years.
 9
              But if you want to count the number of
10
         kids -- and it's not just skateboarding,
11
         rollerblading BMX bikes, scooters, skateboards,
12
         and -- yeah, our plan is just to have this
         facility, which many do, Pincher Creek has one,
13
14
         Lundbreck. You guys are maybe from Calgary.
         There's about four or five. I quess I can't
15
16
         really give an estimate of how many kids would
         use this.
17
                    Yeah.
         COMMISSIONER MACKENZIE:
18
                                     Thank you very much.
19
         Thanks.
20
         THE CHAIR:
                                   So before you sit
     O
21
         down, after the building got demolished, which
22
         you can't remember when it happened, is there a
         public -- public facility, sports facility, in
23
24
         the community at the moment?
25
         No.
              No.
                   Nothing. It's never been replaced.
     Α
26
         I would say it's ten years. You know how time
```

1	flies? It's probably about that. There's
2	likely someone here who knows exactly when, but
3	I can't recall when the building was demolished
4	or when it got closed. It was closed for a
5	couple of years before it actually got
6	demolished. Maybe a couple or three years,
7	yeah.
8	THE CHAIR: Thank you very much.
9	Thank you. Thanks for your presentation.
10	R. MACGARVA: Thank you.
11	THE CHAIR: So this brings us to
12	the conclusion of our this day of the
13	hearing. And tomorrow we are going to meet
14	again here at 9:00. Thank you very much for
15	your participation and attention today. Thank
16	you.
17	
18	PROCEEDINGS ADJOURNED UNTIL 9:00 AM,
19	DECEMBER 4, 2024
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23	
24	
25	
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1	CERTIFICATE OF TRANSCRIPT:
2	
3	We, D. DiPaolo and S. Murphy, certify that
4	the foregoing pages are a complete and accurate
5	transcript of the proceedings taken down by us
6	in shorthand and transcribed from our shorthand
7	notes to the best of our skill and ability.
8	Dated at the City of Pincher Creek,
9	Province of Alberta, this 3rd day of December
10	2024.
11	
12	
13	
14	D. DiPaolo, CSR(A)
15	Official Court Reporter
16	Commissioner for Oaths Appointee No. 0751145
17	ASRA Membership No. 386
18	NCRA Membership No. 1003835
19	
20	
21	Sandi Murphy
22	S. Murphy, CSR(A)
23	Official Court Reporter
24	Commissioner for Oaths Appointee No. 0703370
25	ASRA Membership No. 170
26	

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